

### POWER MANAGEMENT

#### Description

The SC4205 is a high performance positive voltage regulator designed for use in applications requiring very low dropout voltage at up to 1 Amp. Since it has superior dropout characteristics compared to regular LDOs, it can be used to supply 2.5V on motherboards or 2.8V on peripheral cards from the 3.3V supply thus allowing the elimination of costly heatsinks. Additionally, the SC4205 has an enable pin to further reduce power dissipation while shut down. The SC4205 provides excellent regulation over variations in line, load and temperature.

The SC4205 is available in the SOIC-8EDP package with internally preset outputs that are also adjustable using external resistors.

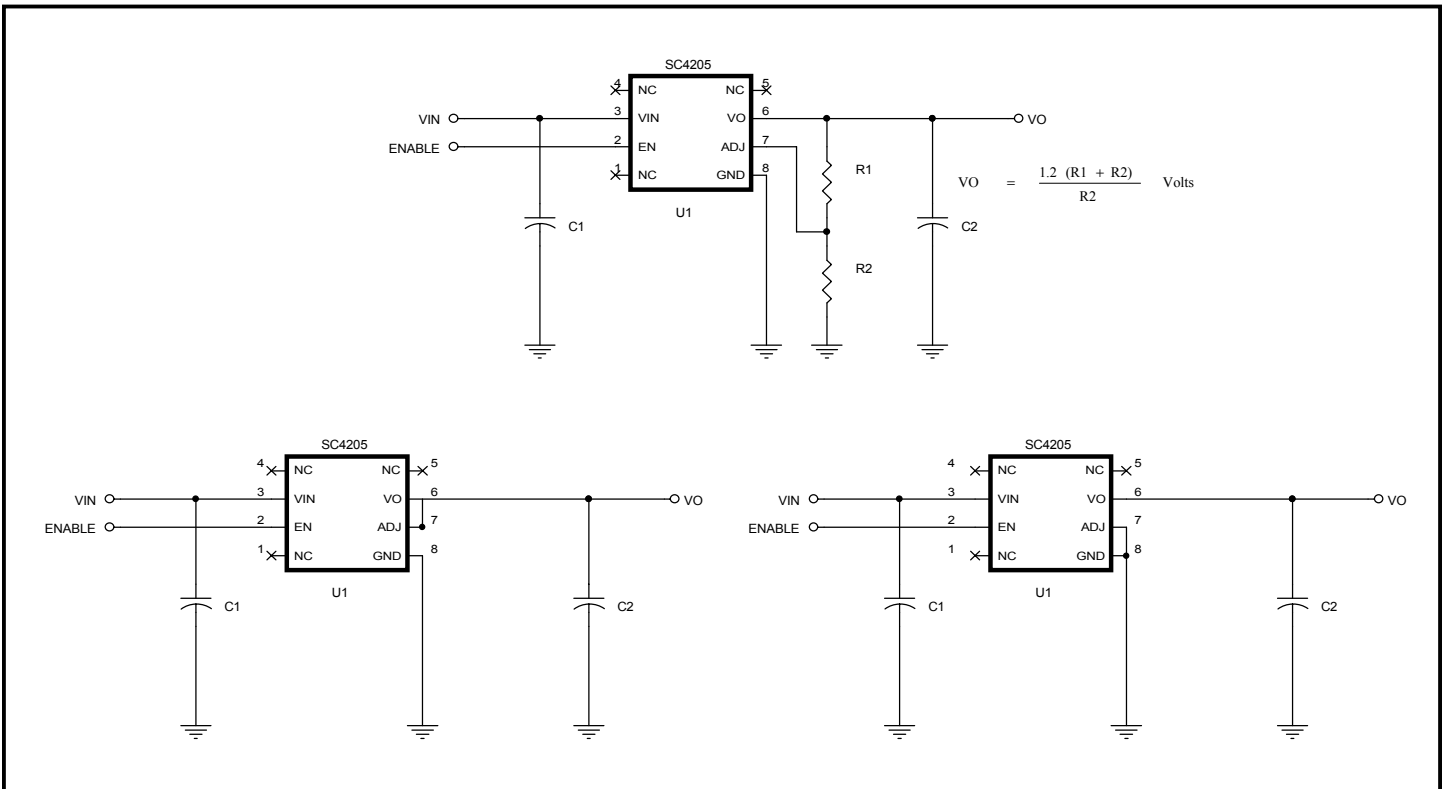
#### Features

- ◆ 350mV dropout @ 1A
- ◆ Adjustable output from 1.2V to 4.8V
- ◆ 2.5V and 1.8V options (adjustable externally using resistors)
- ◆ Over current and over temperature protection
- ◆ Enable pin
- ◆ 10µA quiescent current in shutdown
- ◆ Low reverse leakage (output to input)
- ◆ Surface mount and through-hole packages
- ◆ Full industrial temperature range
- ◆ Available in SOIC-8EDP package

#### Applications

- ◆ Battery powered systems
- ◆ Motherboards
- ◆ Peripheral cards
- ◆ Network cards
- ◆ Set Top Boxes
- ◆ Medical Equipment
- ◆ Notebook Computers

#### Typical Application Circuits



#### Notes:

- (1) Maximum VO setpoint for 1.8V parts = 5.4V.
- (2) This device is designed to operate with ceramic input and output capacitors.

**POWER MANAGEMENT**
**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding the specifications below may result in permanent damage to the device, or device malfunction. Operation outside of the parameters specified in the Electrical Characteristics section is not implied.

Parameter	Symbol	Max	Units
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	7	V
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	Internally Limited	W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient SOIC-8EDP <sup>(1)</sup>	$\theta_{JA}$	36	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case SOIC-8EDP <sup>(1)</sup>	$\theta_{JC}$	5.5	°C/W
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	$T_A$	-40 to +85	°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-40 to +150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-65 to +150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10 Sec.	$T_{LEAD}$	300	°C
ESD Rating (Human Body Model)	$V_{ESD}$	4	kV

**Note:** (1) 1 square inch of FR-4, double sided, 1 oz. minimum copper weight.

**Electrical Characteristics**

Unless specified:  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ . Adjustable Option ( $V_{ADJ} > V_{TH(ADJ)}$ ):  $V_{IN} = 2.2V$  to 5.5V and  $I_O = 10\mu A$  to 1A.

Fixed Options ( $V_{ADJ} = GND$ ):  $V_{IN} = (V_O + 0.5V)$  to 5.5V and  $I_O = 0A$  to 1A. Values in **bold** apply over  $T_J = -40^\circ C$  to  $125^\circ C$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>VIN</b>						
Operating Voltage Range	$V_{IN}$		<b>2.2</b>		<b>5.5</b>	V
Quiescent Current	$I_Q$	$V_{IN} = 3.3V$		0.75	<b>1.75</b>	mA
		$V_{IN} = 5.5V, V_{EN} = 0V$		10	<b>35</b>	$\mu A$
<b>VO</b>						
Output Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (Internal Fixed Voltage)	$V_O$	$I_O = 10mA$	-1%	$V_O$	+1%	V
			-2%		+2%	
Line Regulation <sup>(1)</sup>	$REG_{(LINE)}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$		0.035	<b>0.3</b>	%
Load Regulation <sup>(1)</sup>	$REG_{(LOAD)}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ to 1A		0.2	<b>0.4</b>	%
Dropout Voltage <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	$V_D$	$I_O = 10mA$		2.5	10	mV
					<b>20</b>	
		$I_O = 500mA$		90	300	mV
					<b>400</b>	
		$I_O = 1A$		180	400	mV
					<b>500</b>	

**POWER MANAGEMENT**
**Electrical Characteristics (Cont.)**

Unless specified:  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ . Adjustable Option ( $V_{ADJ} > V_{TH(ADJ)}$ ):  $V_{IN} = 2.2V$  to  $5.5V$  and  $I_O = 10\mu A$  to  $1A$ .

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Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>VO (Cont.)</b>						
Minimum Load Current <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_O$			1	<b>10</b>	$\mu A$
Current Limit	$I_{CL}$		<b>1.6</b>	1.33	<b>3.5</b>	A
<b>ADJ</b>						
Reference Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{REF}$	$V_{IN} = 2.2V, V_{ADJ} = V_{OUT}, I_O = 10mA$	1.188	1.200	1.212	V
			<b>1.176</b>		<b>1.224</b>	
Adjust Pin Current <sup>(4)</sup>	$I_{ADJ}$	$V_{ADJ} = V_{REF}$		30	<b>200</b>	nA
Adjust Pin Threshold <sup>(5)</sup>	$V_{TH(ADJ)}$		<b>0.05</b>	0.20	<b>0.40</b>	V
<b>EN</b>						
Enable Pin Current	$I_{EN}$	$V_{EN} = 0V, V_{IN} = 3.3V$		1.5	<b>10</b>	$\mu A$
Enable Pin Threshold	$V_{IH}$	$V_{IN} = 3.3V$	<b>1.6</b>			V
	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = 3.3V$			<b>0.4</b>	
<b>Over Temperature Protection</b>						
High Trip level	$T_{HI}$			170		$^\circ C$
Hysteresis	$T_{HYST}$			20		$^\circ C$

**Notes:**

(1) Low duty cycle pulse testing with Kelvin connections required.

(2) Defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops to 1% below the value measured at a differential of 0.7V.

(3) Required to maintain regulation. Voltage set resistors R1 and R2 are usually utilized to meet this requirement. Adjustable versions only.

(4) Guaranteed by design.

(5) When  $V_{ADJ}$  exceeds this threshold, the "Sense Select" switch disconnects the internal feedback chain from the error amplifier and connects  $V_{ADJ}$  instead.

**POWER MANAGEMENT**
**Ordering Information**

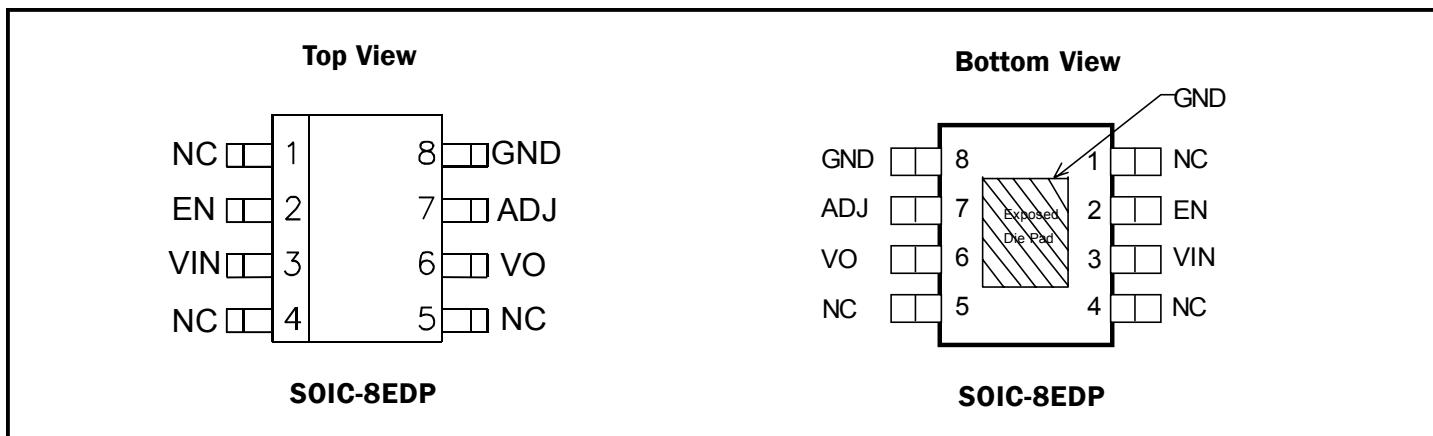
Part Number	Package	Temp. Range (T <sub>A</sub> )
SC4205IS-X.XTR <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	SOIC-8EDP	-40 to +85 °C
SC4205IS-X.XTRT <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>		
SC4205EVB	Evaluation Board	

**Notes:**

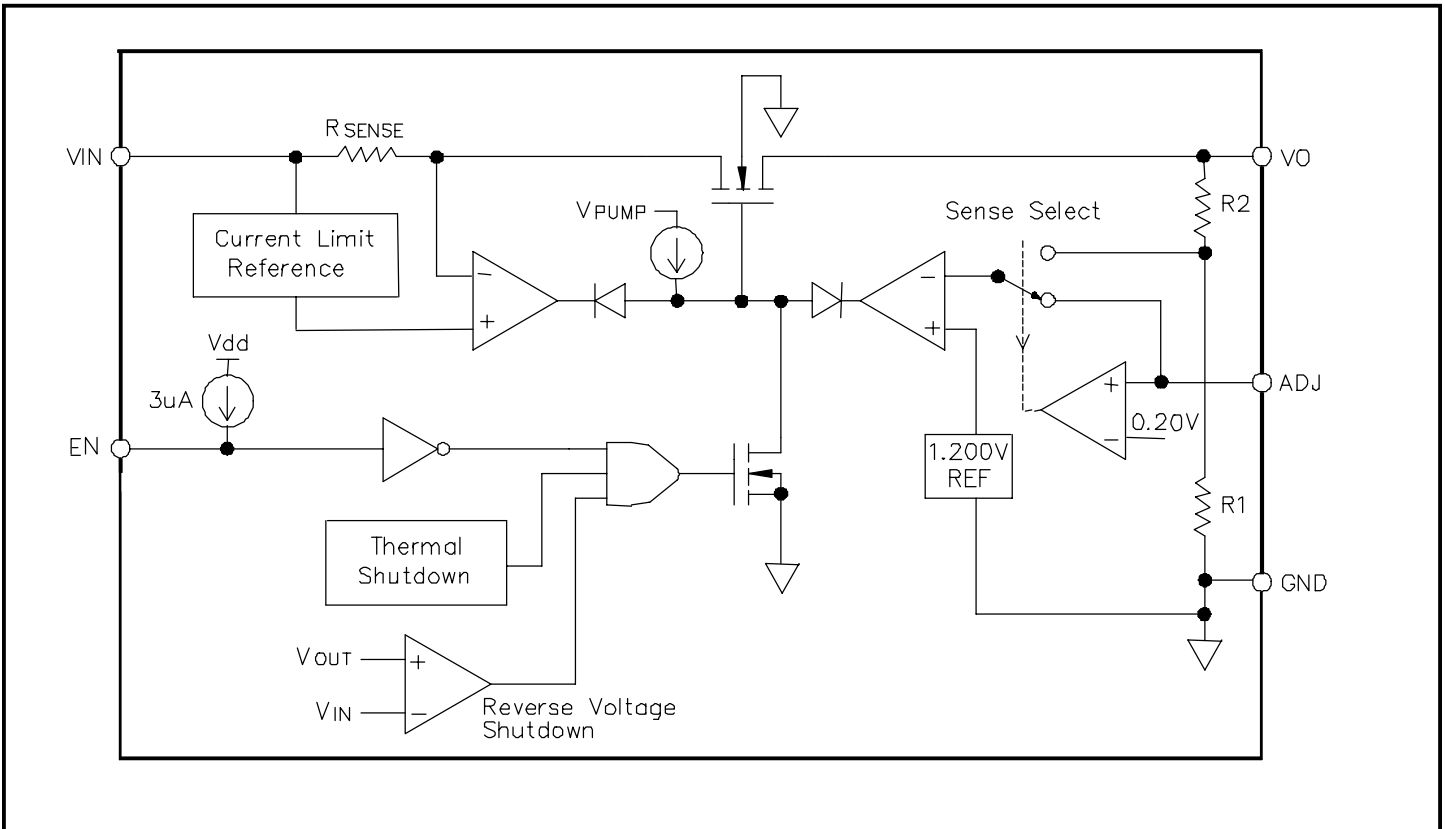
(1) Where -X.X denotes voltage options. Available voltages are: 2.5V and 1.8V. Output voltage can be adjusted using external resistors, see Pin Descriptions on page 5.

(2) Only available in tape and reel packaging. A reel contains 2500 devices.

(3) Lead free product

**Pin Configuration**

**Pin Descriptions**

Pin Name	Pin Description
ADJ	This pin, when grounded, sets the output voltage to that set by the internal feedback resistors. If external feedback resistors are used, the output voltage will be (See Application Circuits on page 1):  $VO = \frac{1.200 (R1 + R2)}{R2} \text{ Volts}$
EN	Enable Input. Pulling this pin below 0.4V turns the regulator off, reducing the quiescent current to a fraction of its operating value. The device will be enabled if this pin is left open. Connect to VIN if not being used.
GND	Reference ground. Note: The GND pin and the exposed die pad must be connected together at the IC pin. Use the exposed die pad on the device for heatsinking.
VIN	Input voltage. For regulation at full load, the input to this pin must be between (VO + 0.5V) and 5.5V. Minimum VIN = 2.2V.
VO	The pin is the power output of the device.

**POWER MANAGEMENT**
**Block Diagram**


**POWER MANAGEMENT**
**Applications Information**
**Introduction**

The SC4205 is intended for applications such as graphics cards where high current capability and very low dropout voltage are required. It provides a very simple, low cost solution that uses very little pcb real estate. Additional features include an enable pin to allow for a very low power consumption standby mode, and a fully adjustable output.

**Component Selection**

**Input capacitor:** a 4.7µF ceramic capacitor is recommended. This allows for the device being some distance from any bulk capacitance on the rail. Additionally, input droop due to load transients is reduced, improving load transient response. Additional capacitance may be added if required by the application.

**Output capacitor:** a minimum bulk capacitance of 2.2µF, along with a 0.1µF ceramic decoupling capacitor is recommended. Increasing the bulk capacitance will improve the overall transient response. The use of multiple lower value ceramic capacitors in parallel to achieve the desired bulk capacitance will not cause stability issues. Although designed for use with ceramic output capacitors, the SC4205 is extremely tolerant of output capacitor ESR values and thus will also work comfortably with tantalum output capacitors. For reference, the phase-margin contour of Figure 1 can be used to choose an appropriate output capacitor for a given stability requirement.

**Noise immunity:** in very electrically noisy environments, it is recommended that 0.1µF ceramic capacitors be placed from IN to GND and OUT to GND as close to the device pins as possible.

**External voltage selection resistors:** the use of 1% resistors, and designing for a current flow  $\geq 10\mu\text{A}$  is recommended to ensure a well regulated output (thus  $R2 \leq 120\text{k}\Omega$ ).

**Thermal Considerations**

The power dissipation in the SC4205 is approximately equal to the product of the output current and the input to output voltage differential:

$$P_D \approx (VIN - VOUT) \cdot I_O$$

The absolute worst-case dissipation is given by:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (VIN_{(MAX)} - VOUT_{(MIN)}) \cdot I_{O(MAX)} + VIN_{(MAX)} \cdot I_{Q(MAX)}$$

For a typical scenario,  $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V} \pm 5\%$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.8\text{V}$  and  $I_O = 1\text{A}$ , therefore:

$$V_{IN(MAX)} = 3.465\text{V}, V_{OUT(MIN)} = 2.744\text{V} \text{ and } I_{Q(MAX)} = 1.75\text{mA},$$

$$\text{Thus } P_{D(MAX)} = 727\text{mW}.$$

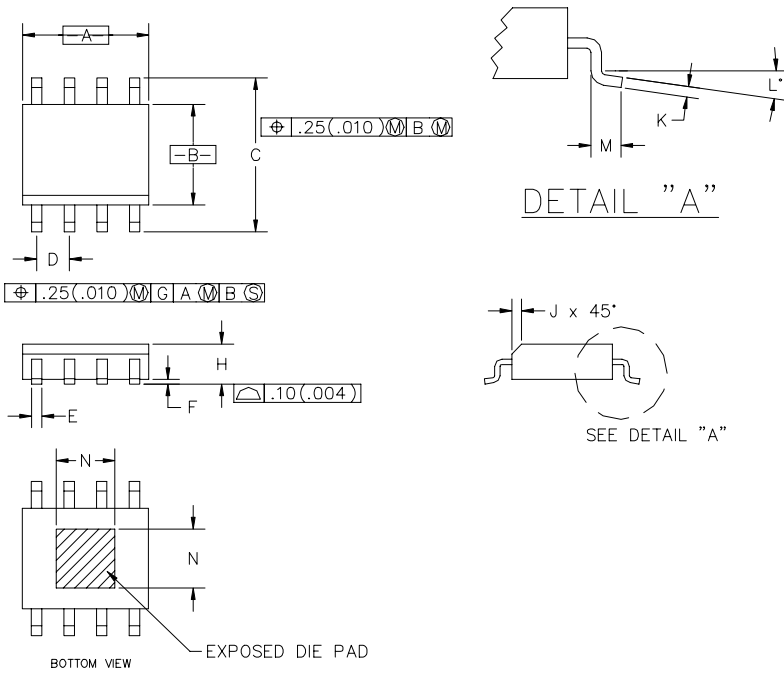
Using this figure, and assuming  $T_{A(MAX)} = 70^\circ\text{C}$ , we can calculate the maximum thermal impedance allowable to maintain  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ :

$$R_{TH(J-A)(MAX)} = \frac{(T_{J(MAX)} - T_{A(MAX)})}{P_{D(MAX)}} = \frac{(150 - 70)}{.727} = 110^\circ\text{C/W}$$

This should be achievable for the SOIC-8EDP package using pcb copper area to aid in conducting the heat away, such as one square inch of copper connected to the pins of the device. Internal ground/power planes and air flow will also assist in removing heat. For higher ambient temperatures it may be necessary to use additional copper area.

**POWER MANAGEMENT**

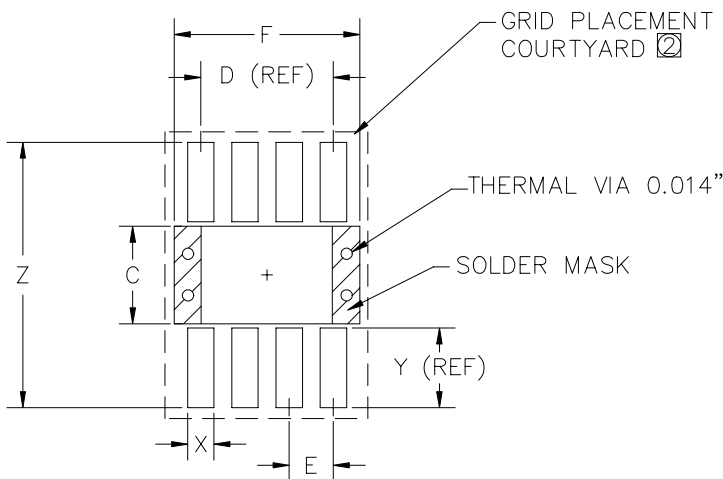
**Outline Drawing - SOIC-8EDP**



DIM <sup>N</sup>	INCHES		MM		NOTE
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	.189	.195	4.80	4.95	2
B	.152	.157	3.86	4.00	3
C	.230	.244	5.84	6.20	
D	.050	BSC	1.27	BSC	
E	.014	.020	0.35	0.51	
F	.001	.005	.025	.127	
H	.056	.066	1.42	1.68	
J	.010	.016	0.25	0.41	
K	.007	.010	0.19	0.25	
L	0°	8°	0°	8°	
M	.016	.035	0.41	0.89	
N	.086	.094	2.19	2.39	4

- ② END USER SHOULD VERIFY ACTUAL SIZE OF EXPOSED THERMAL DIE PAD FOR SPECIFIC DEVICE APPLICATION.
- ③ DIMENSION "B" DOES NOT INCLUDE INTER-LEAD FLASH OR PROTUSIONS. INTER-LEAD FLASH AND PROTUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .25 mm (.010") PER SIDE.
- ④ DIMENSION "A" DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTUSIONS AND GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED .15 mm (.010") PER SIDE.
- ① CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER

**Land Pattern - SOIC-8EDP**



DIM <sup>N</sup>	INCHES		MM		NOTE
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
C	.095	.100	2.41	2.54	—
D	—	.150	—	3.81	REF
E	—	.050	—	1.27	BSC
F	.200	.210	5.08	5.33	—
X	.025	.030	0.64	0.80	—
Y	.070	.075	1.78	1.91	REF
Z	.310	.320	7.87	8.13	—

- ② GRID PLACEMENT COURTYARD IS 12 X 16 ELEMENTS (6mm X 8mm) IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL GRID DETAILED IN THE IEC PUBLICATION 97.
- ① CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS.

**POWER MANAGEMENT****Contact Information**

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