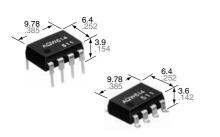


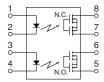
Panasonic ideas for life

Compact DIP (1Form A/ 1Form B) 8-pin type. Controls load voltage 400V.

GU PhotoMOS (AQW614)



mm inch



RoHS Directive compatibility information http://www.mew.co.jp/ac/e/environment/

FEATURES

- 1. Approx. 1/2 the space compared with the mounting of a set of 1 Form A and 1 Form B photoMOS relays
- 2. Applicable for 1 Form A 1 Form B use as well as two independent 1 Form A and 1 Form B use
- 3. Low thermal electromotive force (Approx. 1 $\mu\text{V})$
- 4. Eliminates the need for a counter electromotive force protection diode in the drive circuits on the input side
- 5. Controls load currents up to 0.13 A with an input current of 5 mA with load voltage of 400 V
- 6. High speed switching: operate time of 300 μs typical.
- 7. Eliminates the need for a power supply to drive the power MOSFET

- 8. Extremely low closed-circuit offset voltages to enable control of small analog signals without distortion (Typical 100 pA at 400 V)
- 9. Stable on resistance

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- High-speed inspection machines
- Telephone equipment
- Computer

TYPES

Туре	Output rating*		Part No.					
	Load voltage	Load current	Through hole terminal	Surface-mount terminal			Packing quantity	
			Tube packing style		Tape and reel packing style			
					Picked from the 1/2/3-pin side	Picked from the 4/5/6-pin side	Tube	Tape and reel
AC/DC type	400 V	100 mA	AQW614	AQW614A	AQW614AX	AQW614AZ	1 tube contains 40 pcs. 1 batch contains 400 pcs.	1,000 pcs.

^{*}Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, the SMD terminal shape indicator "A" and the package style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the relay.

RATINGS

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

	Item	Symbol	AQW614(A)	Remarks	
	LED forward current	lF	50 mA		
lmmt	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V		
Input	Peak forward current	IFP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%	
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW		
	Load voltage	VL	400 V		
Output	Continuous load current	IL	0.1 A (0.13 A)	Peak AC, DC (): in case of using only 1a or 1b, 1 channel	
	Peak load current	Ipeak	0.3 A	100 ms (1 shot), V _L = DC	
	Power dissipation	Pout	800 mW		
Total power dissipation		P⊤	850 mW		
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	1,500 V AC	Between input and output/between contact sets	
Town a ratura limita	Operating	Topr	−40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures	
Temperature limits	Storage	Tstg	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F		

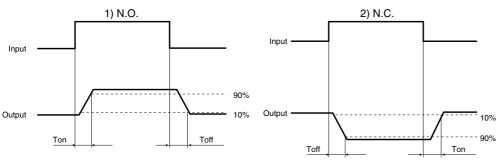
2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

	Item		Symbol	AQW614(A)	Condition	
Input	LED operate (OFF) current	Typical	IFon (N.O.)	0.9 mA	IL = 100 mA	
	LED operate (OFF) current	Maximum	IFoff (N.C.)	3 mA	IL = TOO IIIA	
	LED reverse (ON) everent	Minimum	IFoff (N.O.)	0.4 mA	IL = 100 mA	
	LED reverse (ON) current	Typical	IFon (N.C.)	0.8 mA	IL = 100 MA	
	LED dropout voltage	Typical	VF	1.25 V (1.14 V at I _F = 5 mA)	I _F = 50 mA	
	LED dropout voltage	Maximum	VF	1.5 V	IF = 50 MA	
Output		Typical		27 Ω	IF = 5 mA (N.O.) IF = 0 mA (N.C.) IL = 100 mA within 1 s on time	
	On resistance	Maximum	Ron	50 Ω		
	Off state leakage current	Maximum	ILeak	1 μΑ	I _F = 0 mA (N.O.) I _F = 5 mA (N.C.) V _L = 400 V	
Transfer characteristics	Operate (OFF) time*	Typical	Ton (N.O.)	0.28 ms (N.O.) 0.43 ms (N.C.)	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA} \rightarrow 5 \text{ mA}$	
	Operate (OFF) time*	Maximum	Toff (N.C.)	1 ms	I∟ = 100 mA	
	Deverse (ONI) time*	Typical	Toff (N.O.)	0.04 ms (N.O.) 0.3 ms (N.C.)	I _F = 5 mA → 0 mA I _L = 100 mA	
	Reverse (ON) time*	Maximum	Ton (N.C.)	1 ms		
	I/O conscitores	Typical	_	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz V _B = 0 V	
	I/O capacitance	Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF		
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC	

Note: Recommendable LED forward current $I_F = 5$ mA.

For type of connection.

*Operate/Reverse time

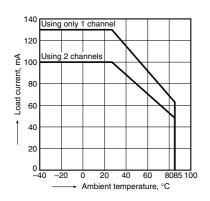


- **■** For Dimensions.
- **■** For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams.
- **■** For Cautions for Use.

REFERENCE DATA

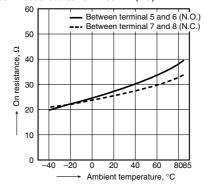
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F



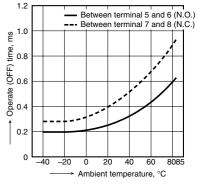
2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



3. Operate (OFF) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

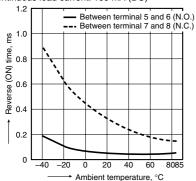
LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



GU PhotoMOS (AQW614)

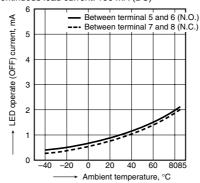
4. Reverse (ON) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



5. LED operate (OFF) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

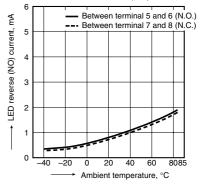
Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)



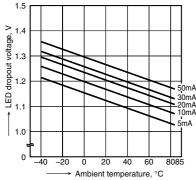
6. LED reverse (ON) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: 400 V (DC);

Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)

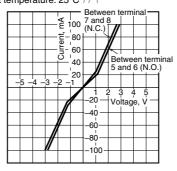


7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA



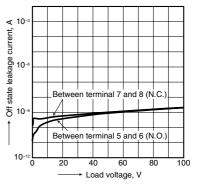
8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



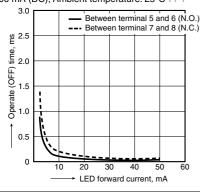
9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



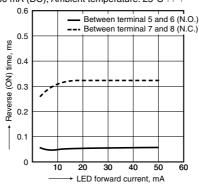
10. Operate (OFF) time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77



11. Reverse (ON) time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8: Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77



12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8: Frequency: 1 MHz;

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

