

# OZ9936

# **Change Summary**

# **CHANGES**

No	Applicable Section	Description	Page(s)
1	Footer	Added patent numbers	0

# **REVISION HISTORY**

Revision No.	Description of change	Release Date
0.90	Initial release	09/09/04
1.0	Features: <b>1</b> . Add 'Built-in intelligence to ignite positive impedance CCFLs; <b>2</b> . Add 'Shutdown delay for input brownout condition'; <b>3</b> . Delete 'Tight parameter tolerance' General Description: <b>1</b> . Add 'OZ9936 drives all types of CCFLs and is able to ignite positive impedance CCFLs. OZ9936 provides a shutdown delay feature for input brownout condition.' after 'OZ9936 operates at a constant'. <b>2</b> . Move the paragraph 'The OZ9936 provides two drive' to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> paragraph Electrical Specifications: <b>a</b> . Update 'Supply Current' Max limits; <b>b</b> . Update 'Soft Start Current Source' Typ & Max limits; <b>c</b> . Update 'Under Voltage Lockout' Min, Typ & Max limits; <b>d</b> . Update 'ENA_SST_CMP Pin – Low' Max limit; <b>e</b> . Update Operating Frequency on DRV1 & DRV2 Pin' Min, Typ & Max limits & Temperature Coefficient; <b>f</b> . Update 'Duty Cycle on DRV1 & DRV2 (active high)' Max limit; <b>g</b> . Update 'Ignition Time' Min & Max limits; <b>h</b> . Add 'Open Lamp Shutdown Delay Time' parameters; <b>i</b> . Update 'V1(ENA_SST_CMP Pin) Threshold' Min limit; <b>j</b> . Update 'Drivers' Typ & Max limits; <b>k</b> . Update 'Analog Dimming Control' Min, Typ & Max limits; <b>l</b> . Update 'External PWM Dimming Control' Min, Typ & Max limits; and add temperature coefficient. Functional Description: Modify No. 7. Open Lamp Protection. Throughout data sheet: Miscellaneous corrections.	03/09/05

OZ9936-DS-1.1 All Rights Reserved CONFIDENTIAL



# OZ9936

# LCD Monitor CCFL Inverter Controller

# **FEATURES**

- Built-in intelligence to ignite positive impedance CCFLs
- Low cost LCD monitor inverter solution
- Constant operating frequency
- Built-in intelligence for ignition and normal operation of CCFLs
- Built-in open-lamp protection and overvoltage protection
- Optimized soft-start function
- Supports both analog and external PWM dimming control
- Shutdown delay for input brownout condition
- Higher reliability and longer CCFL life
- Supports multiple CCFLs
- Minimum external components

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Temp Range	Package
OZ9936G	0°C to 70°C	8-pin SOIC
OZ9936GN	0°C to 70°C	8-pin SOIC, Leadfree
OZ99361G	-40°C to 85°C	8-pin SOIC
OZ99361GN	-40°C to 85°C	8-pin SOIC, Leadfree
OZ9936D	0°C to 70°C	8-pin PDIP
OZ9936DN	0°C to 70°C	8-pin PDIP, Leadfree

# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The patent pending OZ9936 is a cost-effective CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) Power Management controller designed for driving CCFLs in Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) applications.

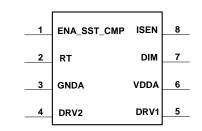
The OZ9936 provides two drive signals for most power conversion topologies, such as push-pull, half-bridge, full-bridge or Class-D inverters while maintaining high-efficiency operation. The highly integrated controller provides current and voltage regulation, soft-start operation, over-voltage protection and an external enabling function while maintaining a high-degree of design flexibility. The application requires a minimum number of off-the-shelf components. OZ9936 operates at a constant operating frequency that eliminates any undesired interference between the controller and LCD panel. OZ9936 drives all types of CCFLs and is able to ignite positive impedance CCFLs. OZ9936 provides a shutdown delay feature for input brownout condition.

The control logic provides a regulated ignition voltage and appropriate protection for over-voltage or over-current conditions.

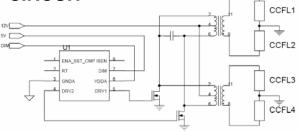
The OZ9936 offers a high level of integration, while maintaining flexibility and high-efficiency operation that reduces component heating. This results in higher reliability and longer CCFL life. The proprietary (patent pending) design technique provides a simpler, lower-cost system solution.

The CCFL backlight controller is designed for low-cost LCD monitor applications. OZ9936 provides an analog dimming control where the CCFL brightness is controlled by adjusting the current amplitude. In addition, the IC provides a PWM dimming function with an external PWM signal. The controller converts unregulated DC voltages into a nearly sinusoidal lamp voltage and current waveforms.

# **PIN DIAGRAM**



#### TYPICAL OPERATING CIRCUIT



# PIN DESCRIPTION

Names	Pin No.	Description	
ENA_SST_CMP	1	Enable, Soft Start Time and Compensation for Current and Voltage	
RT	2	Timing Resistor to Provide Striking and Operating Frequency	
GNDA	3	Ground	
DRV2	4	N MOSFET Drive Output	
DRV1	5	N MOSFET Drive Output	
VDDA	6	Supply Voltage	
DIM	7	Dimming Voltage Adjust Input	
ISEN	8	Current Sense Feedback	

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Input Voltage VDDA	7.0V
GNDA	+/- 0.3V
Signal Inputs	-0.3V to VDDA +0.3V

Operating Temp.	OZ9936	OZ9936I		
	0°C to +70°C	-40°C to +85°C		

Operating Junction Temp.	125°C
Storage Temp.	-55°C to 150°C

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE**

VDDA - Input Voltage	4.5V to 5.5V
f <sub>op</sub> - Operating Frequency	30KHz to 150KHz
Thermal Impedance (θ <sub>J-A</sub> ) - 8-pin PDIP - 8-pin SOIC	74°C/W 113°C/W

Note <sup>(1)</sup>: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The "Electrical Characteristics" table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Limits		Unit
		VDDA=5V; RT=100K; Csst=12.1nF, Ta=25 °C	Min	Тур	Max	
Supply Current	•					
Stand By	I <sub>dds</sub>	V1=0V; V8=0V		350	600	μA
		V1=2V; V8=0V				
Operating	l <sub>dd</sub>	Capacitance at DRV1 & DRV2=500pF		1.5	3.5	mA
Soft Start Current Source	Isst	V1=0V; V8=0V; V7=0V	1.7	3.0	4.3	μΑ
Under Voltage Lockout	UVLO	V1=1.2V; VDDA from 0V to 5V	3.2	3.8	4.4	V
ENA_SST_CMP Pin - Low	VCMP		0.77	0.83	0.90	V
Operating Frequency on DRV1 & DRV2 Pin	fop	V1=1.2V; V8=660mV; V7=2.8V	48.5	50.0	51.5	kHz
		Température Cœfficient		66		ppm/ <sup>o</sup> C
Duty Cycle on DRV1 & DRV2 (active high)						
Maximum		V1=3.5V; V8=0V; V7=0V	43			%
Ignition Time (Open Lamp Time Out)		V8=0V; V7 ≥3.25V	1.8	2.0	2.2	sec
Open Lamp Shutdown Delay Time		ISEN<0.75V	2.21	2.60	2.99	sec
V1 (ENA_SST_CMP Pin) Threshold	ENA		600			mV
Drivers				_		
DRV1	Ron	For lout= 70 mA; Tamb=25°C		20	40	Ω
DRV2	Ron	For lout= 70 mA; Tamb=25°C		20	40	Ω
Analog Dimming Control						
Minimum Lamp Current Reference Voltage			0.40	0.55	0.86	V
Maximum Lamp Current Reference Voltage			1.15	1.235	1.35	V
External PWM Dimming Con	trol					
PWM Dimming Detection Threshold				2.7		V
Lamp Current Reference	ISEN		1.17	1.25	1.32	V
Voltage		Température Cœfficient		85		ppm/ <sup>o</sup> C

Note: Vx denotes voltage at Pinx

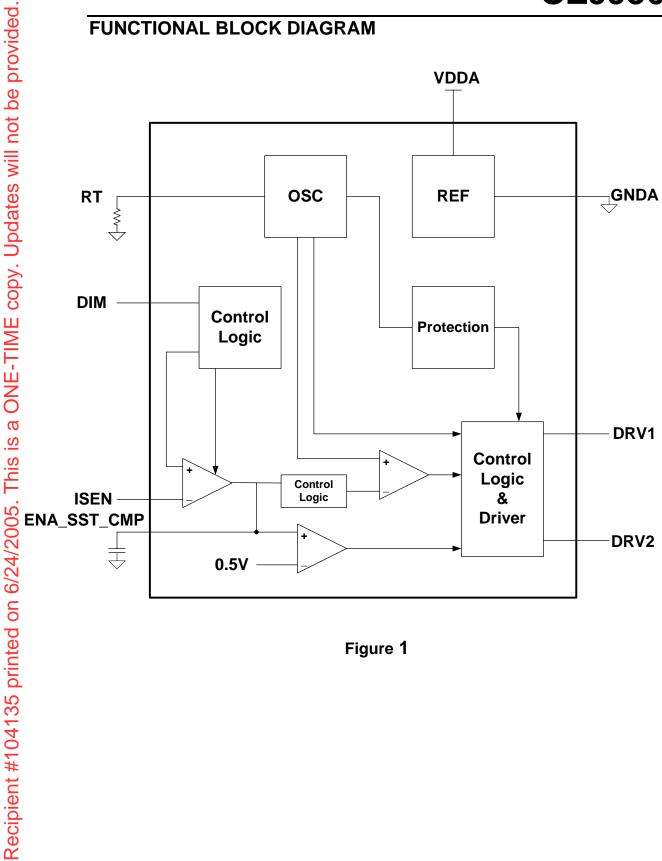


Figure 1

# FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### 1. Power Conversion

The power train can be selected from the standard half-bridge, full-bridge, push-pull or Class-D topologies to provide symmetrical drive pulses to the tank circuit that includes the transformer(s), output capacitors and the CCFL/panel load, to yield quasi-sinusoidal CCFL voltage and current waveforms. High-efficiency operation of the OZ9936 yields lower heat dissipation for the inverter system resulting in higher reliability.

To illustrate the controller functions, refer to Figures 1 and 2 on pages 4 and 7, respectively for the following sections. Other topologies can be found in the OZ9936 Application Note.

### 2. Enable

The OZ9936 is enabled when the voltage on Pin 1 is greater than 0.55V.

# 3. Soft Start (SST)

Connecting an external capacitor to Pin 1 provides the SST function. A charging current is provided to capacitor C11. At Start-up, as capacitor C11 charges, the voltage level controls the gradual increase in power to the transformer. This reduces in-rush current and provides reliable operation to the CCFL.

# 4. Ignition

The ignition process requires a higher striking frequency to strike the CCFL. The striking frequency is approximately 1.3 times the normal operating frequency. The striking frequency is determined by external resistor R13 connected to RT (Pin 2).

# 5. Normal Operation

OZ9936 operates in a constant frequency mode. This eliminates any undesired interference between the controller and LCD panel, as the interference is usually associated with variablefrequency design. Interference may result in a poor user experience because of "waterfall" display distortion and other poor display appearance.

Once the CCFL is ignited and current is sensed at Pin 8 (ISEN), the control loop regulates the CCFL current. An external resistor, R13, connected to RT (Pin 2) determines the operating frequency. The approximate operating frequency is calculated by the following equation.

$$f_{op} = \frac{5.0 \times 10^3}{\text{RT [K\Omega]}}$$
 [KHz]

# 6. Over-Voltage Protection

The control logic protects the transformer from an abnormally high voltage at the secondary output.

The transformer output voltage is sensed through Rectifier Diodes (CR1, CR3, CR5, CR8) and transistor Q5. When the voltage at the emitter of Q5 is less than  $-V_{BE}$  drop, Q5 will conduct and regulate the output voltage to the transformer secondary.

# 7. Open Lamp Protection

When a CCFL is removed or damaged during normal operation, the OZ9936 shuts off the output drives after the shutdown delay timer expires. When the damaged lamp is replaced, toggling the enable pin from low to high resumes normal operation.

OZ9936 provides a shutdown delay feature if the lamp current is not regulated. The inverter module will remain in normal operation for approximately 2 to 3 seconds if the input voltage suddenly drops and subsequently resumes to normal level.

# 8. Aged CCFL Ignition

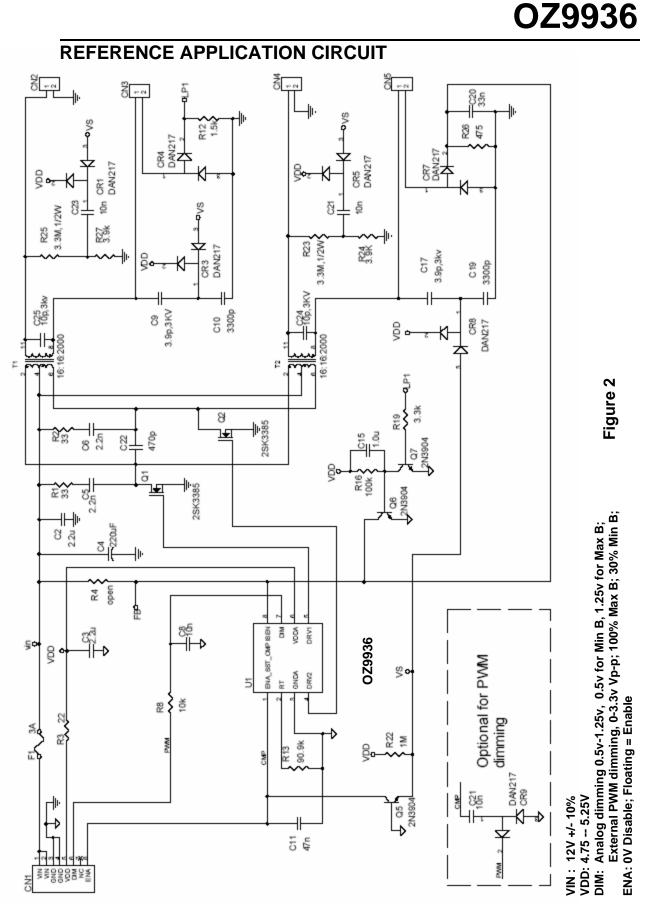
During the ignition process, the controller senses the voltage at the CCFL. For an open-circuit condition, the power train delivers a regulated voltage at the CCFL for approximately 2.0 seconds. If no current is sensed after approximately 2.0 seconds, the OZ9936 shuts off. Toggling the enable signal from low to floating will resume normal operation. This is to ensure that any aged, slow-turn-on CCFL is provided with sufficient voltage and time to ignite.

# 9. Dimming Control

The OZ9936 provides an analog dimming control function. The input to Pin 7 (DIM) is an analog voltage of 0.5V to 1.25V that corresponds to approximately 40% to 100% of the LCD panel brightness.

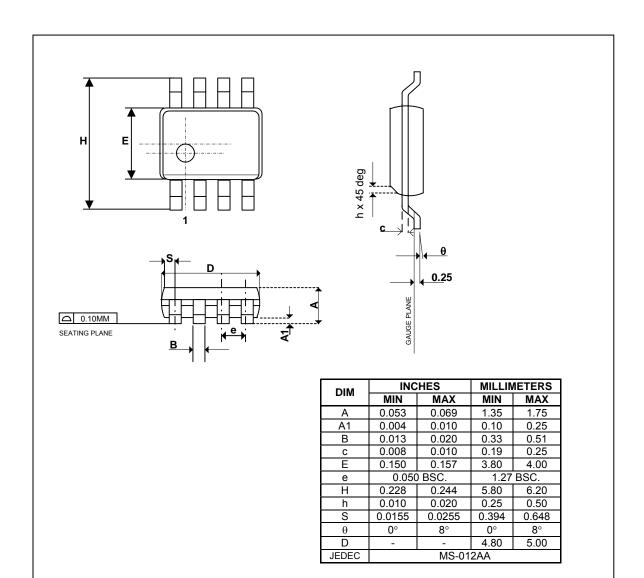
OZ9936

For applications that require an external PWM dimming, the OZ9936 accepts a PWM signal to DIM (Pin 7) with a swing voltage of 0V to  $\geq$ 2.7V.



Recipient #104135 printed on 6/24/2005. This is a ONE-TIME copy. Updates will not be provided.

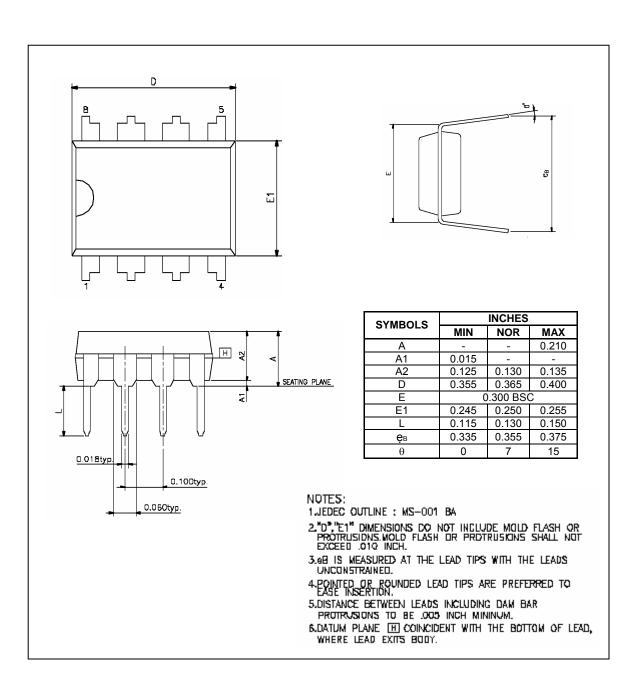
# PACKAGE INFORMATION - 8-PIN SOIC: OZ9936G (150mil)



#### Notes:

- 1. Controlling dimensions are in millimeter (mm).
- 2. Pin #1 count orientation shall be in counterclockwise direction as viewed in live-bug position.

# PACKAGE INFORMATION - 8-PIN PDIP: OZ9936D (300mil)



# **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

No portion of  $O_2$ Micro specifications/datasheets or any of its subparts may be reproduced in any form, or by any means, without prior written permission from  $O_2$ Micro.

 $O_2$ Micro and its subsidiaries reserve the right to make changes to their datasheets and/or products or to discontinue any product or service without notice, and advise customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment, including those pertaining to warranty, patent infringement, and limitation of liability.

 $O_2$ Micro warrants performance of its products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with  $O_2$ Micro's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent  $O_2$ Micro deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

Customer acknowledges that  $O_2$ Micro products are not designed, manufactured or intended for incorporation into any systems or products intended for use in connection with life support or other hazardous activities or environments in which the failure of the  $O_2$ Micro products could lead to death, bodily injury, or property or environmental damage ("High Risk Activities").  $O_2$ Micro hereby disclaims all warranties, and  $O_2$ Micro will have no liability to Customer or any third party, relating to the use of  $O_2$ Micro products in connection with any High Risk Activities.

Any support, assistance, recommendation or information (collectively, "Support") that O<sub>2</sub>Micro may provide to you (including, without limitation, regarding the design, development or debugging of your circuit board or other application) is provided "AS IS." O<sub>2</sub>Micro does not make, and hereby disclaims, any warranties regarding any such Support, including, without limitation, any warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, and any warranty that such Support will be accurate or error free or that your circuit board or other application will be operational or functional. O<sub>2</sub>Micro will have no liability to you under any legal theory in connection with your use of or reliance on such Support.

#### COPYRIGHT © 2003-2005, O2Micro International Limited