TOSHIBA Bipolar Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TD62001AP,TD62001AF,TD62002AP,TD62002AF, TD62003AP,TD62003AF,TD62004AP,TD62004AF

7-channel Darlington Sink Driver

The TD62001AP/AF Series are high-voltage, high-current darlington drivers comprised of seven NPN darlington pairs. All units feature integral clamp diodes for switching inductive loads.

Applications include relay, hammer, lamp and display (LED) drivers.

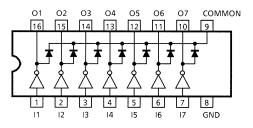
Features

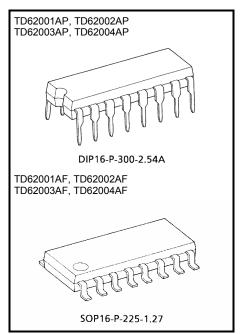
- Output current (single output): 500 mA (max)
- High sustaining voltage output: 50 V (min)
- Output clamp diodes
- Inputs compatible with various types of logic
- Package type

AP: DIP-16 pin AF: SOP-16 pin

Туре	Input base resistor	Designation		
TD62001AP/AF	External	General purpose		
TD62002AP/AF	10.5-kΩ + 7-V Zenner diode	14-V to 25-V PMOS		
TD62003AP/AF	2.7 kΩ	TTL, 5-V CMOS		
TD62004AP/AF	10.5 kΩ	6-V to 15-V PMOS, CMOS		

Pin Connection (top view)



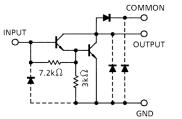


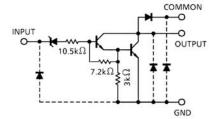
Weight

DIP16-P-300-2.54A: 1.11 g (typ.) SOP16-P-225-1.27: 0.16 g (typ.)

Schematics (each driver)

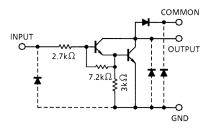
TD62001AP/AF



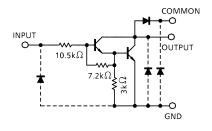


TD62002AP/AF

TD62003AP/AF



TD62004AP/AF



Note: The input and output parasitic diodes cannot be used as clamp diodes.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit		
Output sustaining voltage	V _{CE (SUS)}	–0.5 to 50	V		
Output current	IOUT	500	mA/ch		
Input voltage	V _{IN} (Note 1)	-0.5 to 30	V		
Input current		I _{IN} (Note 2)	25	mA	
Clamp diode reverse voltage	V _R	50	V		
Clamp diode forward current	١ _F	500	mA		
	AP		1.47		
Power dissipation	AF	PD	0.625 (Note 3)	W	
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-40 to 85	°C		
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to 150	°C		

Note 1: Except TD62001AP/AF

Note 2: Only TD62001AP/AF

Note 3: When mounted on a glass-epoxy PCB (30 mm \times 30 mm \times 1.6 mm, Cu area: 50%)

Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta = -40°C to 85°C)

Characteristics		Symbol	Condition		Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Output sustaining voltage		V _{CE (SUS)}			0	_	50	V
Output current	AP	Іоит	T _{pw} = 25 ms 7 circuits	Duty = 10%	0	_	370	mA/ch
				Duty = 50%	0	_	130	
	AF		Ta = 85°C T _i = 120°C	Duty = 10%	0	_	233	
	AF		1 120 0	Duty = 50%	0	—	70	
Input voltage	Except TD62001AP/A F	V _{IN}			0	_	24	v
Input voltage (output on)	TD62002	VIN (ON)	I _{OUT} = 400 mA h _{FE} = 800		14.5	—	24	V
	TD62003				2.8	_	24	
	TD62004			6.2	—	24		
	TD62001	VIN (OFF)			0	_	0.6	- v
Innut voltage (evitevit off)	TD62002				0	_	7.4	
Input voltage (output off)	TD62003				0	_	0.7	
	TD62004				0	_	1.0	
Input current	Only TD62001	I _{IN}			0	_	10	mA
Clamp diode reverse voltage		V _R				_	50	V
Clamp diode forward current		١ _F			_	_	350	mA
Power dissipation	AP		Ta = 85°C		_	_	0.76	w
	AF	PD	Ta = 85°C	(Note)	_	_	0.325	vv

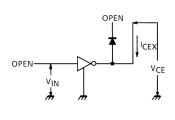
Note: When mounted on a glass-epoxy PCB (30 mm \times 30 mm \times 1.6 mm, Cu area: 50%)

Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

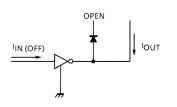
Characteristics	6	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition		Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Ooutput leakage current		ICEX	1	V _{CE} = 50 V, Ta = 25°C		_	_	50	μA
		ICEX		V _{CE} = 50 V, Ta = 85°C			—	100	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage			2	I _{OUT} = 350 mA, I _{IN} = 500 μA		-	1.3	1.6	
		V _{CE (sat)}		I _{OUT} = 200 mA, I _{IN} = 350 μA		_	1.1	1.3	V
				I _{OUT} = 100	mA, I _{IN} = 250 μA	_	0.9	1.1	
DC current transfer ratio		h _{FE}	2	V _{CE} = 2 V, I _{OUT} = 350 mA		1000	_	_	
	TD62002	I _{IN (ON)}	3	V _{IN} = 20 V, I _{OUT} = 350 mA			1.1	1.7	mA
Input current (output on)	TD62003			V _{IN} = 2.4 V, I _{OUT} = 350 mA			0.4	0.7	
	TD62004			V _{IN} = 9.5 V, I _{OUT} = 350 mA			0.8	1.2	
Input current (output off)		I _{IN (OFF)}	4	I _{OUT} = 500 μA, Ta = 85°C		50	65	_	μA
	TD62002	V _{IN (ON)}	5	5 V _{CE} = 2 V h _{FE} = 800	I _{OUT} = 350 mA	_	_	13.7	- - - -
	1002002				I _{OUT} = 200 mA		_	11.4	
Input voltage (output on)	TD62003				I _{OUT} = 350 mA	_	_	2.6	
input voltage (output on)					I _{OUT} = 200 mA		_	2.0	
	TD62004				I _{OUT} = 350 mA		_	4.7	
	1002004				I _{OUT} = 200 mA		_	4.4	
Clarge diada reversa avera				V _R = 50 V, Ta = 25°C			_	50	
Clamp diode reverse current		I _R	6	V _R = 50 V, Ta = 85°C			_	100	μA
Clamp diode forward voltage		VF	7	I _F = 350 mA			_	2.0	V
Input capacitance		C _{IN}	-			_	15	_	pF
Turn-on delay		t _{ON}	8	V_{OUT} = 50 V, R _L = 125 Ω C _L = 15 pF		_	0.1	_	
Turn-off delay		toff	8	V_{OUT} = 50 V, R _L = 125 Ω C _L = 15 pF		_	0.2	_	μS

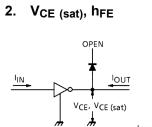
Test Circuit

1. I_{CEX}



4. I_{IN (OFF)}





OPEN

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VÇE

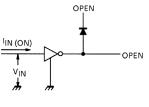
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5. V_{IN (ON)}

V_{IN} (ON)

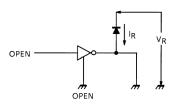
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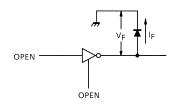




 $h_{FE} = \frac{I_{OUT}}{I_{IN}}$

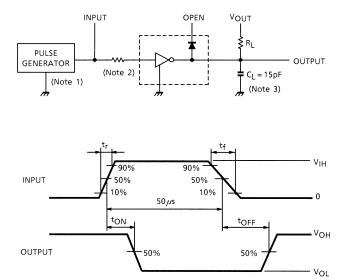


7. V_F



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$8. \quad t_{ON}, t_{OFF}$



- Note 1: Pulse width 50 µs, duty cycle 10%
- Output impedance 50 Ω , t_r ≤ 5 ns, t_f ≤ 10 ns
- Note 2: Input conditions are shown as following:

Type Number	R1	V _{IH}
TD62001AP/AF	2.7 kΩ	3 V
TD62002AP/AF	0	13 V
TD62003AP/AF	0	3 V
TD62004AP/AF	0	8 V

Note 3: C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

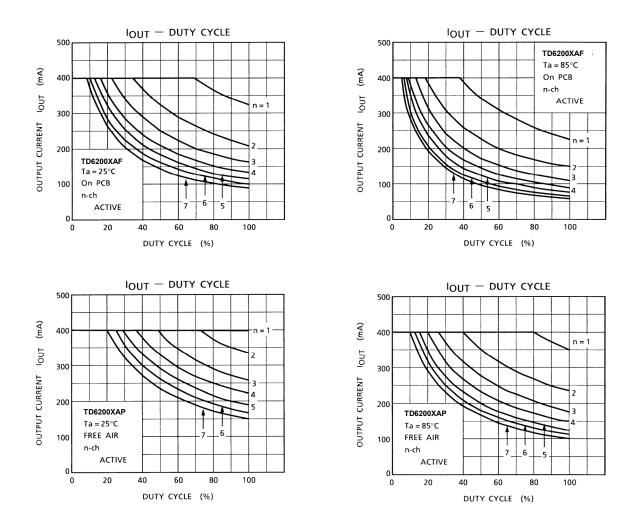
Precautions for Using

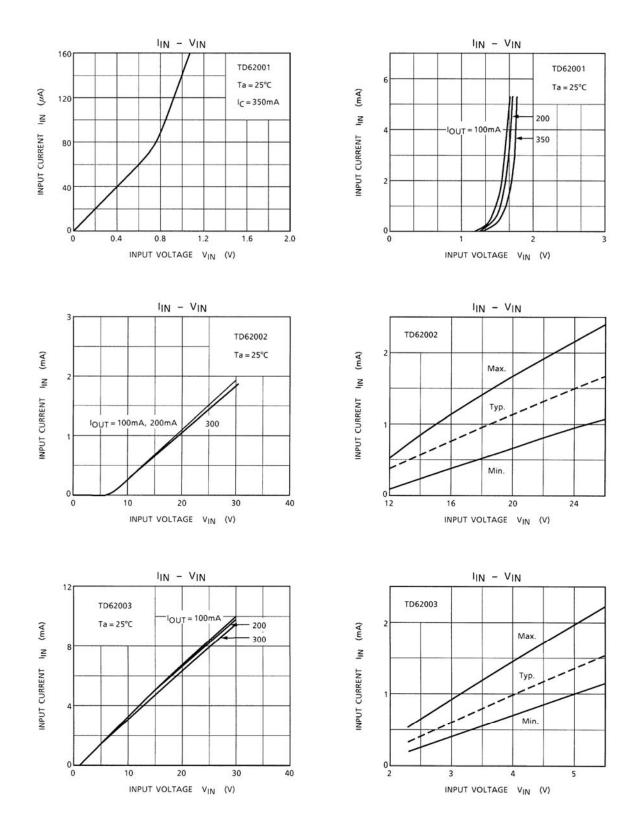
This IC does not include built-in protection circuits for excess current or overvoltage.

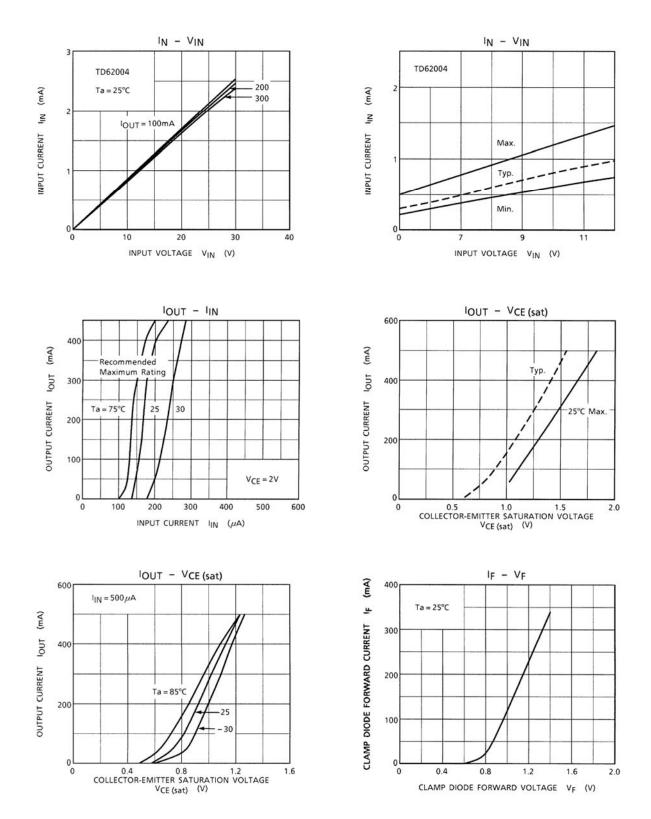
If this IC is subjected to excess current or overvoltage, it may be destroyed.

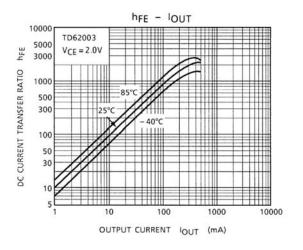
Hence, the utmost care must be taken when systems which incorporate this IC are designed.

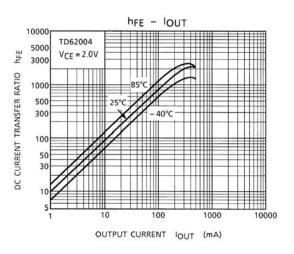
Utmost care is necessary in the design of the output line, COMMON and GND line since IC may be destroyed due to short-circuit between outputs, air contamination fault, or fault by improper grounding.

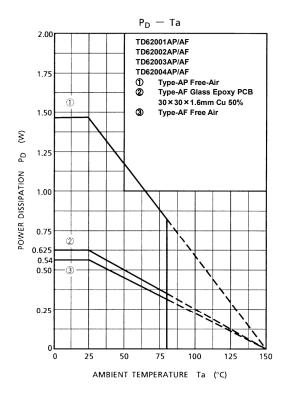




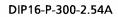




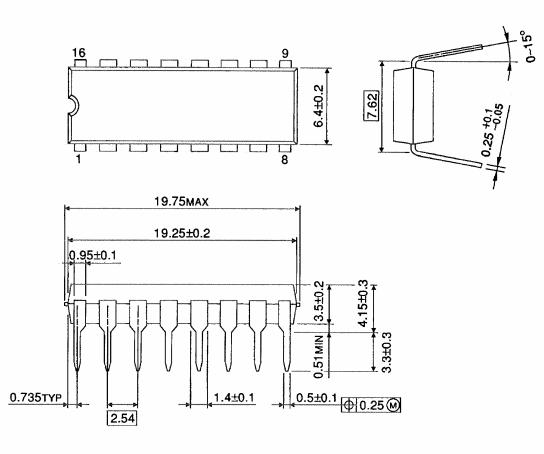




Package Dimensions



Unit : mm

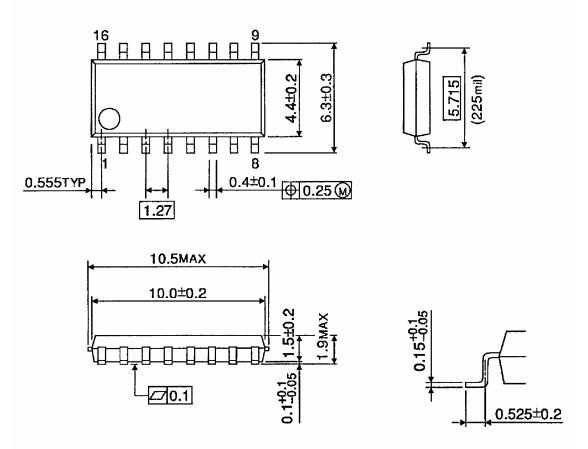


Weight: 1.11 g (Typ.)

Package Dimensions

SOP16-P-225-1.27

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.16 g (Typ.)

Notes on Contents

1. Equivalent Circuits

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

2. Test Circuits

Components in the test circuits are used only to obtain and confirm the device characteristics. These components and circuits are not guaranteed to prevent malfunction or failure from occurring in the application equipment.

IC Usage Considerations

Notes on Handling of ICs

- The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings. Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
- (2) Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.
- (3) If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition. Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.
- (4) Do not insert devices in the wrong orientation or incorrectly.
 Make sure that the positive and negative terminals of power supplies are connected properly.
 Otherwise, the current or power consumption may exceed the absolute maximum rating, and exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
 In addition, do not use any device that is applied the current with inserting in the wrong orientation or incorrectly even just one time.
- (5) Carefully select external components (such as inputs and negative feedback capacitors) and load components (such as speakers), for example, power amp and regulator. If there is a large amount of leakage current such as input or negative feedback condenser, the IC output DC voltage will increase. If this output voltage is connected to a speaker with low input withstand voltage, overcurrent or IC failure can cause smoke or ignition. (The over current can cause smoke or ignition from the IC itself.) In particular, please pay attention when using a Bridge Tied Load (BTL) connection type IC that inputs output DC voltage to a speaker directly.

Points to Remember on Handling of ICs

(1) Heat Radiation Design

In using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature (Tj) at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into considerate the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

(2) Back-EMF

When a motor rotates in the reverse direction, stops or slows down abruptly, a current flow back to the motor's power supply due to the effect of back-EMF. If the current sink capability of the power supply is small, the device's motor power supply and output pins might be exposed to conditions beyond maximum ratings. To avoid this problem, take the effect of back-EMF into consideration in system design.

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