## MC14554B

## 2-Bit by 2-Bit Parallel Binary Multiplier

The MC14554B $2 \times 2$-bit parallel binary multiplier is constructed with complementary MOS (CMOS) enhancement mode devices. The multiplier can perform the multiplication of two binary numbers and simultaneously add two other binary numbers to the product. The MC14554B has two multiplicand inputs ( X 0 and X 1 ), two multiplier inputs ( Y 0 and Y 1 ), five cascading or adding inputs (K0, K1, M0, M1, and M2), and five sum and carry outputs (S0, S1, S2, C1 [S3], and C0). The basic multiplier can be expanded into a straightforward $m$-bit by $n$-bit parallel multiplier without additional logic elements.

Application areas include arithmetic processing (multiplying/adding, obtaining square roots, polynomial evaluation, obtaining reciprocals, and dividing), Fast Fourier Transform processing, digital filtering, communications (convolution and correlation), and process and machine controls.

- Diode Protection on All Inputs
- All Outputs Buffered
- Straight-forward m-Bit By n-Bit Expansion
- No Additional Logic Elements Needed for Expansion
- Multiplies and Adds Simultaneously
- Positive Logic Design
- Supply Voltage Range = 3.0 Vdc to 18 Vdc
- Capable of Driving Two Low-Power TTL Loads or One Low-Power Schottky TTL Load Over the Rated Temperature Range
MAXIMUM RATINGS* (Voltages Referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ )

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | DC Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +18.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {in }}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ | Input or Output Voltage (DC or Transient) | -0.5 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {in }}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {out }}$ | Input or Output Current (DC or Transient), <br> per Pin | $\pm 10$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Power Dissipation, per Package $\dagger$ | 500 | mW |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Lead Temperature (8-Second Soldering) | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

* Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. $\dagger$ Temperature Derating:

Plastic "P and D/DW" Packages: $-7.0 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ From $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ To $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ceramic "L" Packages: - $12 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ From $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ To $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


ORDERING INFORMATION

| MC14XXXBCP | Plastic |
| :--- | :--- |
| MC14XXXBCL | Ceramic |
| MC14XXXBD | SOIC |

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-55^{\circ}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for all packages.

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. For proper operation, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ should be constrained to the range $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}} \leq\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}\right.$ or $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}\right) \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$.

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ or $\left.V_{D D}\right)$. Unused outputs must be left open.

## EQUATIONS

$S=(X \times Y)+K+M$
Where:
x Means Arithmetic Times.

+ Means Arithmetic Plus.
$S=S 3 S 2 S 1 S 0, X=X 1 X 0, Y=Y 1 Y 0$,
K = K1 K0, M = M1 M0 (Binary Numbers).
Example:
Given: $X=2(1), Y=3(11)$

$$
\mathrm{K}=1(01), \mathrm{M}=2(10)
$$

Then: $S=(2 \times 3)+1+2=9$

$$
S=(10 \times 11)+01+10=1001
$$

NOTE: C0 connected to M2 for this size multiplier. See general expansion diagram for other size multipliers.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages Referenced to VSS)

| Characteristic | Symbol | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VDD } \\ & \text { Vdc } \end{aligned}$ | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Max | Min | Typ \# | Max | Min | Max |  |
| Output Voltage "0" Level <br> $V_{\text {in }}=V_{D D}$ or 0  <br>  " 1 " Level <br> $V_{\text {in }}=0$ or $V_{D D}$  | V OL | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | - | 0 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | Vdc |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.95 \\ 9.95 \\ 14.95 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.95 \\ 9.95 \\ 14.95 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4.95 \\ 9.95 \\ 14.95 \end{gathered}$ | - | Vdc |
| Input Voltage " $0 "$ Level <br> $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=4.5\right.$ or 0.5 Vdc$)$  <br> $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=9.0\right.$ or 1.0 Vdc$)$  <br> $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=13.5\right.$ or 1.5 Vdc$)$  <br>   <br>   <br> $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0.5\right.$ or 4.5 Vdc$)$  <br> $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.0\right.$ or 9.0 Vdc$)$  <br> $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.5\right.$ or 13.5 Vdc$)$  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | 5.0 10 15 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2.25 \\ & 4.50 \\ & 6.75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ | Vdc |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 7.0 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 7.0 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.75 \\ & 5.50 \\ & 8.25 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 7.0 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | - | Vdc |
| Output Drive Current  <br> $(\mathrm{VOH}=2.5 \mathrm{Vdc})$ Source <br> $(\mathrm{VOH}=4.6 \mathrm{Vdc})$  <br> $(\mathrm{VOH}=9.5 \mathrm{Vdc})$  <br> $(\mathrm{VOH}=13.5 \mathrm{Vdc})$  | ${ }^{\mathrm{IOH}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -3.0 \\ -0.64 \\ -1.6 \\ -4.2 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} -2.4 \\ -0.51 \\ -1.3 \\ -3.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -4.2 \\ -0.88 \\ -2.25 \\ -8.8 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} -1.7 \\ -0.36 \\ -0.9 \\ -2.4 \end{gathered}$ | - | mAdc |
| $\begin{array}{ll} (\mathrm{VOL}=0.4 \mathrm{Vdc}) & \text { Sink } \\ (\mathrm{VOL}=0.5 \mathrm{Vdc}) & \\ \left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}=1.5 \mathrm{Vdc}\right) & \end{array}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OL }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.64 \\ 1.6 \\ 4.2 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.51 \\ 1.3 \\ 3.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.88 \\ 2.25 \\ 8.8 \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.36 \\ 0.9 \\ 2.4 \end{gathered}$ | - | mAdc |
| Input Current | in | 15 | - | $\pm 0.1$ | - | $\pm 0.00001$ | $\pm 0.1$ | - | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| Input Capacitance $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{in}}=0\right)$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {in }}$ | - | - | - | - | 5.0 | 7.5 | - | - | pF |
| Quiescent Current (Per Package) | IDD | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.005 \\ & 0.010 \\ & 0.015 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 300 \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |
| Total Supply Current** $\dagger$ <br> (Dynamic plus Quiescent, Per Package) ( $C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ on all outputs, all buffers switching) | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{~T}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I} T=(1.0 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{kHz}) \mathrm{f}+\mathrm{IDD} \\ & \mathrm{IT}=(2.0 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{kHz}) \mathrm{f}+\mathrm{IDD} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}=(3.0 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{kHz}) \mathrm{f}+\mathrm{IDD} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{Adc}$ |

\#Data labelled "Typ" is not to be used for design purposes but is intended as an indication of the IC's potential performance.
** The formulas given are for the typical characteristics only at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
†To calculate total supply current at loads other than 50 pF :

$$
\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}\right)=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}}(50 \mathrm{pF})+\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}-50\right) \mathrm{Vfk}
$$

where: $I_{\top}$ is in $\mu \mathrm{A}$ (per package), $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ in $\mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{V}=\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}\right)$ in volts, f in kHz is input frequency, and $\mathrm{k}=0.0035$.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS* ${ }^{*}\left(C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ )

| Characteristic | Symbol | VDD | Min | Typ \# | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Output Rise and Fall Time } \\ & \text { t } \mathrm{TLH}, \mathrm{t} \mathrm{t} H \mathrm{HL}=(1.5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+25 \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{TL} L \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t} \mathrm{t} H L}=(0.75 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+12.5 \mathrm{~ns} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{TLH}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{t} H L}=(0.55 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+9.5 \mathrm{~ns} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tTLH, } \\ & { }^{\text {tTHL }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 50 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 100 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | ns |
| ```Propagation Delay Time K0 to C0 tPLH, tPHL \(=(1.7 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+185 \mathrm{~ns}\) tPLH, tPHL \(=(0.66 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{CL}_{\mathrm{L}}+82 \mathrm{~ns}\) tPLH, tPHL \(=(0.5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+60 \mathrm{~ns}\) M0 to S2 tPLH, tPHL \(=(1.7 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+595 \mathrm{~ns}\) \(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PLH}}, \mathrm{tPHL}=(0.66 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+247 \mathrm{~ns}\) tPLH, tPHL \(=(0.5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{pF}) \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}+185 \mathrm{~ns}\)``` | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { tPLH, } \\ & \text { tPHL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \\ & \\ & 5.0 \\ & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | - - - - - | $\begin{gathered} 270 \\ 115 \\ 85 \\ \\ 680 \\ 280 \\ 210 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 675 \\ 290 \\ 215 \\ \\ 1700 \\ 750 \\ 570 \end{gathered}$ | ns |

*The formulas given are for the typical characteristics only at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
\#Data labelled "Typ" is not to be used for design purposes but is intended as an indication of the IC's potential performance.


Figure 1. Dynamic Power Dissipation Waveforms


For K0 to C0:
Inputs X0, X1, Y0, Y1, K1, and M2 low, and inputs M 0 and M 1 high.
For M0 to S2:
Inputs X1, Y1, and K0 low, and inputs X0, Y0, K1, M1, and M2 high.

Figure 2. Dynamic Signal Waveforms

## LOGIC DIAGRAM



## EXPANSION DIAGRAM

m-Bit by $\mathbf{n}$-Bit Parallel Binary Multiplier (Top View)



## D SUFFIX

PLASTIC SOIC PACKAGE
CASE 751B-05
ISSUE J


NOTES:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ansi Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MLLIIMETER.
3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALOOWABLEDAMBAR
PROTRUSION SHALL BE $0.127(0.005)$ TOTAL
 IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION A.
MAXIMUM MATERAL CONDITION.

| DIM | MILLIMETERS |  | INCHES |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | MIN |  | MAX | MIN |  |
| MAX |  |  |  |  |  |
| A | 9.80 | 10.00 | 0.386 | 0.393 |  |
| B | 3.80 | 4.00 | 0.150 | 0.157 |  |
| C | 1.35 | 1.75 | 0.054 | 0.068 |  |
| D | 0.35 | 0.49 | 0.014 | 0.019 |  |
| F | 0.40 | 1.25 | 0.016 | 0.049 |  |
| G | 1.27 |  | BSC | 0.050 BSC |  |
| J | 0.19 | 0.25 | 0.008 | 0.009 |  |
| K | 0.10 | 0.25 | 0.004 | 0.009 |  |
| M | 0 | $7^{\circ}$ | $7^{\circ}$ | $0^{\circ}$ |  |
| P | 5.80 | 6.20 | 0.229 | $7^{\circ} 0.244$ |  |
| R | 0.25 | 0.50 | 0.010 | 0.019 |  |

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