AUTOMOTIVE RELAY

mm inch

## FEATURES

- Small size

The smallest double make type relay $12.0(\mathrm{~W}) \times 15.5(\mathrm{~L}) \times 13.9(\mathrm{H}) \mathrm{mm}$ $.472(\mathrm{~W}) \times .610(\mathrm{~L}) \times .547(\mathrm{H})$ inch

- Pattern design simplification Simplified pattern design is possible because, while double make construction is employed, the external COM terminal is single.
- Standard terminal pitch employed The terminal array used is identical to that used in JJM relays(1c type).
- Plastic sealed type

Plastically sealed for automotive cleaning.

<Schematic>

## SPECIFICATIONS

Contact

| Arrangement |  | Double make contact |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact material |  | Ag alloy (Cadmium free) |
| Initial contact resistance (Initial) (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A) |  | Typ. $10 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ |
| Contact voltage drop |  | Max. 0.25 V (at $2 \times 6 \mathrm{~A}$ ) |
| Rating | Nominal switching capacity | $\begin{gathered} 12 \mathrm{~A} 14 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ \text { (at } 2 \times 6 \mathrm{~A}, \text { lamp load) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Max. carrying current | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \times 6 \mathrm{~A}\left(12 \mathrm{~V} \text {, at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right), \\ & 2 \times 4 \mathrm{~A}\left(12 \mathrm{~V} \text {, at } 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Min. switching capacity ${ }^{\# 1}$ | 1A 12V DC |
| Expected life (min. operations) | Mechanical (at 120cpm) | Min. $10{ }^{7}$ |
|  | Electrical (lamp load) | Min. 105*1 |

## Coil

| Nominal operating power | $1,000 \mathrm{~mW}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

\#1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

## Remarks

${ }^{*_{1}}$ At 12A 14V DC (lamp), operating frequency: 1s ON, 14s OFF
*2 Measurement at same location as "initial breakdown voltage" section.
${ }^{* 3}$ Detection current: 10 mA
*4 Excluding contact bounce time.
${ }^{* 5}$ Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms ; detection time: $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
${ }^{*} 6$ Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms
${ }^{* 7}$ Detection time: $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
${ }^{* 8}$ Time of vibration for each direction; $X, Y$ direction: 2 hours $Z$ direction: 4 hours

*9 Refer to " 6 . Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT
ENVIRONMENT section in Relay Technical Information.
Please inquire if you will be using the relay in a high temperature atmosphere ( $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 230^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ).

## Characteristics

| Max. operating speed (at nominal switching capacity) |  |  | 4 cpm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Initial insulation resistance*2 |  |  | Min. $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ (at 500 V DC) |
| Initial breakdown voltage*3 | Between open contacts |  | 500 Vrms for 1min. |
|  | Between contact and coil |  | 500 Vrms for 1min. |
| Operate time*4 <br> (at nominal voltage)(at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |  |  | Max. 10 ms (Initial) |
| Release time (without diode)*4 (at nominal voltage)(at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ) |  |  | Max. 10 ms (Initial) |
| Shock resistance |  | Functional*5 | Min. $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{10 \mathrm{G}\}$ |
|  |  | Destructive*6 | Min. $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{100 \mathrm{G}\}$ |
| Vibration resistance |  | Functiona\|*7 | 10 Hz to 100 Hz , <br> Min. $44.1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{4.5 \mathrm{G}\}$ |
|  |  | Destructive*8 | 10 Hz to 500 Hz , <br> Min. $44.1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{4.5 \mathrm{G}\}$ |
| Conditions in case of operation, transport and storage*9 (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature) |  | Ambient temp. | $\begin{aligned} & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { to }+185^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Humidity | 5\% R.H. to 85\% R.H. |
| Mass |  |  | Approx. 5 g .176 oz |

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Car alarm system flashing lamp etc.

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Ex. JJM $\stackrel{2}{2 \mathrm{w}}$ | Coil voltage (DC) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Contact arrangement | 12 V |
| Double make contact |  |

## JJ-M(2w)

## TYPES AND COIL DATA (at $\mathbf{2 0}^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ )

- Single side stable type

| Part No. | Nominal <br> voltage, <br> V DC | Pick-up voltage, <br> V DC <br> (Initial) | Drop-out <br> voltage, <br> V DC <br> (Initial) | Coil resistance <br> $\Omega$ | Nominal <br> operating <br> current, <br> mA | Nominal <br> operating power, <br> mW | Usable voltage <br> range, <br> V DC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JJM2w-12V | 12 | Max. 6.9 | Min. 1.0 | $144 \pm 10 \%$ | $83.3 \pm 10 \%$ | 1,000 | 10 to 16 |

DIMENSIONS(mm inch)


Download CAD Data from our Web site.

Schematic (Bottom view)


Dimension:
Max. 1mm . 039 inch:

Min. 3mm . 118 inch:

PC board pattern (Bottom view)


Tolerance: $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

* Dimensions (thickness and width) of terminal in this catalog is measured before pre-soldering Intervals between terminals is measured at A surface level.


## EXAMPLE OF CIRCUIT



## REFERENCE DATA

1. Coil temperature rise

Sample: JJM2w-12V, 6pcs.
Point measured: Inside the coil
Contact carrying current: $2 \times 6 \mathrm{~A}, 2 \times 4 \mathrm{~A}$
Ambient temperature: Room temperature, $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$185{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

4. Distribution of operate time Sample: JJM2W-12V, 50pcs.

2. Ambient temperature and operating voltage range

3. Distribution of pick-up and drop-out voltage Sample: JJM2W-12V, 50pcs.

5. Distribution of release time

Sample: JJM2W-12V, 50pcs.

* Without diode


6. Electrical life test (Lamp load)

Sample: JJM2w-12V, 6pcs
Load: 5.5A, inrush 48A, $6 \times 21 \mathrm{~W}$
Operating frequency: (ON : OFF = 1s : 14s)
Ambient temperature: Room temperature

Circuit:


## Load current waveform

Current value per contact on one side Inrush current: 48A, Steady current: 5.5A $10 \mathrm{~A}+$
,


200 ms

Change of pick-up and drop-out voltage


Change of contact resistance


For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information.

