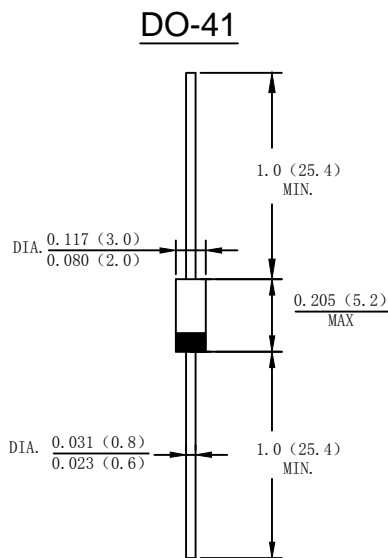


Features

- Low forward voltage drop
- High current capability
- High reliability
- High surge current capability
- Plastic material-UL flammability 94V-0

Mechanical Data

- Case: Molded plastic DO-41
- Terminals: Plated leads solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208 guaranteed
- Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- Mounting Position: Any
- Making: Type Number
- Lead Free: For RoHS/Lead Free Version



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load

For capacitive load derate current by 20%

Type Number	SYMBOL	SR 120	SR 130	SR 140	SR 145	SR 150	SR 160	SR 180	SR 1100	SR 1150	SR 1200	SR 1250	Unit	
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	20	30	40	45	50	60	80	100	150	200	250	V	
Maximum RMS Voltage	V_{RMS}	14	21	28	31.5	35	42	56	70	105	140	175	V	
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V_{DC}	20	30	40	45	50	60	80	100	150	200	250	V	
Average Rectified Output Current (Note 1) @ $T_A = 75^\circ C$	I_o	1.0											A	
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	I_{FSM}	30											A	
Forward Voltage @ $I_F = 1.0A$	V_{FM}	0.55			0.7		0.85		0.92		0.95		V	
Peak Reverse Current @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	I_R	0.1						0.05						mA
At Rated DC Blocking Voltage @ $T_A = 100^\circ C$		10.0						5.0						
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)	C_J	110											pF	
Typical Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient (Note 1)	$R_{\theta JA}$	80											$^\circ C/W$	
Operating Temperature Range	T_J	-55 to +150											$^\circ C$	
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-55 to +150											$^\circ C$	

Note: 1. Leads maintained at ambient temperature at a distance of 9.5mm from the case

2. Measured at 1.0 MHz and Applied reverse Voltage of 4.0V D.C

Fig.1-FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

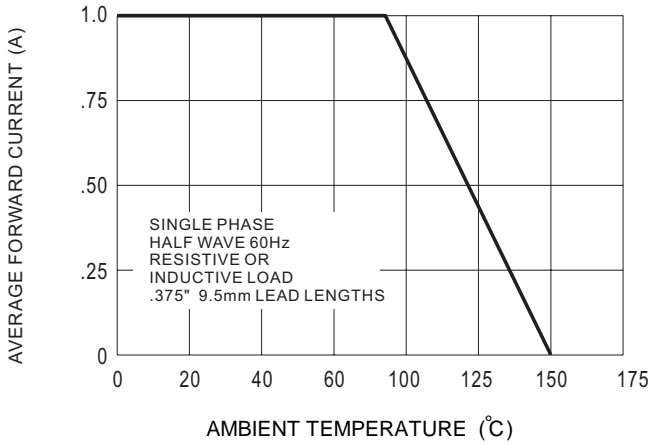


Fig.2-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

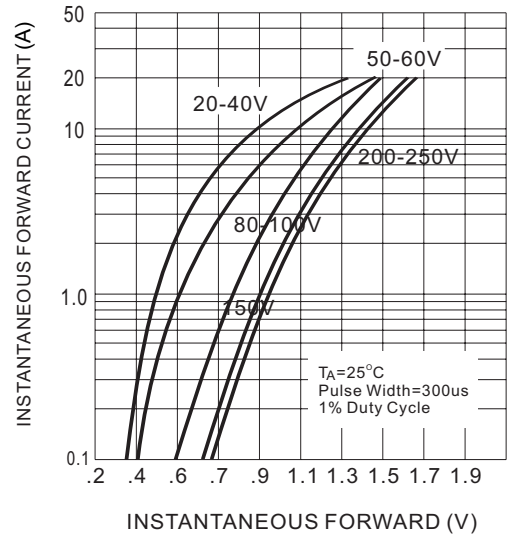


Fig.3-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

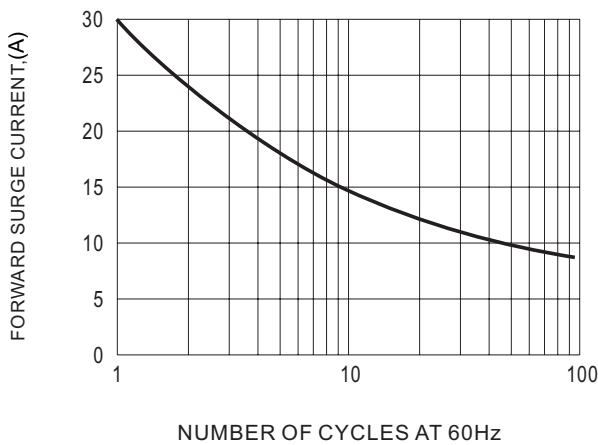


Fig.4-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

