

*Designer's™ Data Sheet*  
**SWITCHMODE Series**  
**PNP Silicon Power Transistors**

The MJE5850, MJE5851 and the MJE5852 transistors are designed for high-voltage, high-speed, power switching in inductive circuits where fall time is critical. They are particularly suited for line operated switchmode applications such as:

- Switching Regulators
- Inverters
- Solenoid and Relay Drivers
- Motor Controls
- Deflection Circuits

Fast Turn-Off Times

100 ns Inductive Fall Time @ 25°C (Typ)

125 ns Inductive Crossover Time @ 25°C (Typ)

Operating Temperature Range -65 to +150°C

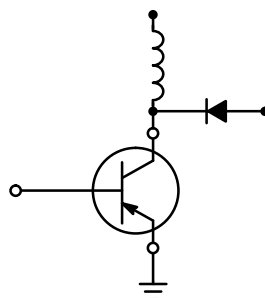
100°C Performance Specified for:

Reversed Biased SOA with Inductive Loads

Switching Times with Inductive Loads

Saturation Voltages

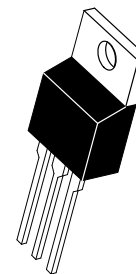
Leakage Currents



**MJE5850**  
**MJE5851\***  
**MJE5852\***

\*Motorola Preferred Device

**8 AMPERE**  
**PNP SILICON**  
**POWER TRANSISTORS**  
**300, 350, 400 VOLTS**  
**80 WATTS**



**CASE 221A-06**  
**TO-220AB**

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Rating   | Symbol         | MJE5850    | MJE5851 | MJE5852 | Unit  |
|--|----------------|------------|---------|---------|-------|
| Collector-Emitter Voltage  | $V_{CEO(sus)}$ | 300        | 350     | 400     | Vdc   |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage  | $V_{CEV}$      | 350        | 400     | 450     | Vdc   |
| Emitter Base Voltage   | $V_{EB}$       | 6.0        |         |         | Vdc   |
| Collector Current — Continuous                                       | $I_C$          | 8.0        |         |         | Adc   |
| Peak (1)   | $I_{CM}$       | 16         |         |         |       |
| Base Current — Continuous  | $I_B$          | 4.0        |         |         | Adc   |
| Peak (1)   | $I_{BM}$       | 8.0        |         |         |       |
| Total Power Dissipation<br>@ $T_C = 25^\circ C$<br>Derate above 25°C | $P_D$          | 80         |         |         | Watts |
|  |                | 0.640      |         |         | W/°C  |
| Operating and Storage Junction<br>Temperature Range                  | $T_J, T_{stg}$ | -65 to 150 |         |         | °C    |

**THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

| Characteristic   | Symbol          | Max  | Unit |
|--|-----------------|------|------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case   | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 1.25 | °C/W |
| Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering<br>Purposes: 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds | $T_L$           | 275  | °C   |

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  10%.

**Designer's Data for "Worst Case" Conditions** — The Designer's Data Sheet permits the design of most circuits entirely from the information presented. SOA Limit curves — representing boundaries on device characteristics — are given to facilitate "worst case" design.

**Preferred** devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

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# MJE5850 MJE5851 MJE5852

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic   | Symbol                        | Min                   | Typ               | Max         | Unit            |      |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|------|
| <b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>   |                               |                       |                   |             |                 |      |
| Collector–Emitter Sustaining Voltage<br>(I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA, I <sub>B</sub> = 0)   | MJE5850<br>MJE5851<br>MJE5852 | V <sub>CEO(sus)</sub> | 300<br>350<br>400 | —<br>—<br>— | V <sub>dc</sub> |      |
| Collector Cutoff Current<br>(V <sub>CEV</sub> = Rated Value, V <sub>BE(off)</sub> = 1.5 V <sub>dc</sub> )<br>(V <sub>CEV</sub> = Rated Value, V <sub>BE(off)</sub> = 1.5 V <sub>dc</sub> , T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C) |                               | I <sub>CEV</sub>      | —<br>—            | —<br>—      | 0.5<br>2.5      | mAdc |
| Collector Cutoff Current<br>(V <sub>CE</sub> = Rated V <sub>CEV</sub> , R <sub>BE</sub> = 50 Ω, T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C)  |                               | I <sub>CER</sub>      | —                 | —           | 3.0             | mAdc |
| Emitter Cutoff Current<br>(V <sub>EB</sub> = 6.0 V <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 0)   |                               | I <sub>EBO</sub>      | —                 | —           | 1.0             | mAdc |

## SECOND BREAKDOWN

|   |                  |               |
|---|------------------|---------------|
| Second Breakdown Collector Current with base forward biased | I <sub>S/b</sub> | See Figure 12 |
| Clamped Inductive SOA with base reverse biased              | RBSOA            | See Figure 13 |

## \*ON CHARACTERISTICS

|  |                      |             |             |                   |                 |
|--|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| DC Current Gain<br>(I <sub>C</sub> = 2.0 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 V <sub>dc</sub> )<br>(I <sub>C</sub> = 5.0 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 V <sub>dc</sub> )  | h <sub>FE</sub>      | 15<br>5     | —<br>—      | —<br>—            | —               |
| Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage<br>(I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 1.0 Adc)<br>(I <sub>C</sub> = 8.0 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 3.0 Adc)<br>(I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 1.0 Adc, T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C) | V <sub>CE(sat)</sub> | —<br>—<br>— | —<br>—<br>— | 2.0<br>5.0<br>2.5 | V <sub>dc</sub> |
| Base–Emitter Saturation Voltage<br>(I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 1.0 Adc)<br>(I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 1.0 Adc, T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C)  | V <sub>BE(sat)</sub> | —<br>—      | —<br>—      | 1.5<br>1.5        | V <sub>dc</sub> |

## DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

|  |                 |   |     |   |    |
|--|-----------------|---|-----|---|----|
| Output Capacitance<br>(V <sub>CB</sub> = 10 V <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f <sub>test</sub> = 1.0 kHz) | C <sub>ob</sub> | — | 270 | — | pF |
|--|-----------------|---|-----|---|----|

## SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

| Resistive Load (Table 1)          |  |                 |   |       |     |    |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|---|-------|-----|----|
| Delay Time                        | (V <sub>CC</sub> = 250 V <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0 A, I <sub>B1</sub> = 1.0 A,<br>t <sub>p</sub> = 50 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2%)  | t <sub>d</sub>  | — | 0.025 | 0.1 | μs |
| Rise Time                         |  | t <sub>r</sub>  | — | 0.100 | 0.5 | μs |
| Storage Time                      | (V <sub>CC</sub> = 250 V <sub>dc</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 4.0 A, I <sub>B1</sub> = 1.0 A,<br>V <sub>BE(off)</sub> = 5 V <sub>dc</sub> , t <sub>p</sub> = 50 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2%) | t <sub>s</sub>  | — | 0.60  | 2.0 | μs |
| Fall Time                         |  | t <sub>f</sub>  | — | 0.11  | 0.5 | μs |
| Inductive Load, Clamped (Table 1) |  |                 |   |       |     |    |
| Storage Time                      | (I <sub>CM</sub> = 4 A, V <sub>CEM</sub> = 250 V, I <sub>B1</sub> = 1.0 A,<br>V <sub>BE(off)</sub> = 5 V <sub>dc</sub> , T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C)                                 | t <sub>sv</sub> | — | 0.8   | 3.0 | μs |
| Crossover Time                    |  | t <sub>c</sub>  | — | 0.4   | 1.5 | μs |
| Fall Time                         |  | t <sub>fi</sub> | — | 0.1   | —   | μs |
| Storage Time                      | (I <sub>CM</sub> = 4 A, V <sub>CEM</sub> = 250 V, I <sub>B1</sub> = 1.0 A,<br>V <sub>BE(off)</sub> = 5 V <sub>dc</sub> , T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C)                                  | t <sub>sv</sub> | — | 0.5   | —   | μs |
| Crossover Time                    |  | t <sub>c</sub>  | — | 0.125 | —   | μs |
| Fall Time                         |  | t <sub>fi</sub> | — | 0.1   | —   | μs |

\* Pulse Test: PW = 300 μs. Duty Cycle ≤ 2%

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

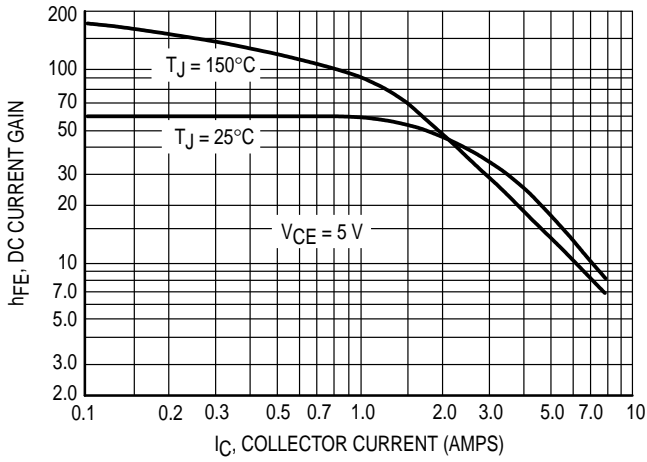


Figure 1. DC Current Gain

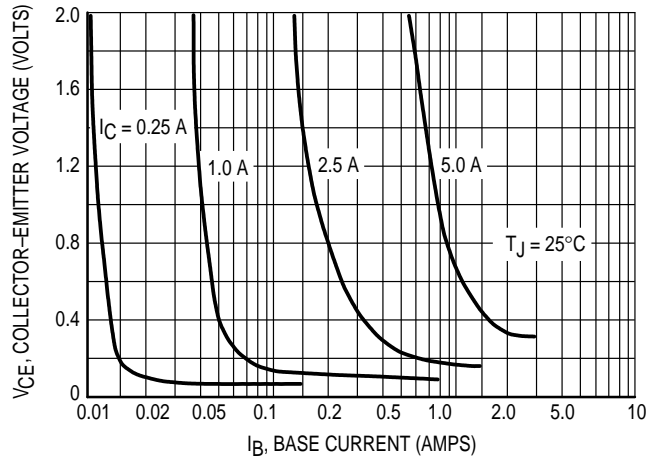


Figure 2. Collector Saturation Region

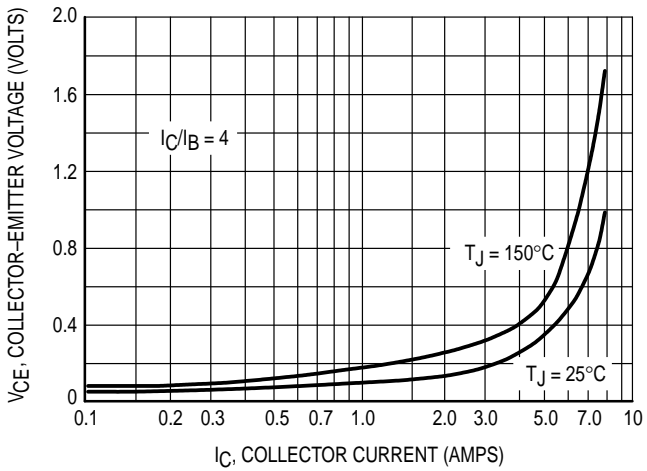


Figure 3. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

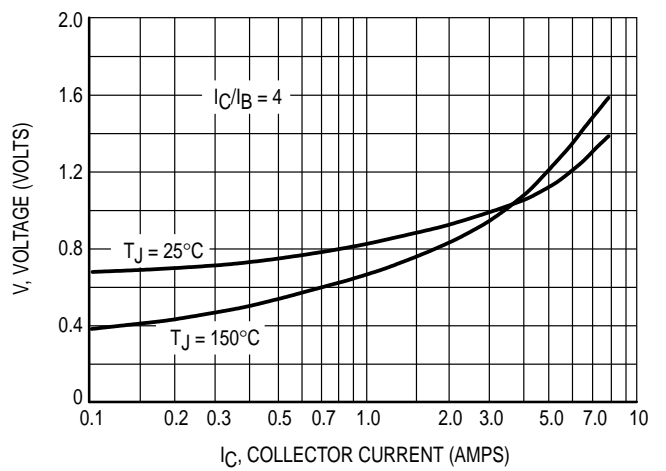


Figure 4. Base-Emitter Voltage

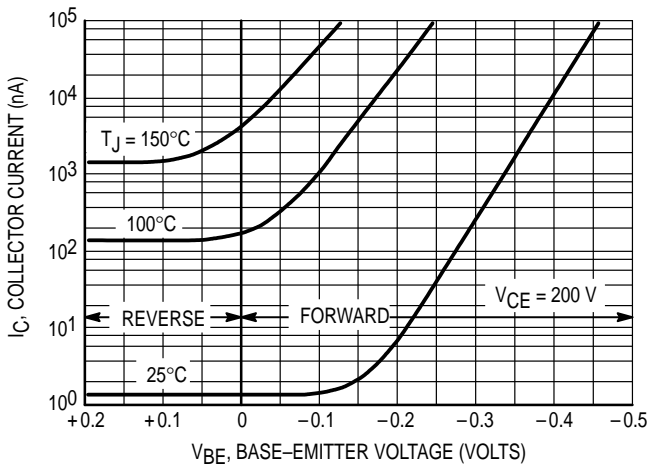


Figure 5. Collector Cutoff Region

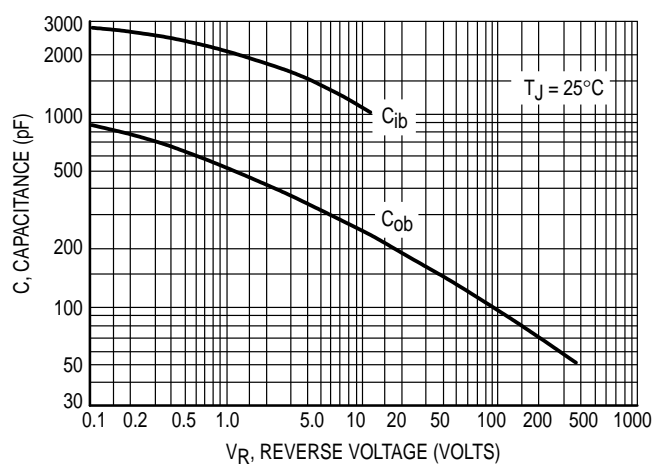


Figure 6. Capacitance



SWITCHING TIMES NOTE

In resistive switching circuits, rise, fall, and storage times have been defined and apply to both current and voltage waveforms since they are in phase. However, for inductive loads which are common to SWITCHMODE power supplies and hammer drivers, current and voltage waveforms are not in phase. Therefore, separate measurements must be made on each waveform to determine the total switching time. For this reason, the following new terms have been defined.

- $t_{SV}$  = Voltage Storage Time, 90%  $I_{B1}$  to 10%  $V_{CEM}$
- $t_{rV}$  = Voltage Rise Time, 10–90%  $V_{CEM}$
- $t_{fi}$  = Current Fall Time, 90–10%  $I_{CM}$
- $t_{ti}$  = Current Tail, 10–2%  $I_{CM}$
- $t_c$  = Crossover Time, 10%  $V_{CEM}$  to 10%  $I_{CM}$

An enlarged portion of the inductive switching waveform is

shown in Figure 7 to aid on the visual identity of these terms.

For the designer, there is minimal switching loss during storage time and the predominant switching power losses occur during the crossover interval and can be obtained using the standard equation from AN-222A:

$$P_{SWT} = 1/2 V_{CC} I_C (t_c) f$$

In general,  $t_{rV} + t_{fi} \approx t_c$ . However, at lower test currents this relationship may not be valid.

As is common with most switching transistors, resistive switching is specified at 25°C and has become a benchmark for designers. However, for designers of high frequency converter circuits, the user oriented specifications which make this a "SWITCHMODE" transistor are the inductive switching speeds ( $t_c$  and  $t_{SV}$ ) which are guaranteed at 100°C.

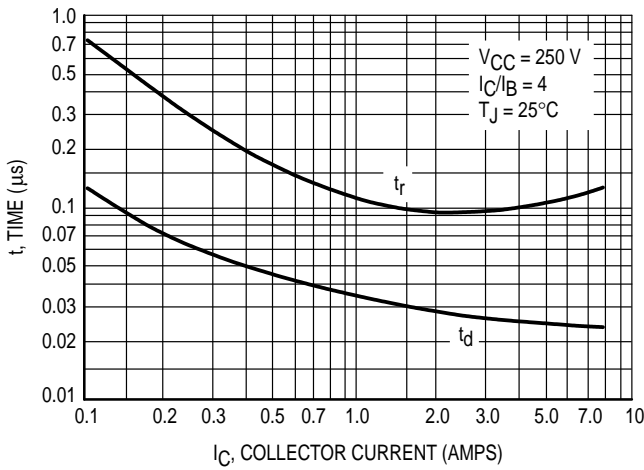


Figure 9. Turn-On Switching Times

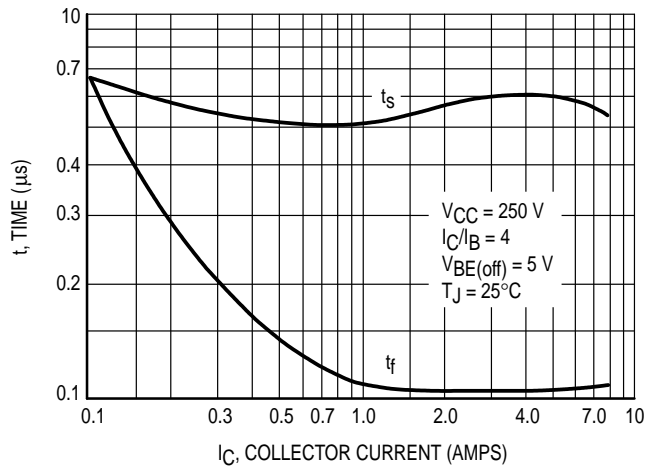


Figure 10. Turn-Off Switching Time

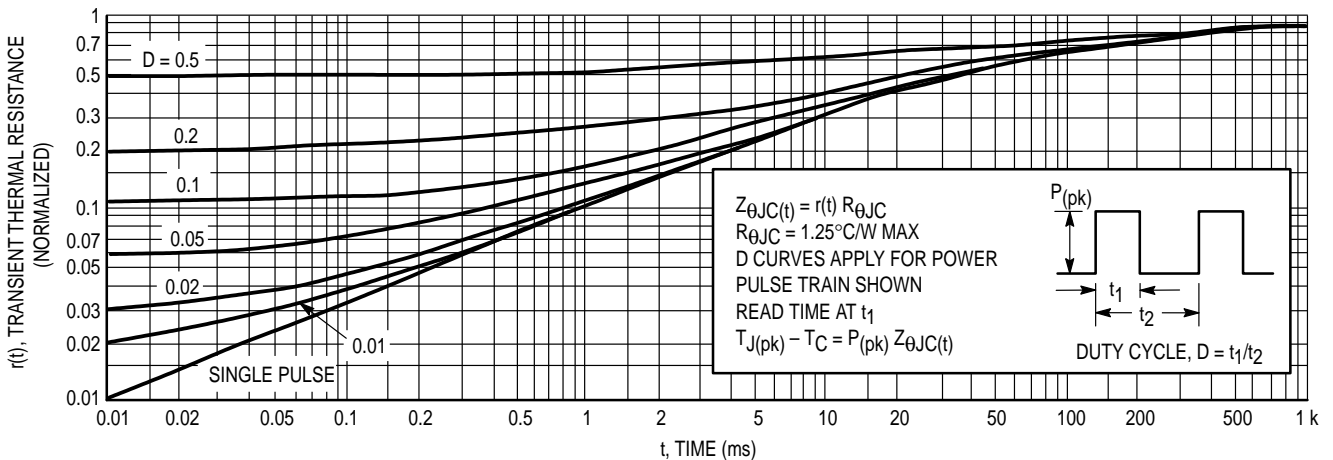
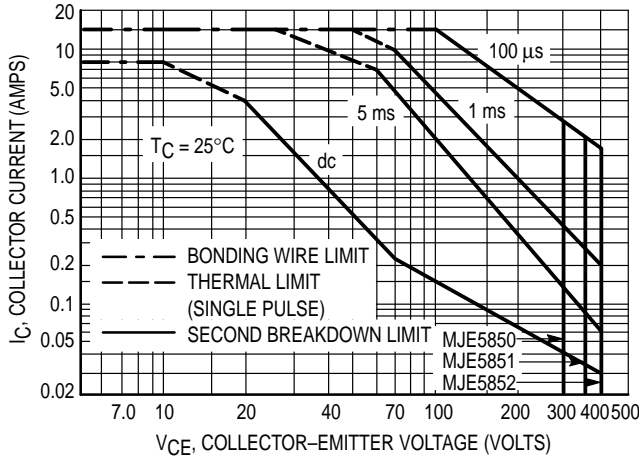


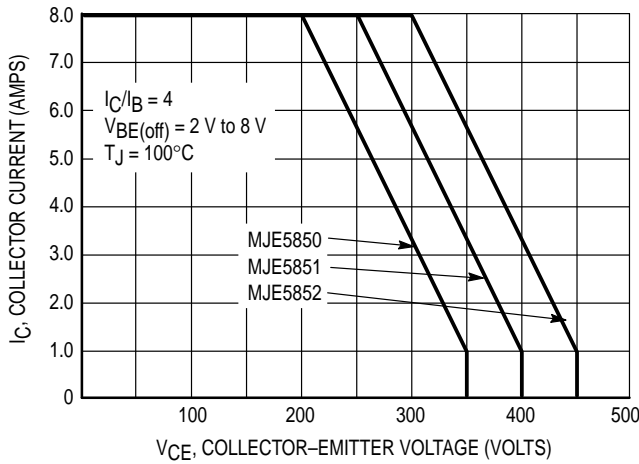
Figure 11. Typical Thermal Response [ $Z_{\theta JC}(t)$ ]

# MJE5850 MJE5851 MJE5852

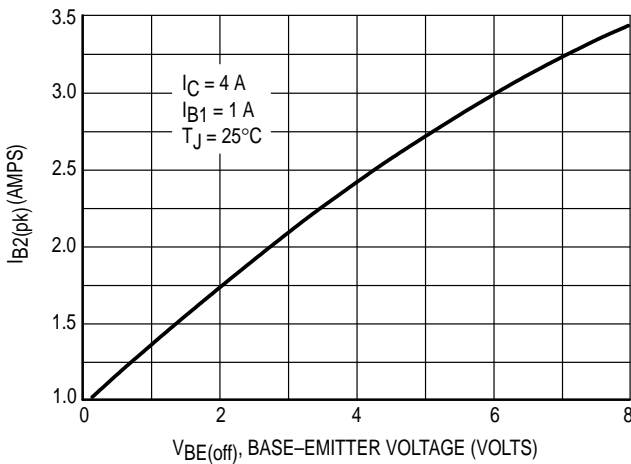
The Safe Operating Area figures shown in Figures 12 and 13 are specified for these devices under the test conditions shown.



**Figure 12. Maximum Forward Bias Safe Operating Area**



**Figure 13. RBSOA, Maximum Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area**



**Figure 14. Peak Reverse Base Current**

## SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

### FORWARD BIAS

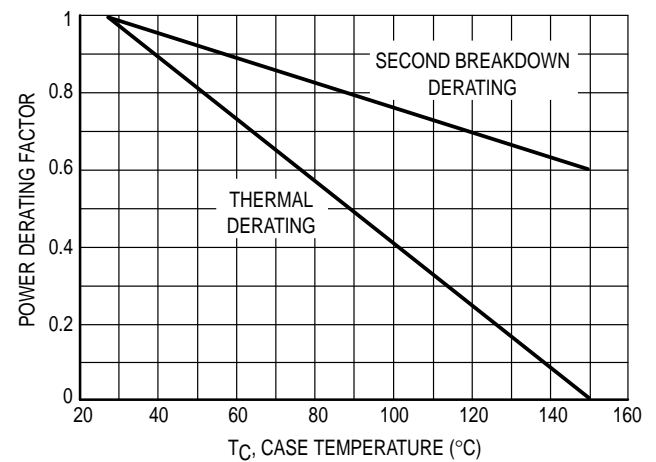
There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate  $I_C - V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation, i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Figure 12 is based on  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $T_{J(pk)}$  is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when  $T_C \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$ . Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Figure 12 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Figure 15.

$T_{J(pk)}$  may be calculated from the data in Figure 11. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

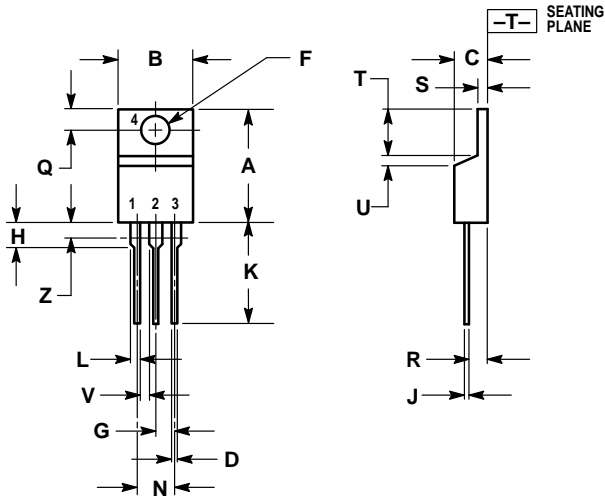
### REVERSE BIAS

For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and represents the voltage-current condition allowable during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Figure 13 gives the RBSOA characteristics.



**Figure 15. Forward Bias Power Derating**

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS




- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
  3. DIMENSION Z DEFINES A ZONE WHERE ALL BODY AND LEAD IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

| DIM | INCHES |       | MILLIMETERS |       |
|-----|--------|-------|-------------|-------|
|     | MIN    | MAX   | MIN         | MAX   |
| A   | 0.570  | 0.620 | 14.48       | 15.75 |
| B   | 0.380  | 0.405 | 9.66        | 10.28 |
| C   | 0.160  | 0.190 | 4.07        | 4.82  |
| D   | 0.025  | 0.035 | 0.64        | 0.88  |
| F   | 0.142  | 0.147 | 3.61        | 3.73  |
| G   | 0.095  | 0.105 | 2.42        | 2.66  |
| H   | 0.110  | 0.155 | 2.80        | 3.93  |
| J   | 0.018  | 0.025 | 0.46        | 0.64  |
| K   | 0.500  | 0.562 | 12.70       | 14.27 |
| L   | 0.045  | 0.060 | 1.15        | 1.52  |
| N   | 0.190  | 0.210 | 4.83        | 5.33  |
| Q   | 0.100  | 0.120 | 2.54        | 3.04  |
| R   | 0.080  | 0.110 | 2.04        | 2.79  |
| S   | 0.045  | 0.055 | 1.15        | 1.39  |
| T   | 0.235  | 0.255 | 5.97        | 6.47  |
| U   | 0.000  | 0.050 | 0.00        | 1.27  |
| V   | 0.045  | —     | 1.15        | —     |
| Z   | —      | 0.080 | —           | 2.04  |

- STYLE 1:  
 PIN 1. BASE  
 2. COLLECTOR  
 3. EMITTER  
 4. COLLECTOR

CASE 221A-06  
 TO-220AB  
 ISSUE Y

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