1 M SRAM (128-kword  $\times$  8-bit)

# **HITACHI**

ADE-203-996 (Z) Preliminary, Rev. 0.0 Jan. 20, 1999

#### **Description**

The Hitachi HM628128D Series is 1-Mbit static RAM organized 131,072-kword × 8-bit. HM628128D Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing Hi-CMOS process technology. The HM628128D Series offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It has package variations of standard 32-pin plastic DIP, standard 32-pin plastic SOP and standard 32-pin plastic TSOPI.

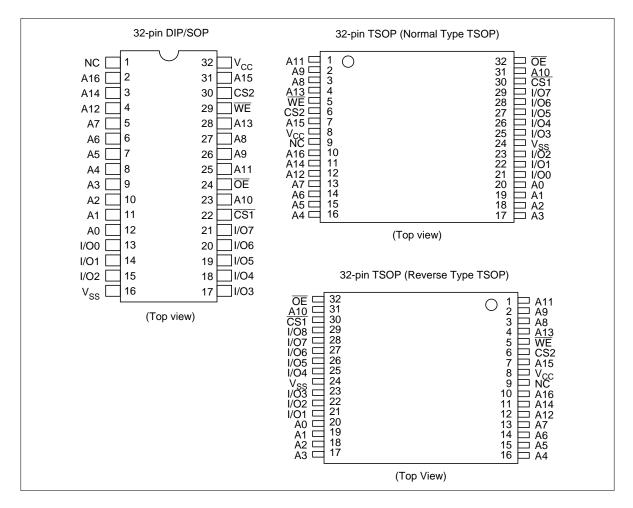
#### **Features**

- Single 5 V supply: 5 V ± 10%
  Access time: 55 ns/70 ns (max)
- Power dissipation
  - Active: 30 mW/MHz (typ)
- Standby: 10 μW (typ)
- Completely static memory.
  - No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output
  - Three state output
- Directly TTL compatible all inputs
- Battery backup operation
  - 2 chip selection for battery backup

## **Ordering Information**

Type No.	Access time	Package
HM628128DLP-5 HM628128DLP-7	55 ns 70 ns	600-mil 32-pin plastic DIP (DP-32)
HM628128DLP-5SL HM628128DLP-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLP-5UL HM628128DLP-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLFP-5 HM628128DLFP-7	55 ns 70 ns	525-mil 32-pin plastic SOP (FP-32D)
HM628128DLFP-5SL HM628128DLFP-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLFP-5UL HM628128DLFP-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLTS-5 HM628128DLTS-7	55 ns 70 ns	$8 \times 13.4 \text{ mm } 32\text{-pin plastic TSOP I (TFP-32DC)}$
HM628128DLTS-5SL HM628128DLTS-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLTS-5UL HM628128DLTS-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLT-5 HM628128DLT-7	55 ns 70 ns	Normal-bend type 8 × 20 mm 32-pin plastic TSOP I (TFP-32D)
HM628128DLT-5SL HM628128DLT-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLT-5UL HM628128DLT-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLR-5 HM628128DLR-7	55 ns 70 ns	Reverse-bend type 8 × 20 mm 32-pin plastic TSOP I (TFP-32DR)
HM628128DLR-5SL HM628128DLR-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	
HM628128DLR-5UL HM628128DLR-7UL	55 ns 70 ns	

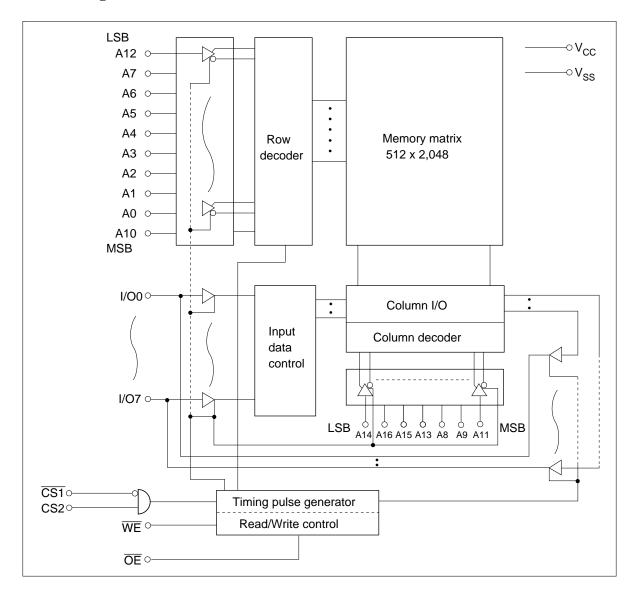
#### **Pin Arrangement**



#### **Pin Description**

Pin name	Function
A0 to A16	Address input
I/O0 to I/O7	Data input/output
CS1	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
NC	No connection

### **Block Diagram**



### **Operation Table**

CS1	CS2	WE	OE	I/O	Operation	
Н	Н	×	×	High-Z	Standby	_
L	L	×	×	High-Z	Standby	
L	L	×	×	High-Z	Standby	
L	Н	Н	L	Dout	Read	
L	Н	L	Н	Din	Write	_
L	Н	L	L	Din	Write	
L	Н	Н	Н	High-Z	Output disable	_

Note: H:  $V_{IH}$ , L:  $V_{IL}$ ,  $\times$ :  $V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ 

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage relative to V <sub>ss</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to V <sub>ss</sub>	V <sub>T</sub>	$-0.5^{*1}$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3^{*2}$	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	1.0	W
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-20 to +85	°C

Notes: 1.  $V_T$  min: -1.5 V for pulse half-width  $\leq$  30 ns

2. Maximum voltage is +7.0 V

### **DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
	V <sub>SS</sub>	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	_	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V	
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3	_	0.8	V	1
Ambient temperature range	Та	-20	_	+70	°C	

Note: 1.  $V_{IL}$  min: -1.5 V for pulse half-width  $\leq 30$  ns

#### **DC** Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ*1	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leakage current	I <sub>Li</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	$Vin = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$
Output leakage current	I <sub>LO</sub>		_	1	μΑ	
Operating current	I <sub>cc</sub>	_	_	15	mA	$\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}, CS2 = V_{IH},$ others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}, I_{I/O} = 0 \text{ mA}$
Average operating current	I <sub>cc1</sub>	_	_	60	mA	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Min cycle, duty} = 100\% \\ &\text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA, } \overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{CS2} \\ &= \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{Others} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}} \end{aligned}$
	I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	6	20	mA	$\begin{split} &\text{Cycle time} = 1 \; \mu\text{s}, \\ &\text{duty} = 100\%, \\ &\text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \; \text{mA}, \; \overline{\text{CS1}} \leq 0.2 \; \text{V}, \\ &\text{CS2} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \; \text{V}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IH}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \; \text{V}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IL}} \leq 0.2 \; \text{V} \end{split}$
Standby current	I <sub>SB</sub>	_	_	2	mA	(1) $\overline{CS1} = V_{IH}$ , $CS2 = V_{IH}$ , or (2) $CS2 = V_{IL}$
	*2   <sub>SB1</sub>	_	2	100	μΑ	0 V $\leq$ Vin (1) 0 V $\leq$ CS2 $\leq$ 0.2 V or (2) $\overline{\text{CS1}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ $\text{CS2} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$
	I <sub>SB1</sub> *3	_	2	50	μΑ	
	<sub>SB1</sub> *4	_	1	20	μΑ	
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	_		V	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$
Output low voltage	$V_{OL}$		_	0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA

Notes: 1. Typical values are at  $V_{cc} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and specified loading, and not guaranteed.

- 2. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L version.
- 3. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L-SL version.
- 4. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L-UL version.

#### **Capacitance** (Ta = +25°C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	Cin	_	8	pF	Vin = 0 V	1
Input/output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	_	10	pF	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V	1

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

AC Characteristics (Ta = -20 to +70 °C,  $V_{CC}$  = 5.0 V  $\pm$  10%, unless otherwise noted.)

#### **Test Conditions**

• Input pulse levels:  $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}, V_{IH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ 

• Input rise and fall time: 5 ns

Input timing reference levels: 1.5 VOutput timing reference level: 1.5 V

• Output load: 1 TTL Gate+ CL (100 pF) (HM628128D-7)

1 TTL Gate+ CL (50 pF) (HM628128D-5)

(Including scope and jig)

#### **Read Cycle**

#### HM628128D

		-5		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	55	_	70	_	ns	
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>	_	55	_	70	ns	
Chip select access time	t <sub>ACS1</sub>	_	55		70	ns	
	t <sub>ACS2</sub>	_	55		70	ns	
Output enable to output valid	t <sub>OE</sub>	_	30	_	35	ns	
Output hold from address change	t <sub>oh</sub>	10		10	<del></del>	ns	
Chip selection to output in low-Z	t <sub>CLZ1</sub>	10	<del>_</del>	10	_	ns	2, 3
	t <sub>CLZ2</sub>	10	_	10	_	ns	2, 3
Output enable to output in low-Z	t <sub>OLZ</sub>	5		5	<del></del>	ns	2, 3
Chip deselection to output in high-Z	t <sub>CHZ1</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
	t <sub>CHZ2</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3

#### Write Cycle

#### HM628128D

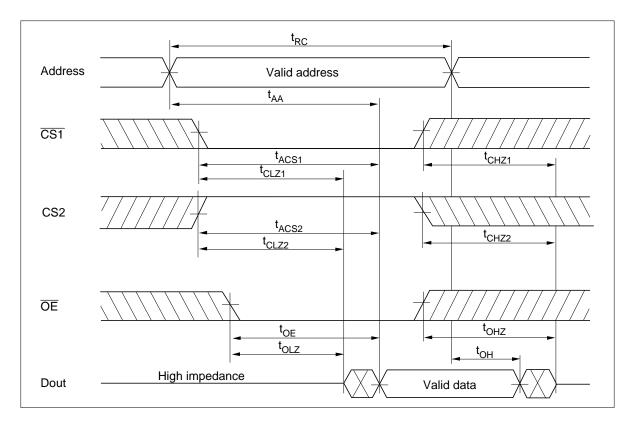
		-5		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t <sub>wc</sub>	55	_	70	_	ns	
Address valid to end of write	t <sub>AW</sub>	50		60	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t <sub>cw</sub>	50		60		ns	5
Write pulse width	t <sub>wP</sub>	40		50	_	ns	4, 13
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0		0	_	ns	6
Write recovery time	t <sub>wR</sub>	0		0		ns	7
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	20		25	_	ns	
Data hold from write time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0		0	_	ns	
Output active from output in high-Z	t <sub>ow</sub>	5		5		ns	2
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 8
WE to output in high-Z	t <sub>wHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 8

Notes: 1. t<sub>CHZ</sub>, t<sub>OHZ</sub> and t<sub>WHZ</sub> are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

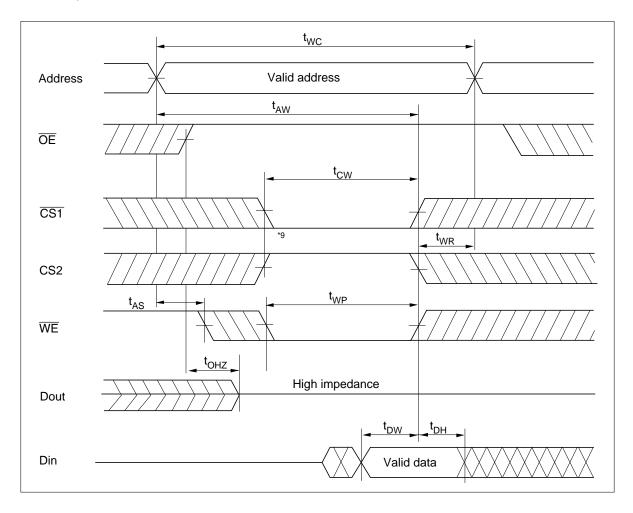
- 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 3. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZ}$  max is less than  $t_{LZ}$  min both for a given device and from device to device.
- 4. A write occurs during the overlap  $(t_{WP})$  of a low  $\overline{CS1}$ , a high  $\overline{CS2}$ , and a low  $\overline{WE}$ . A write begins at the later transition of  $\overline{CS1}$  going low, CS2 going high, or  $\overline{WE}$  going low. A write ends at the earlier transition of  $\overline{CS1}$  going high, CS2 going low, or  $\overline{WE}$  going high.  $t_{WP}$  is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 5.  $t_{CW}$  is measured from  $\overline{CS1}$  going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
- 6.  $t_{AS}$  is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- t<sub>WR</sub> is measured from the earlier of WE or CS1 going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.
- 8. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state; therefore, the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
- 9. If the  $\overline{\text{CS1}}$  goes low or CS2 going high simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going low or after  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going low, the output remain in a high impedance state.
- 10. Dout is the same phase of the write data of this write cycle.
- 11. Dout is the read data of next address.
- 12. If  $\overline{\text{CS1}}$  is low and CS2 high during this period, I/O pins are in the output state. Therefore, the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to them.
- 13. In the write cycle with  $\overline{OE}$  low fixed,  $t_{WP}$  must satisfy the following equation to avoid a problem of data bus contention.  $t_{WP} \ge t_{DW}$  min +  $t_{WHZ}$  max

### **Timing Waveforms**

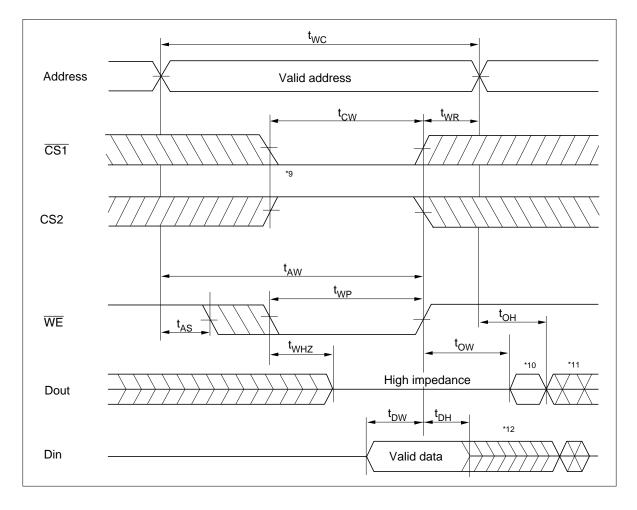
Read Cycle  $(\overline{WE} = V_{IH})$ 



### Write Cycle (1) $(\overline{OE} \operatorname{Clock})$



### Write Cycle (2) $(\overline{OE} = V_{IL})$



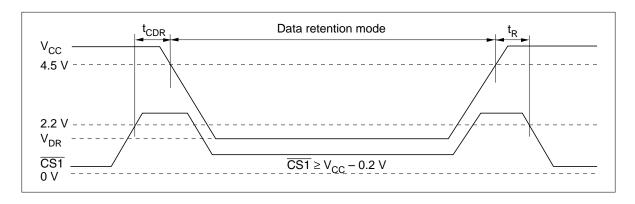
**Low V**<sub>CC</sub> **Data Retention Characteristics** ( $Ta = -20 \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ* <sup>5</sup>	Max	Unit	Test conditions*4
V <sub>cc</sub> for data retention	$V_{DR}$	2.0	_	_	V	Vin ≥ 0V (1) 0 V ≤ CS2 ≤ 0.2 V or (2) $\frac{\text{CS2}}{\text{CS1}}$ ≥ $\frac{\text{V}}{\text{CC}}$ − 0.2 V
Data retention current	I_tccDR*1	_	1.0	50	μΑ	$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vin } \ge 0 \text{ V}$ (1) $0 \text{ V} \le \text{CS2} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$ or (2) $\frac{\text{CS2}}{\text{CS1}} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ $\frac{\text{CS1}}{\text{CS1}} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$
	I <sub>CCDR</sub> *2	_	1.0	15	μΑ	
	I <sub>CCDR</sub> *3	_	0.5	10	μΑ	
Chip deselect to data retention time	$t_{\text{CDR}}$	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>RC</sub> *6	_	_	ns	

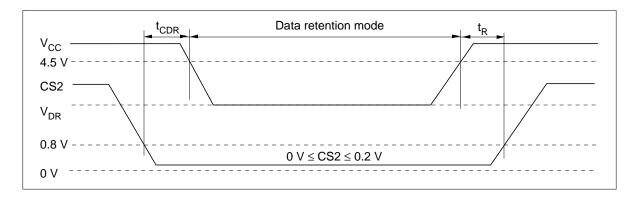
Notes: 1. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version, 20  $\mu$ A max. at Ta = -20 to +40°C.

- 2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL-version, 3  $\mu$ A max. at Ta = -20 to +40°C.
- 3. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-UL-version, 1  $\mu$ A max. at Ta = -20 to +40°C.
- 4. CS2 controls address buffer,  $\overline{WE}$  buffer,  $\overline{CS1}$  buffer,  $\overline{OE}$  buffer, and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address,  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CS1}$ , I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If  $\overline{CS1}$  controls data retention mode, CS2 must be  $CS2 \ge V_{CC} 0.2$  V or 0 V  $\le CS2 \le 0.2$  V. The other input levels (address,  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{OE}$ , I/O) can be in the high impedance state.
- 5. Typical values are at  $V_{cc} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$  and specified loading, and not guaranteed.
- 6.  $t_{RC}$  = read cycle time.

Low  $V_{CC}$  Data Retention Timing Waveform (1) ( $\overline{CS1}$  Controlled)

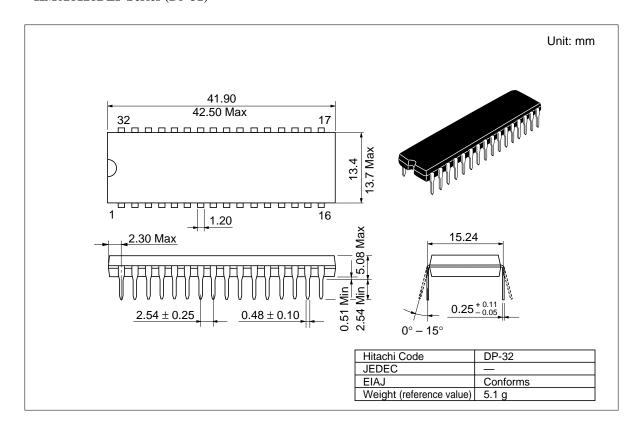


### $Low~V_{CC}~Data~Retention~Timing~Waveform~(2)~(CS2~Controlled)\\$

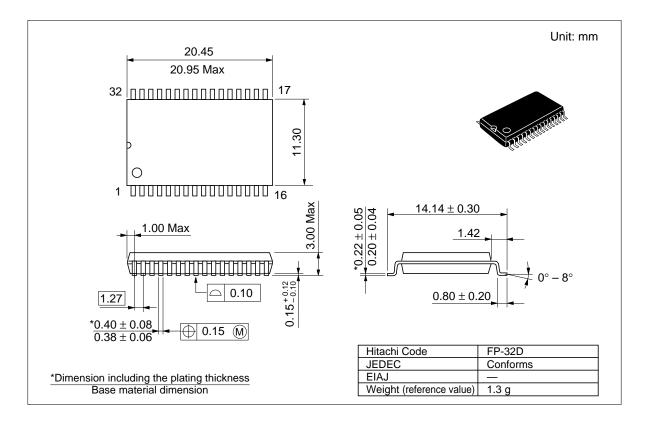


### **Package Dimensions**

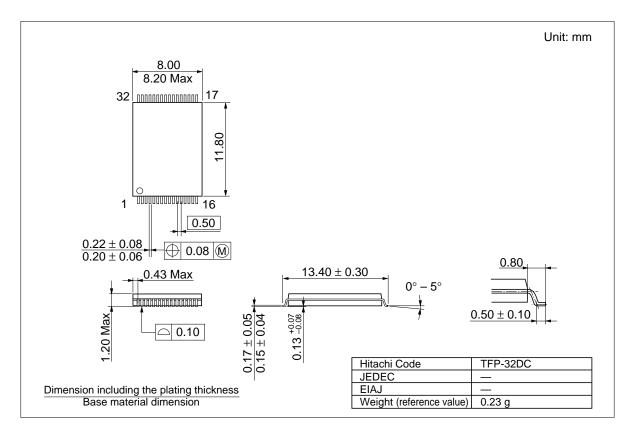
#### **HM628128DLP Series** (DP-32)



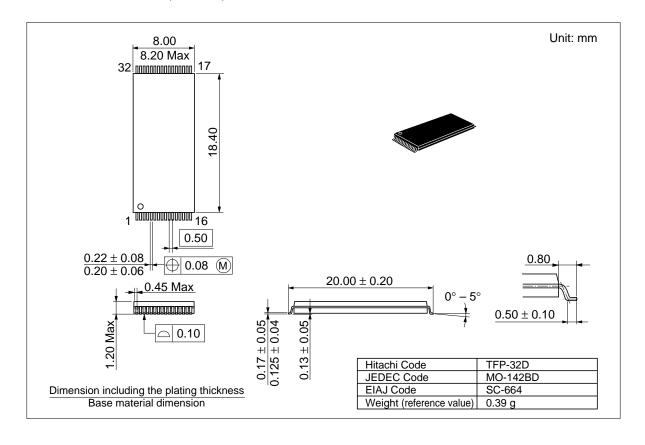
#### HM628128DLFP Series (FP-32D)



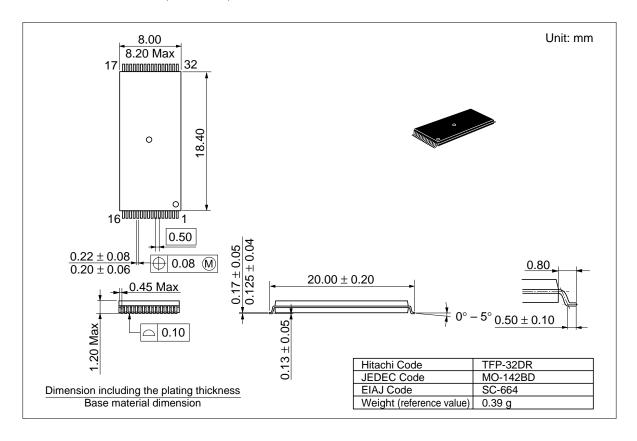
#### HM628128DLTS Series (TFP-32DC)



#### HM628128DLT Series (TFP-32D)



#### HM628128DLR Series (TFP-32DR)



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