## DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines


## 74HC/HCT4016 Quad bilateral switches

File under Integrated Circuits, IC06

## FEATURES

- Low "ON" resistance:
$160 \Omega$ (typ.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$
$120 \Omega$ (typ.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V}$
$80 \Omega$ (typ.) at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=9.0 \mathrm{~V}$
- Individual switch controls
- Typical "break before make" built in
- Output capability: non-standard
- ICC category: SSI


## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 74HC/HCT4016 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with the " 4016 " of the
"4000B" series. They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT4016 have four independent analog switches (transmission gates).
Each switch has two input/output terminals $\left(Y_{n}, Z_{n}\right)$ and an active HIGH enable input $\left(E_{n}\right)$. When $E_{n}$ is connected to $V_{C C}$, a low bidirectional path between $Y_{n}$ and $Z_{n}$ is established (ON condition). When $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ is connected to ground (GND), the switch is disabled and a high impedance between $Y_{n}$ and $Z_{n}$ is established (OFF condition).

Current through a switch will not cause additional $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ current provided the voltage at the terminals of the switch is maintained within the supply voltage range; $V_{C C} \gg\left(V_{Y}, V_{Z}\right) \gg$ GND. Inputs $Y_{n}$ and $Z_{n}$ are electrically equivalent terminals.

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND $=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | TYPICAL |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | HC | HCT |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}$ | turn "ON" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF} ; \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 17 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}$ | turn "OFF" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ |  | 14 | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | input capacitance |  | 3.5 | 3.5 | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | power dissipation capacitance per switch | notes 1 and 2 | 12 | 12 | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {S }}$ | max. switch capacitance |  | 5 | 5 | pF |

## Notes

1. $C_{P D}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation $\left(P_{D}\right.$ in $\left.\mu W\right)$ :

$$
P_{D}=C_{P D} \times V_{C C}^{2} \times f_{i}+\sum\left\{\left(C_{L}+C_{S}\right) \times V_{C C}^{2} \times f_{o}\right\} \text { where: }
$$

$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}=$ input frequency in MHz
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}=$ output frequency in MHz
$\sum\left\{\left(C_{L}+C_{S}\right) \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{0}\right\}=$ sum of outputs
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=$ output load capacitance in pF
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{S}}=$ max. switch capacitance in pF
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=$ supply voltage in V
2. For HC the condition is $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$

For HCT the condition is $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-1.5 \mathrm{~V}$

## ORDERING INFORMATION

See "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information".

## PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN NO. | SYMBOL | NAME AND FUNCTION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1,4,8,11$ | $\mathrm{Y}_{0}$ to $\mathrm{Y}_{3}$ | independent inputs/outputs |
| 7 | GND | ground (0 V) |
| $2,3,9,10$ | $\mathrm{Z}_{0}$ to $\mathrm{Z}_{3}$ | independent inputs/outputs |
| $13,5,6,12$ | $\mathrm{E}_{0}$ to $\mathrm{E}_{3}$ | enable inputs (active HIGH) |
| 14 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | positive supply voltage |




Fig. 4 Functional diagram.

## APPLICATIONS

- Signal gating
- Modulation
- Demodulation
- Chopper


## FUNCTION TABLE

| INPUT <br> $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{n}}$ | CHANNEL <br> IMPEDANCE |
| :---: | :---: |
| L | high |
| H | low |

## Notes

1. $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{HIGH}$ voltage level

L = LOW voltage level


Fig. 5 Schematic diagram (one switch).

## RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V )

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT | CONDITIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | DC supply voltage | -0.5 | +11.0 | V |  |
| $\pm{ }_{\text {IK }}$ | DC digital input diode current |  | 20 | mA | for $\mathrm{V}_{1}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{1}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {SK }}$ | DC switch diode current |  | 20 | mA | for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}<-0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}>\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {S }}$ | DC switch current |  | 25 | mA | for $-0.5 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \pm_{\mathrm{GND}}$ | DC V ${ }_{\text {CC }}$ or GND current |  | 50 | mA |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | storage temperature range | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | power dissipation per package plastic DIL |  | 750 | mW | for temperature range: -40 to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ 74HC/HCT <br> above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : derate linearly with $12 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ |
|  | plastic mini-pack (SO) |  | 500 | mW | above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : derate linearly with $8 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {S }}$ | power dissipation per switch |  | 100 | mW |  |

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | 74HC |  |  | 74HCT |  |  | UNIT | CONDITIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | typ. | max. |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | DC supply voltage | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | DC input voltage range | GND |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | GND |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}$ | V |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {S }}$ | DC switch voltage range | GND |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}$ | GND |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}$ | V |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | operating ambient temperature range | -40 |  | +85 | -40 |  | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | see DC and AC |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | operating ambient temperature range | -40 |  | +125 | -40 |  | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | CHARACTERISTICS |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | input rise and fall times |  | 6.0 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1000 \\ & 500 \\ & 400 \\ & 250 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 6.0 | 500 | ns | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=6.0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=10.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |

## DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC/HCT

For 74HC: $\quad \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.0,4.5,6.0$ and 9.0 V
For 74HCT: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | Tamb ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HC/HCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}$ <br> (V) | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{S}} \\ (\mu \mathbf{A}) \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | ON resistance (peak) |  | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 160 \\ & 120 \\ & 85 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 320 \\ & 240 \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 400 \\ & 300 \\ & 213 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \\ & 360 \\ & 255 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \end{array}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | ON resistance (rail) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 160 \\ 80 \\ 70 \\ 60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} - \\ 160 \\ 140 \\ 120 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 200 \\ & 175 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} - \\ 240 \\ 210 \\ 180 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 100 \\ & 1000 \\ & 1000 \\ & 1000 \end{aligned}$ | GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {ON }}$ | ON resistance (rail) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 170 \\ 90 \\ 80 \\ 65 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} - \\ 180 \\ 160 \\ 135 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 225 \\ & 200 \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 270 \\ & 240 \\ & 205 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \\ 1000 \end{array}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or <br> $V_{\text {IL }}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ | maximum $\triangle \mathrm{ON}$ resistance between any two channels |  | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & 16 \\ & 12 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\Omega$ $\Omega$ $\Omega$ $\Omega$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ |  | $V_{C C}$ to GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ |

## Notes to the DC Characteristics

1. At supply voltages approaching 2.0 V the analog switch ON -resistance becomes extremely non-linear. Therefore it is recommended that these devices be used to transmit digital signals only, when using these supply voltages.
2. For test circuit measuring $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ see Fig.6.



Fig. 8 Test circuit for measuring ON-state current.


Fig. 9 Typical $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ as a function of input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ for $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=0$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.

## Quad bilateral switches

## DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ )

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l} \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cc}} \\ (\mathrm{~V}) \end{array}\right. \end{array}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | OTHER |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH level input voltage | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.5 \\ 3.15 \\ 4.2 \\ 6.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.2 \\ & 2.4 \\ & 3.2 \\ & 4.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.5 \\ 3.15 \\ 4.2 \\ 6.3 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.5 \\ & 3.15 \\ & 4.2 \\ & 6.3 \end{aligned}$ |  | V | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.0 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 6.0 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| VIL | LOW level input voltage |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.8 \\ & 2.1 \\ & 2.8 \\ & 4.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.50 \\ 1.35 \\ 1.80 \\ 2.70 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.50 \\ & 1.35 \\ & 1.80 \\ & 2.70 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.50 \\ 1.35 \\ 1.80 \\ 2.70 \end{array}$ | V | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.0 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 6.0 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\pm 1$ | input leakage current |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.1 \\ & 0.2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.0 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline 6.0 \\ 10.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { GND } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $\pm{ }^{\text {s }}$ | analog switch OFF-state current per channel |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 10.0 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}\right\|= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \\ & \text { (see Fig.7) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\pm{ }^{\text {s }}$ | analog switch ON-state current |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 10.0 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \\ & \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}\right\|= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \\ & \text { (see Fig.8) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Icc | quiescent supply current |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \\ & 4.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20.0 \\ & 40.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 40.0 \\ 80.0 \end{array}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6.0 \\ & 10.0 \end{aligned}$ | $V_{C C}$ or GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or }$ <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}=$ <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |

## AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC

$\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | Tamb $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $V_{c c}$ <br> (V) | OTHER |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ | propagation delay $V_{\text {is }}$ to $V_{\text {os }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 17 \\ & 6 \\ & 5 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 60 \\ & 12 \\ & 10 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 75 \\ & 15 \\ & 13 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 90 \\ & 18 \\ & 15 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | ns | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.0 \\ & 4.5 \\ & 6.0 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=\infty ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Fig.16) |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}$ | turn "ON" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{os}}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 52 \\ & 19 \\ & 15 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 190 \\ 38 \\ 32 \\ 28 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 240 \\ 48 \\ 41 \\ 35 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 235 \\ 57 \\ 48 \\ 42 \end{array}$ | ns | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Figs 17 and 18) |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHZ}} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}$ | turn "OFF" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ |  | 47 17 14 13 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 145 \\ 29 \\ 25 \\ 22 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 180 \\ 36 \\ 31 \\ 28 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 220 \\ 44 \\ 38 \\ 33 \end{array}$ | ns | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 6.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$ | $R_{L}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figs 17 and 18) |

## DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V )

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $V_{C c}$ <br> (V) | $V_{1}$ | OTHER |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | HIGH level input voltage | 2.0 | 1.6 |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  | V | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4.5 \\ \text { to } \\ 5.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | LOW level input voltage |  | 1.2 | 0.8 |  | 0.8 |  | 0.8 | V | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 4.5 \\ \text { to } \\ 5.5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| $\pm 1$ | input leakage current |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 5.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |  |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {S }}$ | analog switch OFF-state current per channel |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 5.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}\right\|= \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \\ \text { (see Fig.7) } \end{array}$ |
| $\pm \mathrm{l}_{\text {S }}$ | analog switch ON-state current |  |  | 0.1 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 5.5 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ <br> or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left\|\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}\right\|= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-\mathrm{GND} \\ & \text { (see Fig.8) } \end{aligned}$ |
| ICC | quiescent supply current |  |  | 2.0 |  | 20.0 |  | 40.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4.5 \\ & \text { to } \\ & 5.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ <br> or GND | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}=\text { GND or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{os}}= \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { or } G N D \end{aligned}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | additional quiescent supply current per input pin for unit load coefficient is 1 (note 1) |  | 100 | 360 |  | 450 |  | 490 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4.5 \\ \text { to } \\ 5.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \\ & -2.1 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND |

## Note

1. The value of additional quiescent supply current ( $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ ) for a unit load of 1 is given here.

To determine $\Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

| INPUT | UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | 1.00 |

## AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT

$\mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns} ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | Tamb ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\text {C }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  | UNIT | TEST CONDITIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74HCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $V_{c c}$ <br> (V) | OTHER |
|  |  | +25 |  |  | -40 to +85 |  | -40 to +125 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | min. | typ. | max. | min. | max. | min. | max. |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ | propagation delay $V_{\text {is }} \text { to } V_{\text {os }}$ |  | 6 | 12 |  | 15 |  | 18 | ns | 4.5 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=\infty ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Fig.16) |
| $t_{\text {PZH }}$ | turn "ON" time $E_{n}$ to $V_{\text {os }}$ |  | 19 | 35 |  | 44 |  | 53 | ns | 4.5 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Figs 17 and 18) |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}$ | turn "ON" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ |  | 20 | 35 |  | 44 |  | 53 | ns | 4.5 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figs 17 and 18) |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}$ | turn "OFF" time $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ |  | 23 | 35 |  | 44 |  | 53 | ns | 4.5 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (see Figs 17 and 18) |

## ADDITIONAL AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC/HCT

## Recommended conditions and typical values

GND $=0 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | typ. | UNIT | $V_{C C}$ <br> (V) | $V_{i s(p-p)}$ <br> (V) | CONDITIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | sine-wave distortion $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.80 \\ & 0.40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \% \\ & \% \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (see Fig.14) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | sine-wave distortion $f=10 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2.40 \\ & 1.20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \% \\ & \% \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \text { (see Fig.14) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | switch "OFF" signal feed-through | $\begin{aligned} & -50 \\ & -50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | note 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ; \\ & \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (see Figs } 10 \text { and } 15 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | crosstalk between any two switches | $\begin{aligned} & \hline-60 \\ & -60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | note 3 | $\begin{aligned} & R_{L}=600 \Omega ; C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF} ; \\ & \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (see Fig.12) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $V_{(p-p)}$ | $\qquad$ <br> crosstak voltage between enable or address input to any switch (peak-to-peak value) | $\begin{aligned} & 110 \\ & 220 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{mV} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF} ;$ <br> $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{n}}\right.$, square wave between $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and GND, $t_{r}=t_{f}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$ ) (see Fig.13) |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {max }}$ | minimum frequency response $(-3 \mathrm{~dB})$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 150 \\ 160 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.5 \\ & 9.0 \end{aligned}$ | note 4 | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega ; \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{pF}$ <br> (see Figs 11 and 14) |
| $\mathrm{C}_{S}$ | maximum switch capacitance | 5 | pF |  |  |  |

## Notes

1. $V_{i s}$ is the input voltage at a $Y_{n}$ or $Z_{n}$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.
2. $V_{o s}$ is the output voltage at a $Y_{n}$ or $Z_{n}$ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.
3. Adjust input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ to 0 dBm level $(0 \mathrm{dBm}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ into $600 \Omega)$.
4. Adjust input voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}$ to 0 dBm level at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}$ for $1 \mathrm{MHz}(0 \mathrm{dBm}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ into $50 \Omega)$.

Test conditions:
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}$;
$R_{L}=50 \Omega ; R_{\text {source }}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.


Fig. 10 Typical switch "OFF" signal feed-through as a function of frequency.

Test conditions:
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{GND}=0 \mathrm{~V}$;
$R_{L}=50 \Omega ; R_{\text {source }}=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.


Fig. 11 Typical frequency response.

(a)

(b)

1222447

Fig. 12 Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between any two switches.
(a) channel ON condition; (b) channel OFF condition.

The crosstalk is defined as follows (oscilloscope output):


Fig. 13 Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between control and any switch.


Fig. 14 Test circuit for measuring sine-wave distortion and minimum frequency response.


Fig. 15 Test circuit for measuring switch "OFF" signal feed-through.

Quad bilateral switches

## AC WAVEFORMS

(1) $\mathrm{HC}: \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{M}}=50 \%$; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. $\mathrm{HCT}: \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{M}}=1.3 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to 3 V .


Fig. 16 Waveforms showing the input $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {is }}\right)$ to output $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {os }}\right)$ propagation delays.


Quad bilateral switches

## TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS

## Conditions

| TEST | SWITCH | $\mathbf{V}_{\text {is }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $t_{\text {PZH }}$ | $G N D$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PZL}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND |
| $t_{\text {PHZ }}$ | GND | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| $t_{\text {PLZ }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | GND |
| others | open | pulse |


$C_{L}=$ load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see AC CHARACTERISTICS for values).
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=$ termination resistance should be equal to the output
impedance $Z_{O}$ of the pulse generator.
$t_{r}=t_{f}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$; when measuring $f_{\text {max }}$, there is no constraint $t_{r}, t_{f}$ with $50 \%$ duty factor.

| FAMILY | AMPLITUDE | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{r}} ; \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{f}}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | $\mathbf{f}_{\text {max }} ;$ <br> PULSE WIDTH | OTHER |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $50 \%$ | $<2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 6 ns |
| 74 HCT | 3.0 V | 1.3 V | $<2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 6 ns |

Fig. 18 Test circuit for measuring AC performance.
$C_{L}=$ load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see AC CHARACTERISTICS for values).
$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=$ termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance $Z_{0}$ of the pulse generator.
$t_{r}=t_{f}=6 \mathrm{~ns}$; when measuring $f_{\text {max }}$, there is no constraint $t_{r}, t_{f}$ with $50 \%$ duty factor.

| FAMILY | AMPLITUDE | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{r}} ; \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{f}}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | $\mathbf{f}_{\text {max }} ;$ <br> PULSE WIDTH | OTHER |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $50 \%$ | $<2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 6 ns |
| 74 HCT | 3.0 V | 1.3 V | $<2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 6 ns |

Fig. 19 Input pulse definitions.

## PACKAGE OUTLINES

See "74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines".

