

0.5A and 1.5A Low Dropout Positive Adjustable Regulators

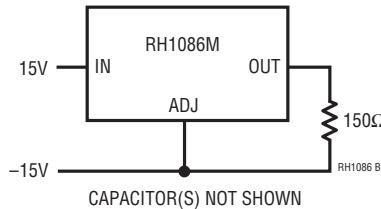
DESCRIPTION

The RH1086M positive adjustable regulator is designed to provide 0.5A for the H package and 1.5A for the K package with higher efficiency than currently available devices. All internal circuitry is designed to operate down to 1V input-output differential and the dropout voltage is fully specified as a function of load current. Dropout is guaranteed at a maximum of 1.5V at maximum output current, decreasing at lower load currents. On-chip trimming adjusts the output voltage to 1%. Current limit is also trimmed, minimizing the stress on both the regulator and power source circuitry under overload conditions.

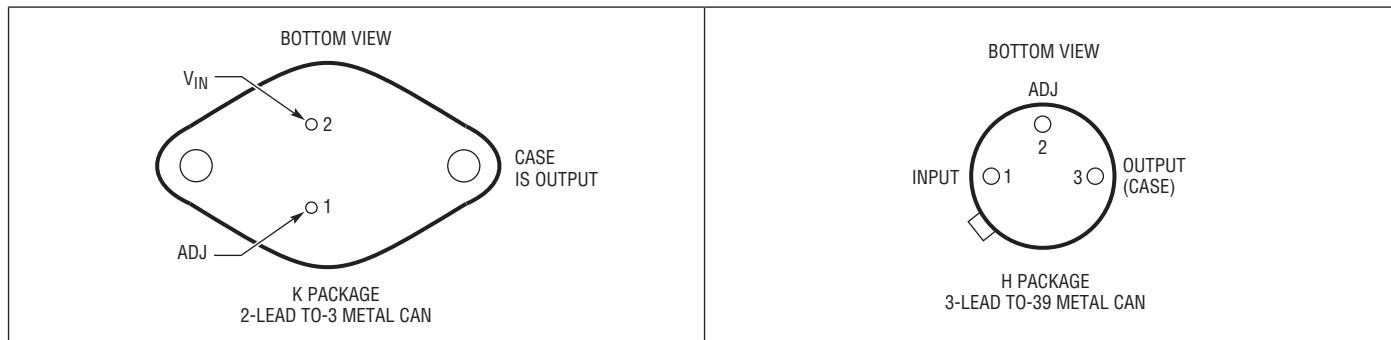
The RH1086M is pin compatible with older 3-terminal regulators. A 10 μ F output capacitor is required on this new device. However, this is usually included in most regulator designs.

The wafer lots are processed to Linear Technology Corporation's in-house Class S flow-to-yield circuits usable in stringent military applications.

BURN-IN CIRCUIT



PACKAGE INFORMATION



FINAL SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

Note: For ordering information contact LTC.

rh1086mfc

TABLE 1: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Preirradiation)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	NOTES	TA = 25°C			SUB-GROUP	-55°C ≤ TA ≤ 125°C			SUB-GROUP	UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX		MIN	TYP	MAX		
Reference Voltage	I _{OUT} = 10mA, (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 3V (K)		1.238	1.262	1						V
	10mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ I _{FULL LOAD} , 1.5V ≤ (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) ≤ 25V	6	1.225	1.270		1.225	1.270		2,3		V
Line Regulation	I _{LOAD} = 10mA, 1.5V ≤ (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) ≤ 15V	2, 3		0.2	1		0.2	2,3	%		
Load Regulation	(V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 3V, 10mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ I _{FULL LOAD}	2, 3, 6		0.3	1		0.4	2,3	%		
Dropout Voltage	ΔV _{REF} = 1%, I _{OUT} = 1.5A (K)	4		1.5	1		1.5	2,3	V		
	ΔV _{REF} = 1%, I _{OUT} = 0.5A (H)	4		1.25	1		1.25	2,3	V		
Current Limit	(V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 5V (K)		1.5		1	1.5		2,3	A		
	(V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 5V (H)		0.5		1	0.5		2,3	A		
	(V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 25V (K)		0.05		1	0.05		2,3	A		
	(V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 25V (H)		0.020		1	0.020		2,3	A		
Minimum Load Current	(V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 25V			10	1		10	2,3	mA		
Thermal Regulation	T _A = 25°C, 30ms Pulse			0.04	4				%/W		
Ripple Rejection	f = 120Hz, C _{ADJ} = 25μF, C _{OUT} = 25μF Tantalum, I _{OUT} = I _{FULL LOAD} , (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 3V	6	60		4	60		5,6	dB		
Adjust Pin Current	T _J = 25°C		55	120	1		120	2,3	μA		
Adjust Pin Current Change	10mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ I _{FULL LOAD} , 1.5V ≤ (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) ≤ 15V	6		5	1		5	2,3	μA		
Temperature Stability			0.5			0.5			%		
Long Term Stability	T _A = 125°C, 1000 Hours	5	0.3						%		
RMS Output Noise (% of V _{OUT})	10Hz ≤ f ≤ 10kHz		0.003						%		
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case	Control Circuitry (K)	5	1.7						°C/W		
	Control Circuitry (H)	5	15.0						°C/W		
	Power Transistor (K)	5	4.0						°C/W		
	Power Transistor (H)	5	20.0						°C/W		

TABLE 1A: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Postirradiation) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	10KRAD (Si) MIN	10KRAD (Si) MAX	20KRAD (Si) MIN	20KRAD (Si) MAX	50KRAD (Si) MIN	50KRAD (Si) MAX	100KRAD (Si) MIN	100KRAD (Si) MAX	200KRAD (Si) MIN	200KRAD (Si) MAX	UNITS
Reference Voltage (Note 6)	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ ($V_{IN} - V_{OUT} = 3\text{V}$ (K))	1.234	1.262	1.230	1.262	1.225	1.262	1.220	1.262	1.205	1.262	V
	$10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{FULL\ LOAD}$ $1.5\text{V} \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 15\text{V}$	1.220	1.275	1.219	1.275	1.215	1.275	1.210	1.275	1.20	1.275	V
Line Regulation (Notes 2, 3)	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ $1.5\text{V} \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 15\text{V}$		0.2		0.21		0.23		0.25		0.3	%
Load Regulation (Notes 2, 3, 6)	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 3\text{V}$ $10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{FULL\ LOAD}$		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	%
Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	$\Delta V_{REF} = 1\%$, $I_{OUT} = 1.5\text{A}$ (K) $\Delta V_{REF} = 1\%$, $I_{OUT} = 0.5\text{A}$ (H)	1.5		1.51		1.52		1.55		1.575		V
Current Limit	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 5\text{V}$ (K)	1.5		1.5		1.5		1.5		1.5		A
	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 25\text{V}$ (K)	0.05		0.049		0.048		0.047		0.045		A
	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 5\text{V}$ (H)	0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5		A
	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 25\text{V}$ (H)	0.020		0.019		0.019		0.018		0.017		A
Minimum Load Current	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 25\text{V}$	10		10		10		10		10		mA
Adjust Pin Current		120		120		120		120		120		μA
Adjust Pin Current Change (Note 6)	$10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq I_{FULL\ LOAD}$ $1.5\text{V} \leq (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \leq 15\text{V}$	5		5		5		5		5		μA

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: See thermal regulation specifications for changes in output voltage due to heating effects. Line and load regulation are measured at a constant junction temperature by low duty cycle pulse testing.

Note 3: Line and load regulation are guaranteed up to the maximum power dissipation of 15W for RH1086MK and 3W for the RH1086MH. Power dissipation is determined by the input/output differential voltage and the output current. Guaranteed maximum power dissipation will not be available over the full input/output voltage range.

Note 4: Dropout voltage is specified over the full output current range of the device. Test points and limits are shown on the Dropout Voltage curve in the LT®1086 data sheet.

Note 5: Guaranteed by design, characterization, or correlation to other tested parameters.

Note 6: $I_{FULL\ LOAD}$ is defined in the Current Limit curves in the standard data sheet. For compliance with 883 revision C current density specifications, the RH1086MK is derated to 1A.

TABLE 2: ELECTRICAL TEST REQUIREMENTS

MIL-STD-883 TEST REQUIREMENTS	SUBGROUP
Final Electrical Test Requirements (Method 5004)	1*,2,3,4,5,6
Group A Test Requirements (Method 5005)	1,2,3,4,5,6
Group C and D End Point Electrical Parameters (Method 5005)	1

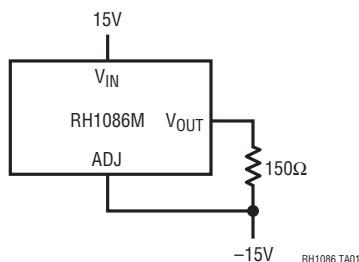
*PDA applies to subgroup 1. See PDA Test Notes.

PDA Test Notes

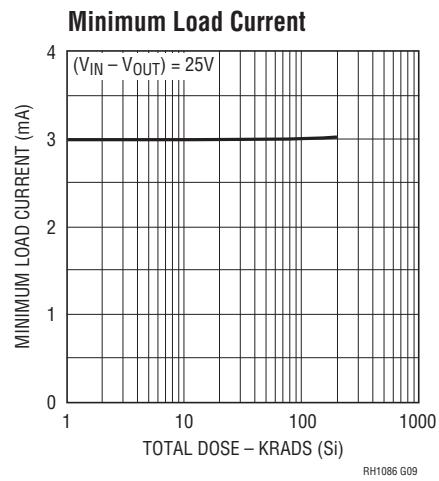
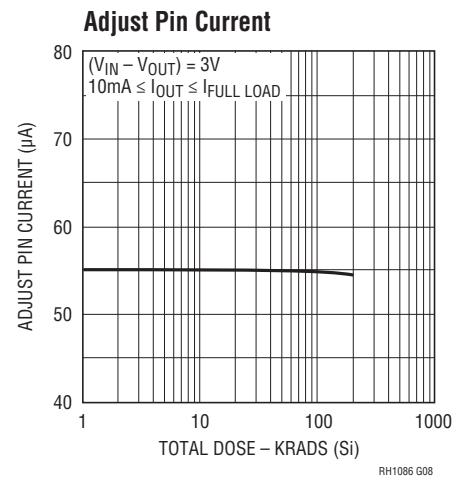
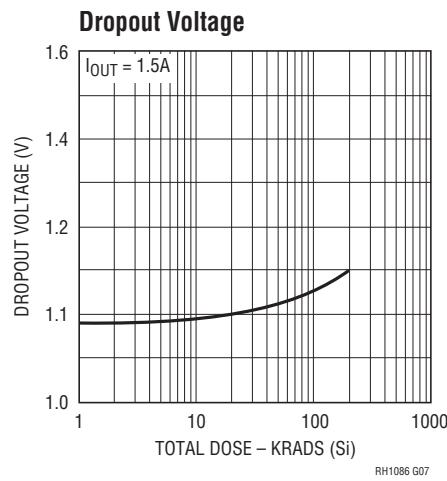
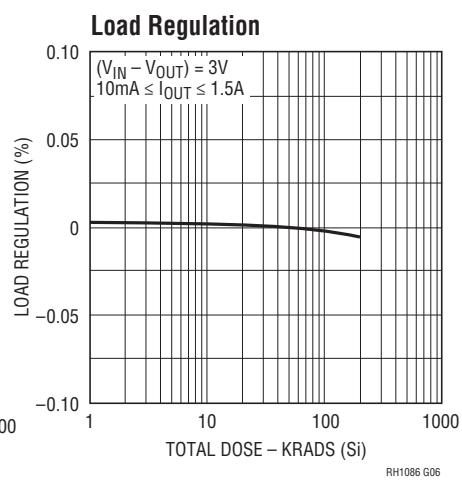
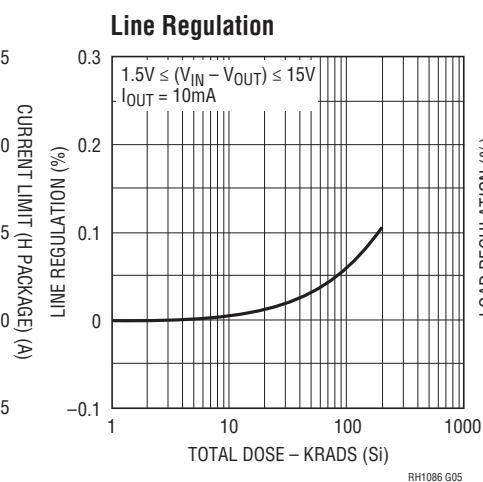
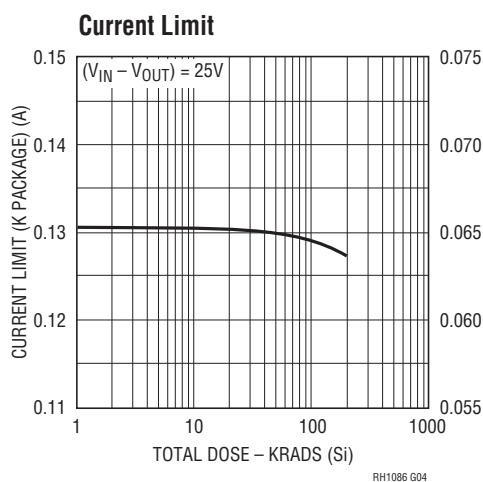
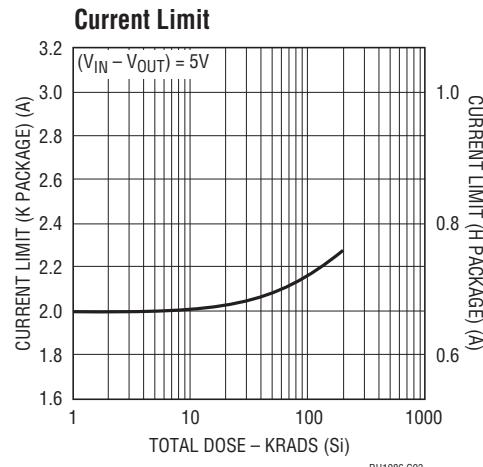
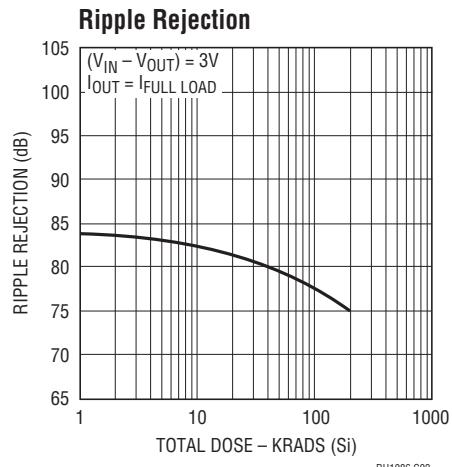
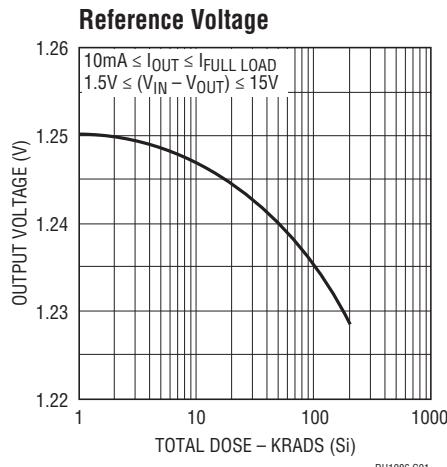
The PDA is specified as 5% based on failures from group A, subgroup 1, tests after cooldown as the final electrical test in accordance with method 5004 of MIL-STD-883 Class B. The verified failures of group A, subgroup 1, after burn-in divided by the total number of devices submitted for burn-in in that lot shall be used to determine the percent for the lot.

Linear Technology Corporation reserves the right to test to tighter limits than those given.

TOTAL DOSE BIAS CIRCUIT



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



REVISION HISTORY

(Revision history begins at Rev B)

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NUMBER
B	10/10	Updated Reference Voltage vs Postirradiation Limits in Table 1A: Electrical Characteristics	3
C	4/11	Updated Dropout Voltage in Table 1 and Table 1A	2, 3