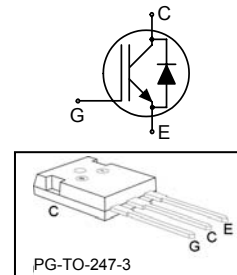


High Speed IGBT in NPT-technology

- 30% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μ s
- Designed for operation above 30 kHz
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
 - parallel switching capability
 - moderate E_{off} increase with temperature
 - very tight parameter distribution
- High ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	V_{CE}	I_C	E_{off}	T_j	Marking	Package
SKW30N60HS	600V	30	480 μ J	150°C	K30N60HS	PG-TO-247-3

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current	I_C	41	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		30	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	112	
Turn off safe operating area	-	112	
$V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I_F	41	
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		28	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Fpuls}	112	
Gate-emitter voltage static	V_{GE}	± 20	V
transient ($t_p < 1\mu\text{s}, D < 0.05$)		± 30	
Short circuit withstand time ²⁾	t_{SC}	10	μs
$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	250	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Time limited operating junction temperature for $t < 150\text{h}$	$T_{j(tl)}$	175	
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		0.5	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJCD}		1.29	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}		40	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=30A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		2.8 3.5	3.15 4.00	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE}=0V, I_F=30A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.55 1.55	2.05 2.05	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=700\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	- -	40 3000	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=30A$	-	20		S

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	1500		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	203		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{riss}		-	92		
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=30A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	141		nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	13		nH
Short circuit collector current ¹⁾	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}\leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC}\leq 600V,$ $T_j\leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	220		A

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=11\Omega$ $L_{\sigma}^{2)}=60\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{2)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	20		ns
Rise time	t_r		-	21		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	250		
Fall time	t_f		-	25		
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.60		mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.55		
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.15		

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=400\text{V}$, $I_F=30\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=1100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	125		ns
	t_s		-	20		
	t_F		-	105		
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.82		μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	17		A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	580		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

²⁾ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to test circuit in Figure E.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}, I_C=30\text{A},$ $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V},$ $R_G=1.8\Omega$	-	16		ns
Rise time	t_r		-	13		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	122		
Fall time	t_f		-	29		
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	$L_{\sigma}^{(1)}=60\text{nH},$ $C_{\sigma}^{(1)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.78		mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.48		
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.26		
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}, I_C=30\text{A},$ $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V},$ $R_G=11\Omega$	-	20		ns
Rise time	t_r		-	19		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	274		
Fall time	t_f		-	27		
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	$L_{\sigma}^{(1)}=60\text{nH},$ $C_{\sigma}^{(1)}=40\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.91		mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.70		
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.61		

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=400\text{V}, I_F=30\text{A},$ $di_F/dt=1250\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	190		ns
	t_s		-	30		
	t_F		-	160		
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	2.0		μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	24		A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	480		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to test circuit in Figure E.

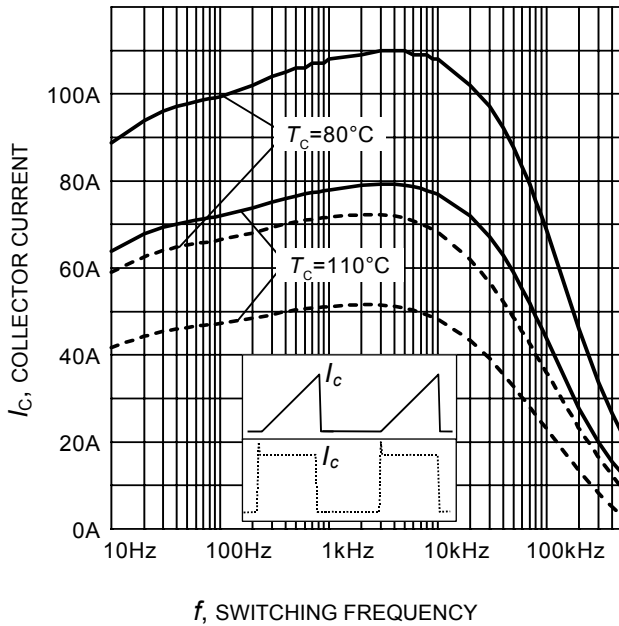


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
 ($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 11\Omega$)

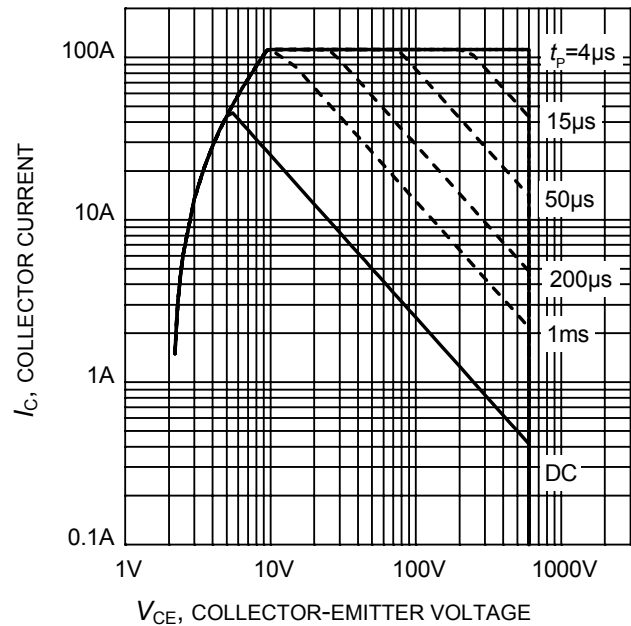


Figure 2. Safe operating area
 ($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

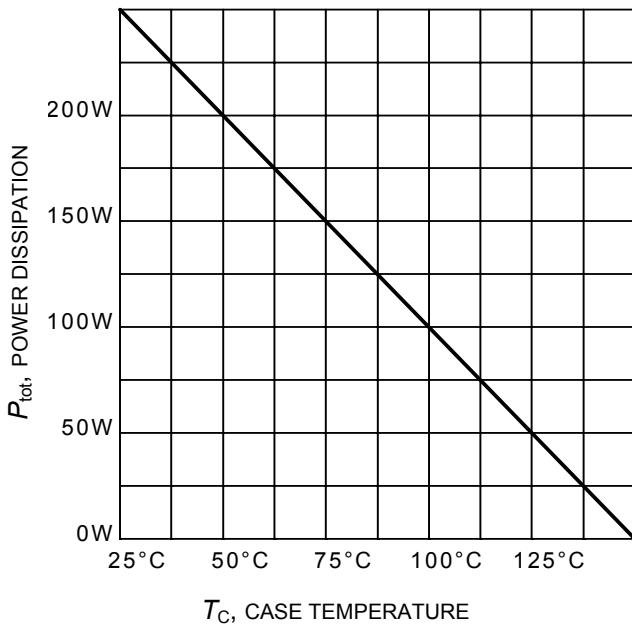


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 ($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

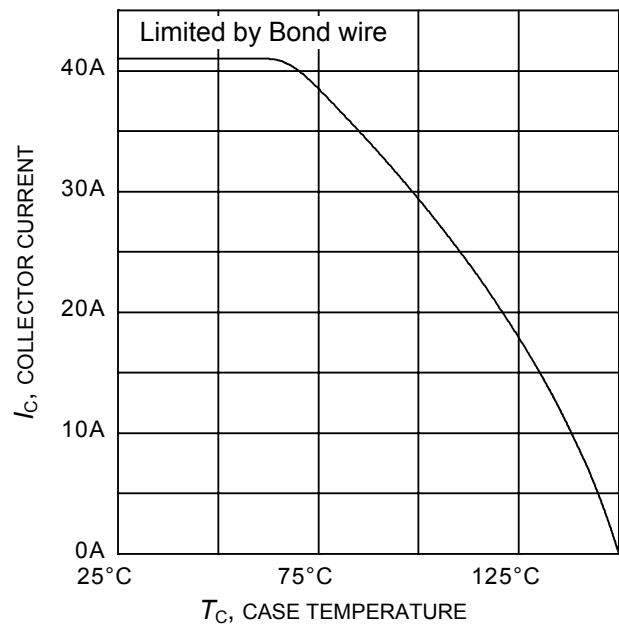


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
 ($V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

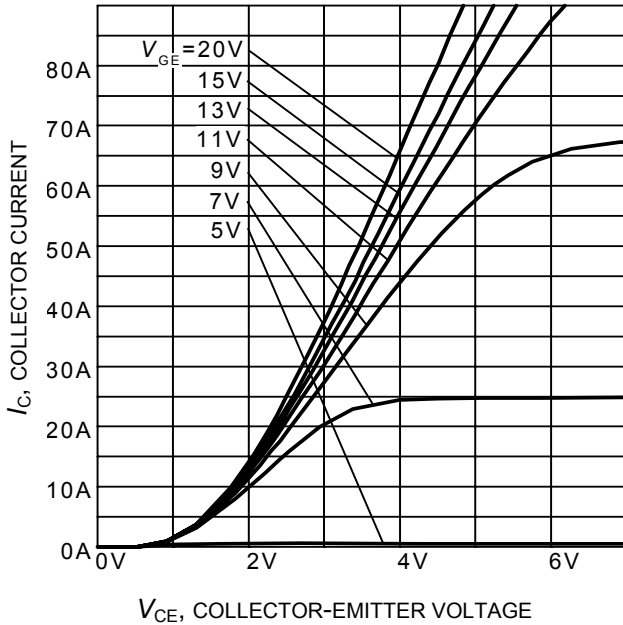


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

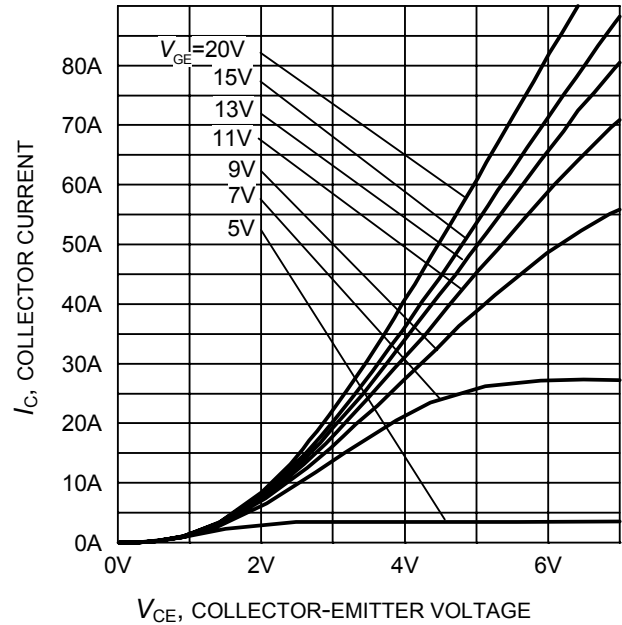


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

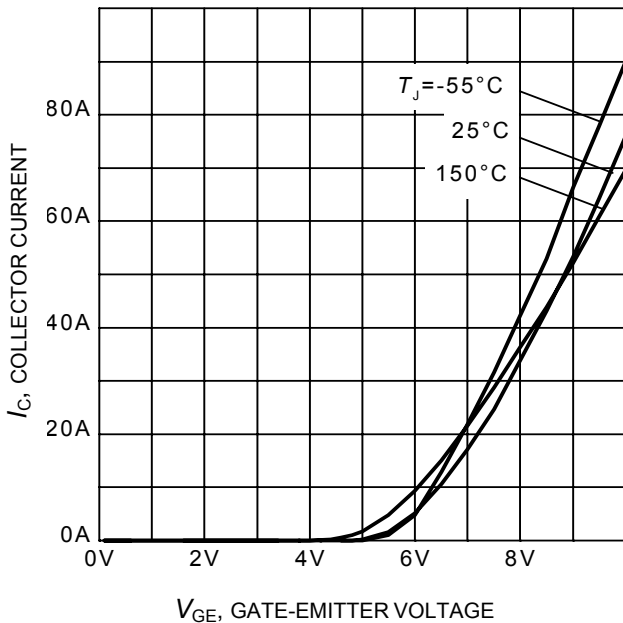


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic
($V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$)

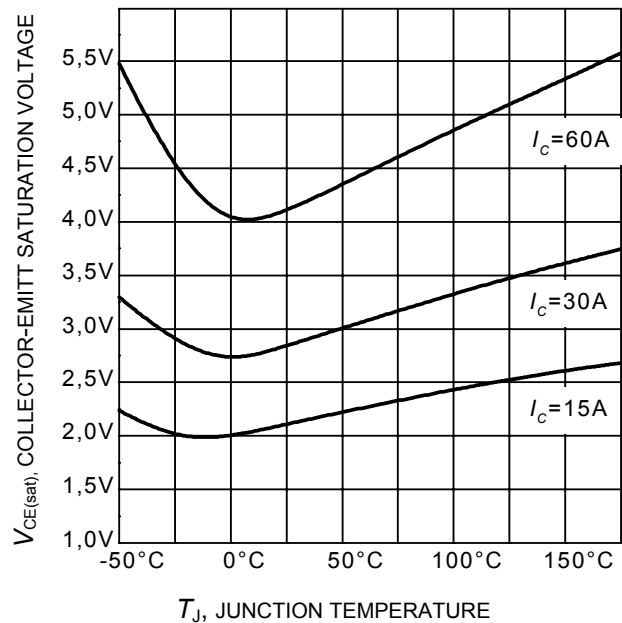


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

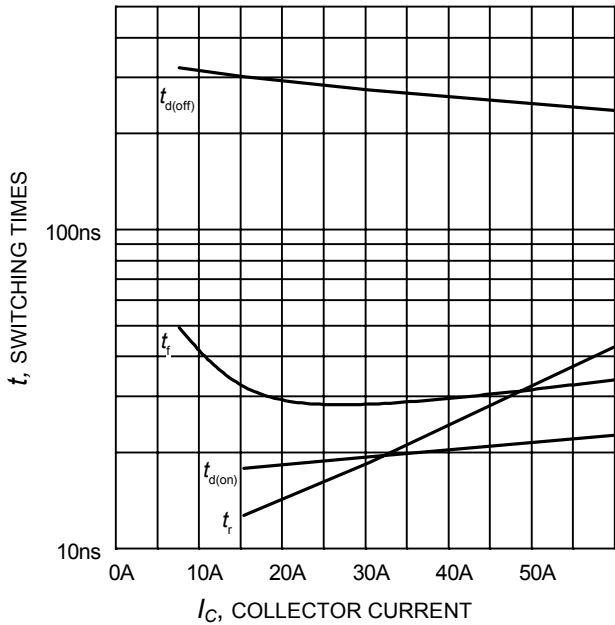


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=11\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

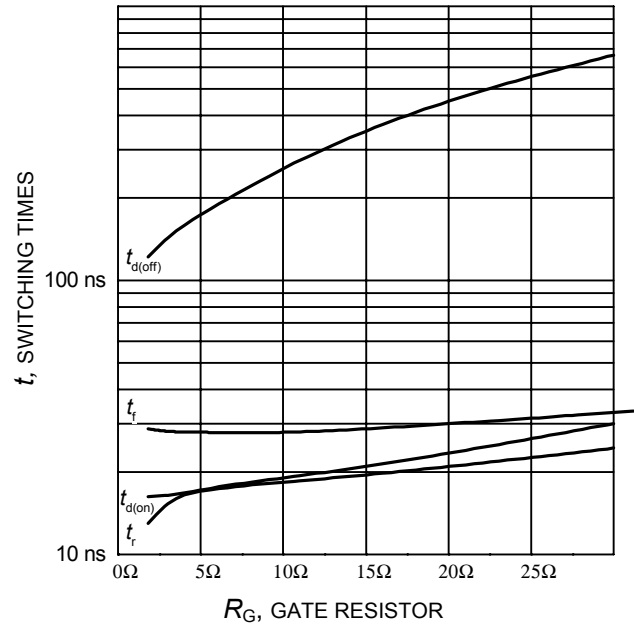


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

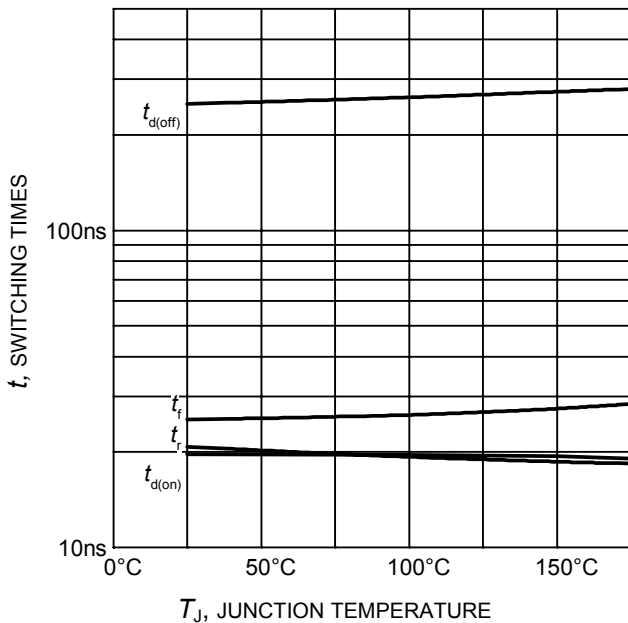


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_G=11\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

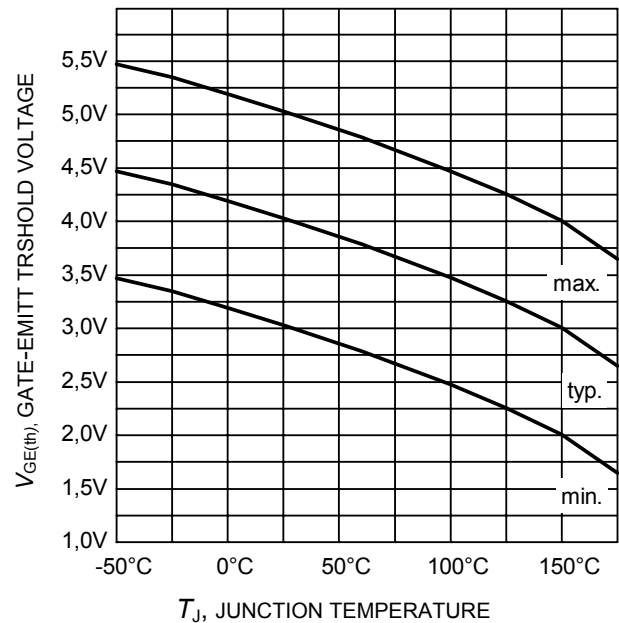


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
($I_C = 0.7\text{mA}$)

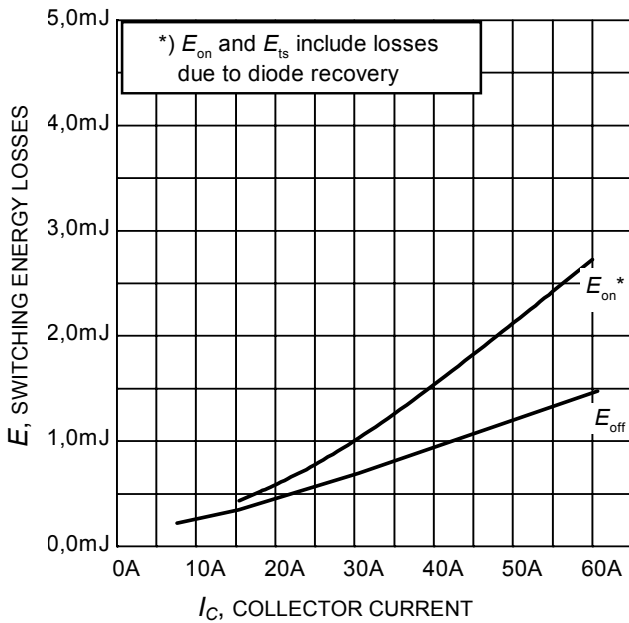


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 (inductive load, $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=11\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

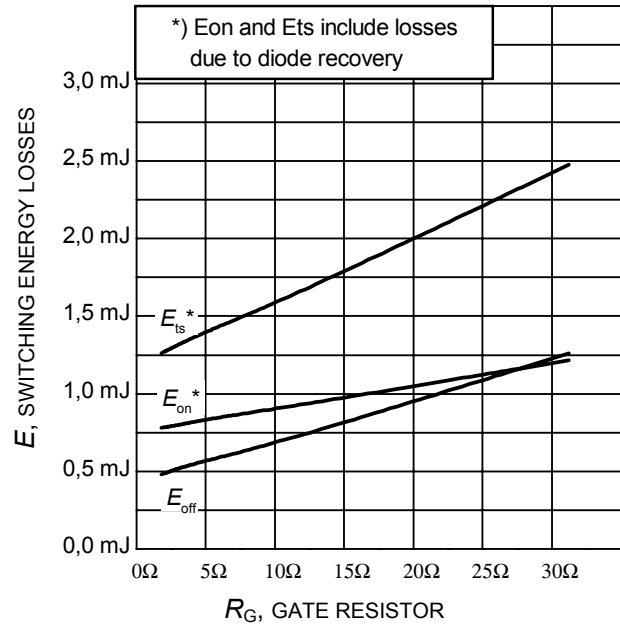


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 (inductive load, $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

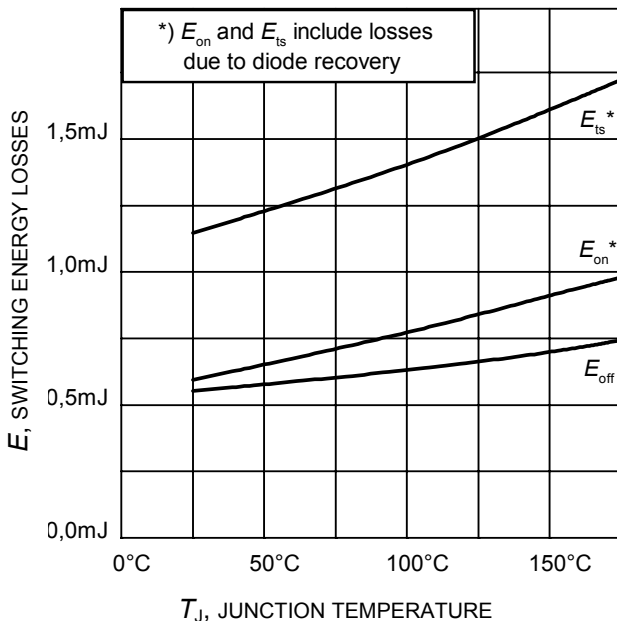


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_G=11\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

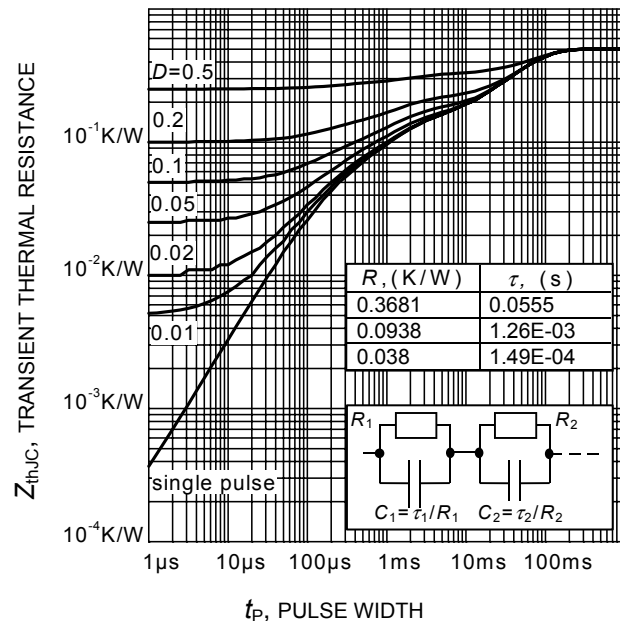


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal resistance
 ($D = t_p / T$)

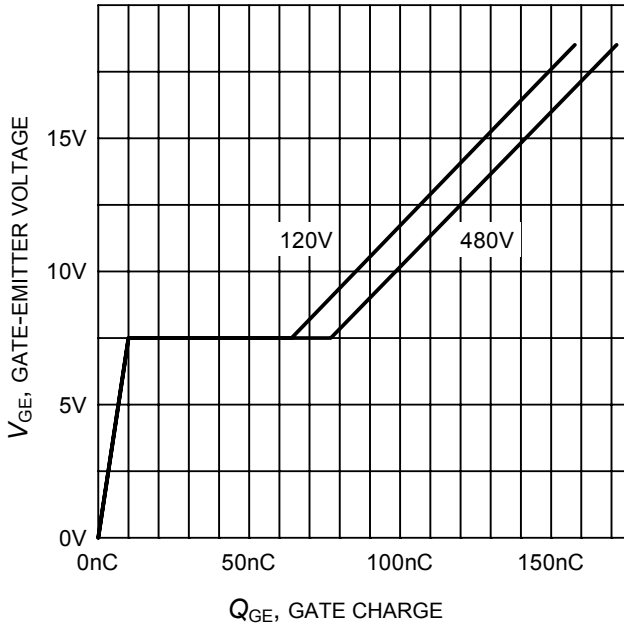


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C=30\text{ A}$)

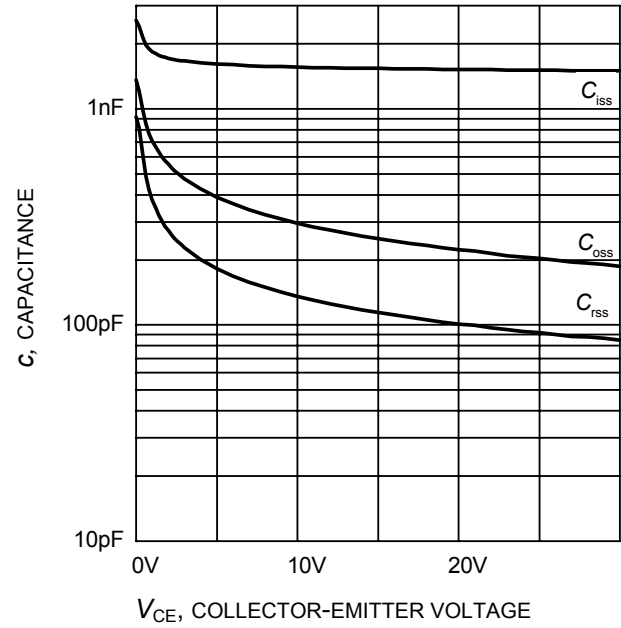


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE}=0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$)

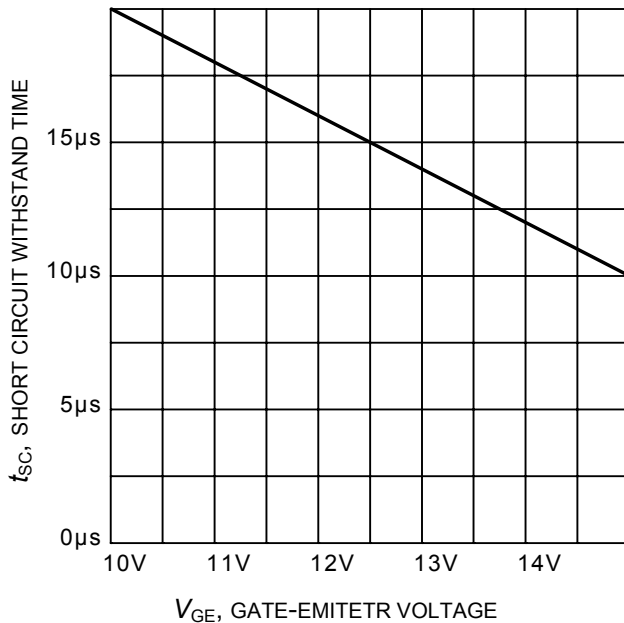


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, start at $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$)

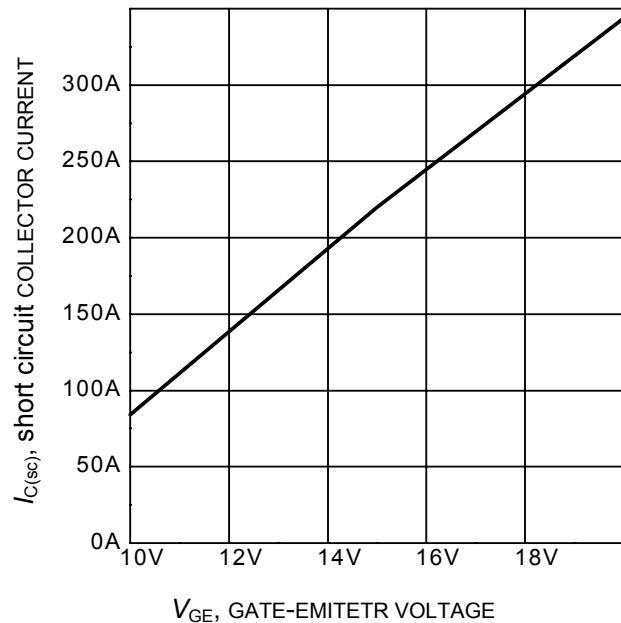
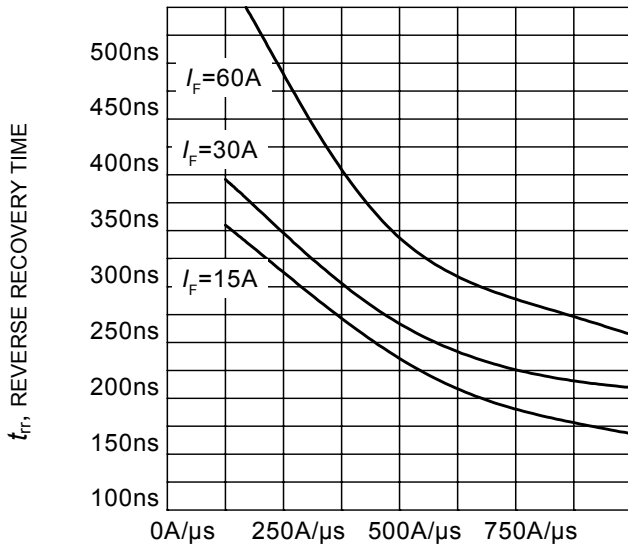
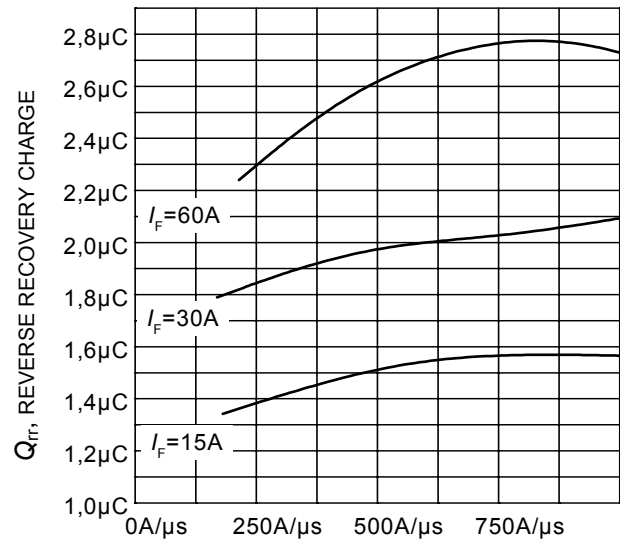


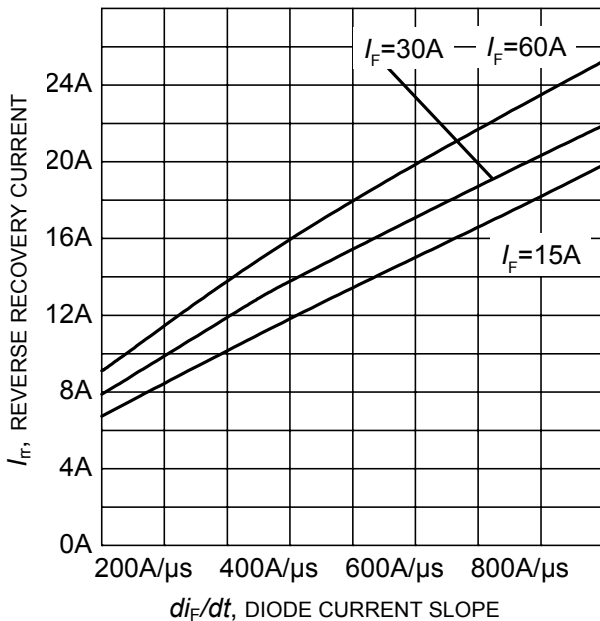
Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)



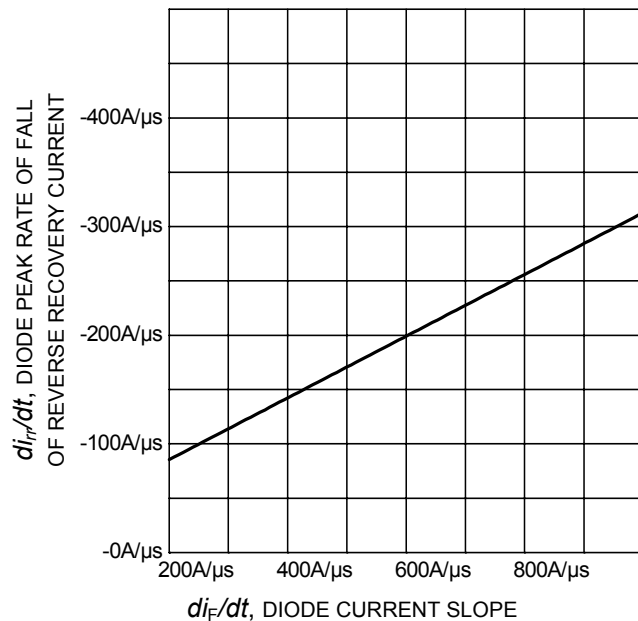
di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
 ($V_R=400V$, $T_J=150^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
 ($V_R=400V$, $T_J=150^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
 ($V_R=400V$, $T_J=150^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



di_F/dt , DIODE CURRENT SLOPE
Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
 ($V_R=400V$, $T_J=150^\circ C$,
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

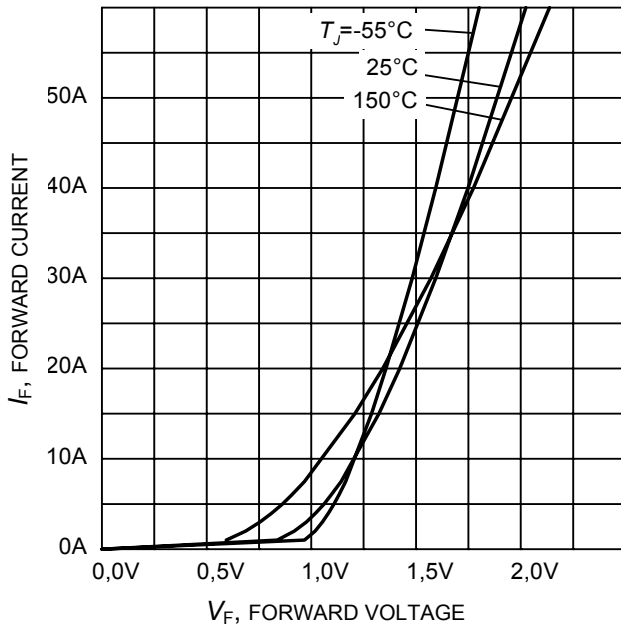


Figure 25. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

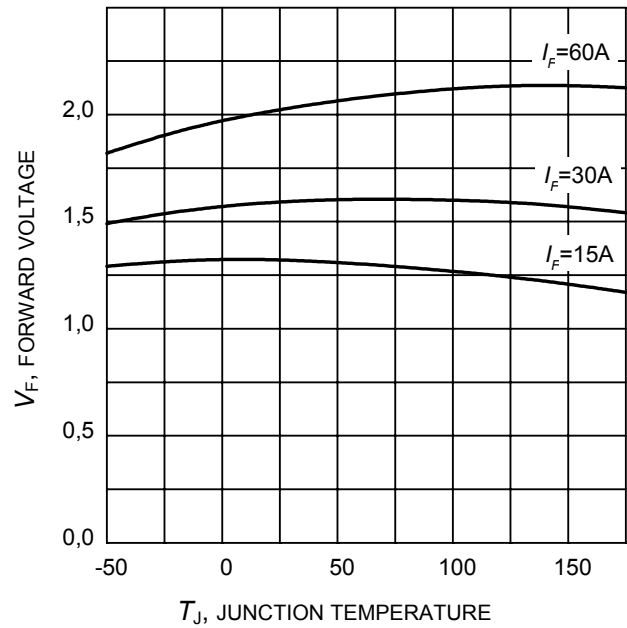


Figure 26. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

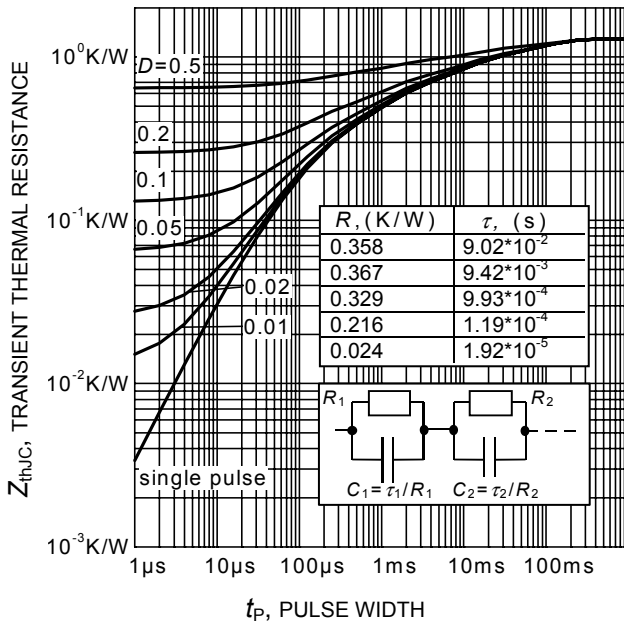
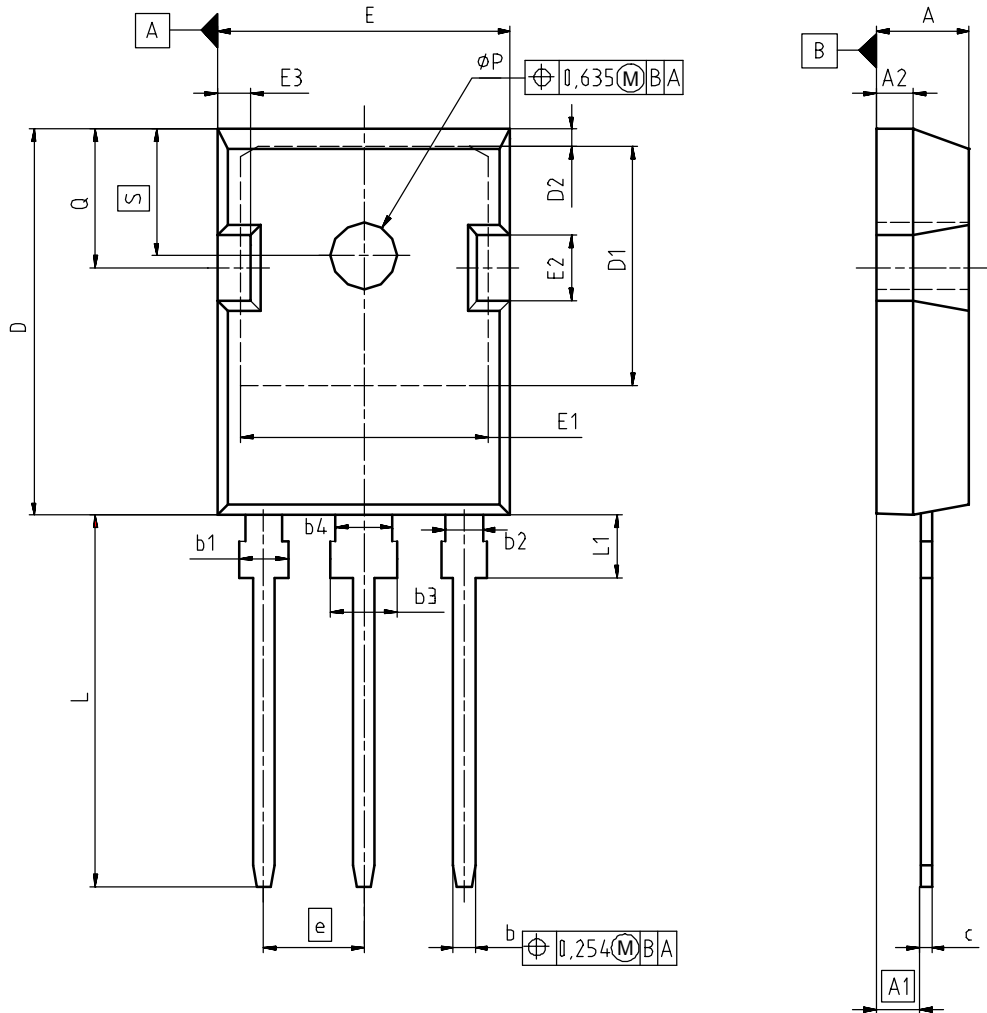


Figure 27. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ($D=t_p/T$)

PG-TO247-3



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.90	5.16	0.193	0.203
A1	2.27	2.53	0.089	0.099
A2	1.85	2.11	0.073	0.083
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123
c	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027
D	20.82	21.10	0.820	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	1.05	1.35	0.041	0.053
E	15.70	16.03	0.618	0.631
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.68	2.60	0.066	0.102
e	5.44		0.214	
N	3		3	
L	19.80	20.31	0.780	0.799
L1	4.17	4.47	0.164	0.176
øP	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248

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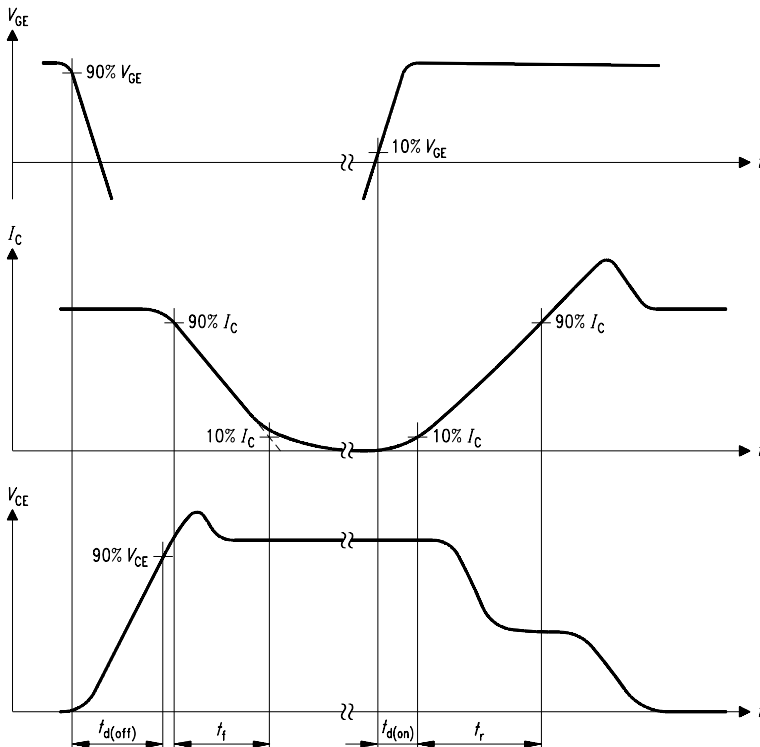


Figure A. Definition of switching times

SIS00053

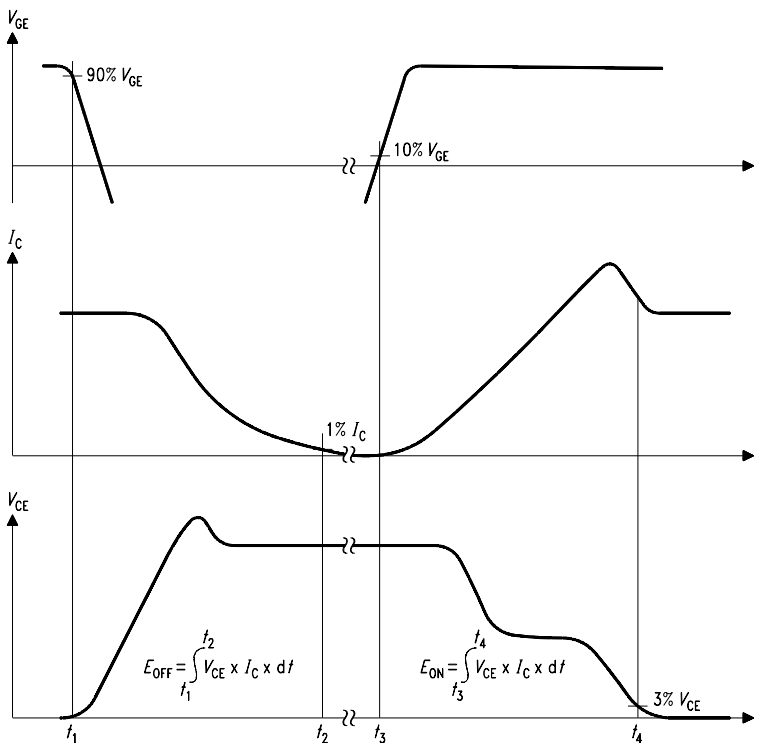


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

SIS00050

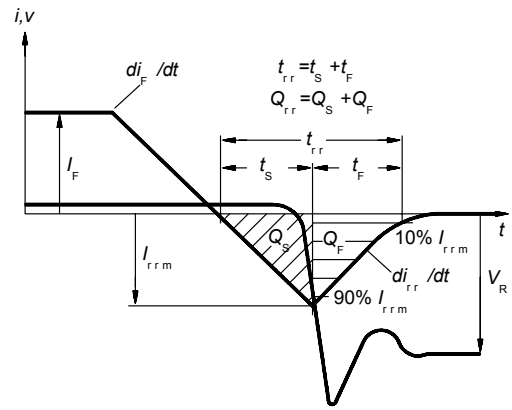


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

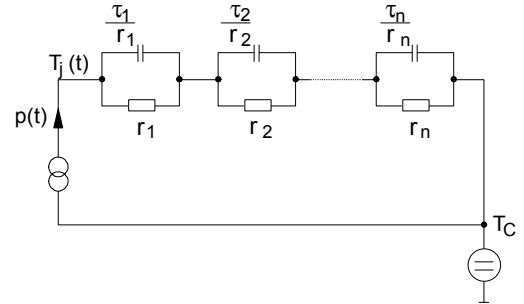


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

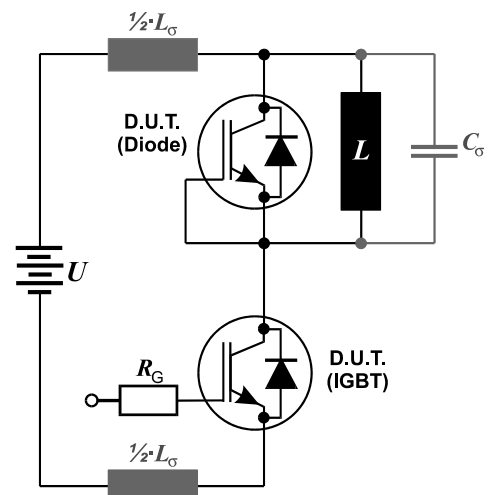


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance $L_{\sigma} = 60\text{nH}$
and Stray capacity $C_{\sigma} = 40\text{pF}$.

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